

THE MAN WHO COMES TO LOOK

receives the same glad welcome here as the man who comes to buy, our primary object, at this time, being to acquaint the men of Stirling and vicinity with the advantages in quality, service and price to be exclusively obtained at this store.

We don't expect to sell you goods before you know us, our goods and our business methods, so we invite you to call, "snoop around" a bit, and get acquainted.

FRED. T. WARD
The Style Store for Men

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

SPRING FASHIONS

The latest Spring Fashions are in prominence in every department throughout our entire store. If you want the latest at the lowest price, do not be disappointed but have a look at our showings as early as possible and get best choice. We wish to draw your attention to the following. Study these carefully and note your saving:

Dress Goods

Our stock of carefully selected values in the newest shades, designs and best quality is now complete, comprising the newest dress fabrics in Drape de Paris, Basket-weaves, Tricelines, Serges, etc. Prices 50c. yd. to \$1.50 yd.

Voiles

Voiles—a very popular line this season. Don't fail to see our showing in Plain, Fancy and Stripes in the following shades: Black, Navy, light Blue, Lavender, etc. Prices 50c. to \$1.25 yd.

Silks

Silks are also in the front-ranks of fashion. We have the latest in Paillette, Messaline, Taffeta, Foulard, Jacquard, Shantung and Novelty Silks, 50c. to \$1.50 yd.

Full width Paillette Silk, superior quality, every yard guaranteed, in a good range of shades, only \$1.25 yd.
Single width Paillette Silk, having the appearance and wearing qualities of the better grade lines, only 50c. yd.

Ladies' Blouses

Tailored Blouses are the leading features of the day. A few minutes spent inspecting our line will convince you of their extra value.
SPECIAL—All pure Linen Blouse, embroidered front, with cuffs and separate collar, all sizes, only \$1.25
A complete range of fancy spring Waists \$1.00 to \$3.50.
Our fancy Embroidered Waist at \$1.00 has no equal.

Millinery

Much larger and better than ever are our showings in this department, consisting of the most advanced styles and best workmanship. We import our Millinery direct.

SPECIALS—4 in. extra quality Taffeta Ribbon in staple and fancy shades, only 15c. yd.
HOSE—This week we will put on display the latest in Ladies' Fancy Embroidered, Lace, Polka-dot, Silk, Lisle and Colored Hose, to clear at 25c. and 35c. Regular 40c. and 50c.
ART SATEEN—Regular 20c. and 25c. lines, only 15c. yd.
LADIES' PARASOLS—All silk cover, best frame, assorted bone handles, regular \$1.75, sale price \$1.25.
GENTS' UMBRELLAS—Regular \$1.00, sale price 75c.
LAWN—Good quality, 40 in. wide, only 10c. yd.
BLACK SATEEN UNDERSKIRTS—Only a few left. While they last only 35c. each.
Seedless Muscatel Raisins, 3 lbs. for 25c.

Highest Price for produce. Phone 43 Goods promptly delivered.

Clubbing List.

The News-Argus will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe.....\$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire, 1.80
The Family Herald & Weekly Star.....1.80
The Weekly Witness.....1.80
The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.50
Farm and Dairy.....1.75
The Farmers Advocate.....2.80
The Home Journal, Toronto.....1.60
Youth's Companion, Boston.....2.75

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE

The subscriber offers for sale that most desirable frame residence on Wright St. in the Village of Stirling, and a few minutes walk from the centre of the village. The house is in good repair, and fitted with modern conveniences, with good furnace for heating. There is a good lawn in front and a number of fruit trees on the lot.
There is also in connection a good blacksmith shop on Front Street. As the owner is going away the premises will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply on the premises to
MRS. JOHN A. JOYCE.

Settlers With Capital

A Grand Trunk special with 175 people from Wales, en route to Alberta passed through Toronto last week. The party have \$400,000 to invest. A party of 27 or 28 Scotch and North of England farmers, each with \$1,000 to \$5,000 and over to invest in Ontario land, will arrive this week.

Five hundred other immigrants arrived in Toronto last week and intend to remain in Ontario as farm laborers.

Accident at Crookston

A correspondent of the Belleville Ontario says: "What proved to be a very painful accident happened on the evening of March 24th. Mr. Milford Stevenson, of Crookston, was coming down a grade from Mr. Wm. Burrell's place, on the one side of which is a very steep embankment. As the railway was somewhat icy and sliding, Mr. Stevenson got out of his rig, but in doing so slipped and having hold of the lines pulled the horse, and in the mix-up he, horse and all were precipitated over the embankment. Mr. Stevenson got under the horse's feet and with the animal's two hind feet planted upon his groin he slid down the embankment for about thirty feet, when they struck a stump which capsize the horse and rig completely, landing them at the foot some 50 feet farther down, and pinning the unfortunate man against the stump. How he escaped being killed is a marvel. As it is he is in bed, the horse laid up and the rig completely smashed."

Fined for Liquor Selling

The Campbellford Herald says: "Notwithstanding all the fines, that have been imposed for selling liquor in Campbellford, there are a few who continue to tamper with the law, and will ultimately bring themselves into disrepute."

"The latest addition to the list of prosecutions is that of the Dingman Bros., proprietors of the "Gibson" House, who have lately contributed to the corporation treasury through a fine imposed upon them for selling liquor contrary to law."

"Information was laid against the Dingman Bros. last week, and they admitted their guilt and paid a fine for the first offence of \$100 and costs, thereby saving themselves the unpleasant duty of having to appear with witnesses in the Police Court for trial."

"Besides meting out punishment to the man who sells liquor, the buyer should be called upon to pay a penalty for asking for and receiving that which he knows is prohibited by law, and in some instances this has been done. Last month at Orangeville, Hugh Hart was fined \$25 and cost for purchasing intoxicating liquors from a person not licensed to sell the same."

The previous week Mr. Chas. Pettifer was summoned before Police Magistrate G. A. Payne, on a charge of selling liquor, and was fined \$200, and costs, to be paid forthwith, or go to jail for three months.

Lash for Wife Beaters

Any man who has the habit of beating his better half will, after this, get a taste of his own medicine if he happens to be hailed before Judge Langleigh, of Montreal, in the Court of Sessions. For the first time in many years a sentence, with the additional sting of the cat o' nine tails added to it, was pronounced by His Lordship the other day. He also was good enough to warn all wife beaters that if any of them ever appeared before him they would catch the same punishment. It is a peculiar fact, but none the less true, that almost every man criminally inclined fears the lash more than anything. Governor Vallejo, of the Montreal jail, is of the opinion that a large percentage of his boarders would be much more Christianly inclined were the cat o' nine tails a little more freely applied.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets assist nature in driving all impurities out of the system, insuring a free and regular condition and giving the organs of the body to health and strength. Sold by all dealers.

Ingenuous Invention

Mr. G. W. Latta of Corbyville, has secured a patent for a machine which will rake hay and put it in cocks at one operation. The machine can be driven over the hay just as it is left in the swath by the mower. The hay is elevated to an oval shaped basket that continually rotates while the hay is filling and forming the haycock, the weight being about 150 lbs. of hay. The hay is delivered on the ground in such a shape that it will shed both dew and rain. It is said that the machine will do as much work as five men raking hay.—Belleville Ontario.

False Hair Carries Germs

Stories which have been circulated at different times of terrible diseases caught from the wearing of false hair are being brought pretty close to home at the present moment. Dr. J. F. Laberge, of the Quebec Provincial Board of Health, is about to issue a statement to the effect that there is danger that the plague which is causing such frightful suffering and death in China may be brought into Canada by false hair. The officers of the health department are making inquiries at the local hair stores in order to discover what proportion of the switches sold by local dealers comes from China.

The men who conduct the hair business state that they import the bulk of their goods from Germany, but they add that Chinese hair is also on sale here. It is claimed that most of the corpses taken to the morgues in the plague-stricken districts of China are minus the pigtails, and the reason is that the hair has been taken by agents of the hair companies.

Spring Brook

A Sugar Social to be given by the Ladies Aid on Good Friday is on the tapis. Admission 10c.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Leizert left for their home in Stirling last Tuesday.

Mr. W. E. Green bought two cows in Marmora last week, and while he was crossing the C.P.R. track on his way home both animals were killed by the express train.

Minto

A few of the farmers are engaged in the making of maple syrup.

Enterprise cheese factory re-opened last Monday.

Minto Literary Society met for the last time this year on Tuesday, March 28th. The meetings have been fairly interesting this winter.

Mr. W. Eggleston has gone to Belleville where he has secured a position with the Bell Telephone Co.

Mr. Blake Bedell has returned west again.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Stout attended the funeral of their cousin, Mr. Reynolds, at Frankford last Monday.

We are sorry to learn of the illness of Master Delbert Mumby and hope for a speedy recovery.

The Misses Nicholson were the guests of Mrs. David Tucker last week.

Halloway

Mr. Tom Kelly jr., is now employed on the Grand Trunk.

Mrs. Oliver C. Dafeo is recovering from an attack of peritonitis.

Mr. H. Townsend and wife and Mr. Sam. Kelly and wife attended the funeral of their uncle the late Wm. Roy nolds at Frankford on Monday last.

Mrs. Dean Sloan is visiting at the home of Mr. J. C. Dafeo.

Mr. and Mrs. Russel Bass are renewing old acquaintances after a few years absence in north western Ontario.

The Halloway cheese factory will open for the season on Wednesday, April 12th.

Mr. Sherwood Dafeo has purchased the farm owned by Mr. Arthur Salisbury.

Mr. A. Salisbury having bought Mr. Geo. Simpson's farm, Mr. Simpson intends having a sale on Wednesday, April 12th, after which he purposes moving to Foxboro.

Sunday, April 9th will be Decision Day at Halloway Sunday School and special music will be given on that day and on Easter Sunday.

Mr. James Wilson has purchased the farm owned by Russel Bass and recently moved to take possession.

Every family and especially those who reside in the country should be provided at all times with a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment. There is no telling when it may be wanted in case of an accident or emergency. It is most excellent in all cases of Rheumatism, sprains and bruises. Sold by all dealers.

Sterling Hall's SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS

SPRING JACKETS



Fawns, Grays and Blacks, 32 and 50 in. lengths at.....

.....\$5.00 to \$15. RAINCOATS in Parametta and Cravenettes, colors Black, Fawn, Gray, at.....\$7.00 to \$10.

Black and Navy Vicuna Skirts, special at \$1.98 and \$2.50

BLACK Voile Skirts, silk braid trimming, extra special value at.....\$5.00

BLACK PAN-AMA Skirts, silk braid trimmed, special at.....\$5.00

Misses' White and Colored Mull and Gingham Dresses at.....\$3.00 to \$5.00

Ladies' White and Colored Lawn Dresses at \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00

Special Black Taffeta Silk Waists worth \$4.00, on sale at.....\$3.00

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS A SPECIALTY

A new Silk Dress or Coat for Easter might brighten the situation. Take a look at our offerings:

Black Bengaline Cord Silk for Coats, 20 inches wide, special value at.....\$1.00 yd

20 in. Black and Colored Paillette Silk at.....\$0.50 and 75c. yd.

40 in. Black and Colored Paillette Silk at.....\$1.25 and \$1.50

Natural Shantung Silks at.....50 to 85c. yd.

SHEPHERD CHECKS



EVERY WOMAN knows "Shepherd Checks" will be fashionable this Spring. Paris and New York and the big Canadian Cities endorse them.

You can select from our Stock of

Shepherd Checks

just as well as if you were in a big City.

LADIES' AND GENT'S SHOE SECTIONS

These are replete with the latest productions of "Miss Canada" and "Bell" Shoes for the Ladies, and "Beresford", "Bell" and "Doctor's Special" Shoes for Men. Qualities, values and styles are the best.
FOR THE LADIES—Patent Pumps, Patent Oxfords and Patent Blucher Bats at.....\$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00
FOR GENTLEMEN—See our new Gun Metal Blucher Bats in "Beresford" and "Bells" at.....\$4.50, \$5.00
"Regent", Fine Dongola Blucher Bats \$5.00 style and value for.....\$3.50

MEN'S WEAR SECTION

New arrivals in "Progress" Suits claim attention. Have a look at our special Worsted Suits at.....\$12.50
Also Gray Twill Tupper Overcoats at.....\$10.00, \$12.50
AERO and WATERLITE Black Stiff Hats are the very perfection in style and comfort at.....\$2.25
EASTERN CAPS with new Duck Bill Peaks and Silk linings, leather sweat bands, at.....20c, 70c, \$1.00
The approaching milk drawing season will call for OIL SKIN CLOTHING. We offer Short Coats at \$1.50; long Coats at \$3.00 and \$3.50; Rain Coats at \$3.00 to \$10.00.

SMALLPRICED SMALLWARES

COTTON THREAD—20 yd. spools, best quality, 3 spools for 10c
SIX PAIRS Boot Laces for.....5c
TWO DOZEN Dome Dress Fasteners for.....3c
TWO HAT NETS of good quality for.....5c
HAND BAGS for Girls and Misses, Black, Tan, Green, embossed leather, regular 50c. for.....15c. each
BUTTON MOLDS, all sizes, a dozen for.....25c.
PEN KNIVES, pearl handles, 25c. values for.....15c.
BUTTON SETS, detachable, for vests and blouses, white and smoked pearl, 25c. value for.....10c.
EMBROIDERY SILKS, 3 skins for.....50c.
BERRY BUNCHES TOILET PINS at.....1c. each
SCISSORS, various styles and sizes, special at.....15c. pair
PAPER NAPKINS, Demijohns, 10c. values for.....10c.
VARNISH BRUSHES, 14 in. wide for.....25c.
24 in. wide for.....10c.
TALCUM POWDER, extra large 25c. tin for.....10c.

W. R. MATHER

Bank of Montreal

Established - 1817

CAPITAL, ALL PAID UP.....\$14,400,000.00

REST.....12,000,000.00

UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....961,789.11

A General Banking Business done.

Stirling Branch,
Bank Corner

H. R. BOULTON,
Manager.

CANADIAN PACIFIC HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta

Special Trains leave Toronto 2.00 p.m. on

APRIL 4, 18 MAY 2, 16, 30 JUNE 13, 27

JULY 11, 25 AUG. 8, 22 SEPT. 5, 19

Second class tickets from Ontario stations to principal Northwest points

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES

Winnipeg and return \$33.00; Edmonton and return \$41.00, and to other points in proportion. Tickets good to return within 60 days from going date.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS

on all excursions. Comfortable berths, fully equipped with bedding, can be secured at moderate rates through local agent.

Early application must be made

ASK FOR HOMESEEKERS' PAMPHLET containing rates and full information.

Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent or to R. L. Thompson, Dist. Pass. Agt., Toronto.

ONLY DIRECT LINE NO CHANGE OF CARS

FORTUNE FAVORS THE BRAVE; OR, A LOOK INTO THE PAST

CHAPTER XII.—(Cont'd)

Dorothy stared straight at her father, and her lips trembled. "Kicked that dear, beautiful collier! Oh, daddy, how could he do it?"—her face was crimson with disgust and anger. "What did you do?"

"I confess, my darling, my fist all but met Mr. Crawshaw's head; fortunately, I restrained myself sufficiently to remember that I was his host, but I think I let him see something of my contempt; and I gave Foster orders before him to let the poor creature loose, and take her into the paddock."

"And—and was she really hurt, papa?"

Sir Humphrey's brows met. "Yes, she was," he said, almost shortly; "she ran lame, and moaned at every yard. On my life, Dorothy, I was never so near thrashing a man in the whole course of my career!"

"I wish you had done it!" Dorothy cried, with flashing eyes. "Let Mr. Crawshaw kick his dog, or show off any of his brutal ways before me, and—"

But here Miss Leicester had to compose her feelings and her face, and meet her guests as they came across the lawn.

"I feel as if I shall never be able to touch his hand or welcome him here again. I always distrusted and hated him, now I loathe him—coward and brute!" she said to herself, as she listened to the Hon. Ella's glowing account of the match, and watched Crawshaw saunter, in his peculiarly insolent, offensively pretentious manner, toward them.

"I know if I stay I shall be rude to him, so I had better go before he comes," she mused, and, with a hurried excuse, she went up to Mrs. Fairfax, and strolled with her to the house. "I will wait till Nancy is quite better, and then I will tell her," she said to herself, as she ran hastily upstairs to dress for dinner.

"I know she will hate him even more than I do. Oh, dear! I wish to Heaven it was permissible to speak out one's mind to one's guests! I should not spare Mr. Thomas Crawshaw!"

She tapped at Nancy's door and peeped in, but no one was there.

"Gone down to meet me, no doubt," Dorothy conjectured, with some disappointment. "I wish I had seen her, dear thing! Well, at any rate, she is better, and that is all I care about."

She questioned Baines carefully as to how Nancy had looked, and was very much cheered by her maid's good report.

"Of course she is sure to look pale, that is only natural. Do you know, Baines, I fancy Miss Hamilton must have had a slight attack of sunstroke; she will run about without anything on her head."

"Yes, miss; I think you're right, miss," was Baines' reply; but, while she brushed and arranged the soft, golden curls, the maid was thinking to herself, shrewdly and quietly, "It weren't no sunstroke, more like a heart stroke. There were a look in the poor thing's eyes as she smiled at me just now, that give me quite a turn. I wonder what has happened to her! She's a sweet young creature, as don't deserve any misfortune, that she don't!"

And while Dorothy was chatting on lightly to her maid, Nancy was making her way slowly to the farther end of the garden, that quiet nook that had been her one trusted place down by the lower lake. "I must get strong, I must have courage to meet them all," she said to herself over and over again, "they—they must not see that anything is wrong or—"

She dreaded everything. She had gauged Crawshaw to his uttermost depths; she knew if she broke one letter of her bond that her uncle—that sole surviving link to her dear, dead mother—would be disgraced, dishonored, perchance even killed by the result of his shame. And as if to make assurance still more sure, Crawshaw did not fail to remind her of her vow.

As she was leaving the pleasure, as the flower grounds were called, and about to enter the wider and rougher part, she met one of the grooms, who was evidently bent on finding some person, and yet whose attention was drawn every other moment to a dog who crawled feebly beside him.

As he saw Nancy his face cleared and he touched his hat.

"You want me," she said, stop-

ping and thinking vaguely how faint her own voice sounded in her ears; and then her eyes fell on the collier whose laborious breathing betrayed its sufferings, and whose handsome, pathetic eyes solicited her pity.

In an instant her own misery was forgotten, and she was on her knees beside the animal.

"What has happened? Oh! what has happened to her?" she cried, sharply; her great, tender heart could never bear the sight of a dumb creature's pain.

The groom shifted his foot uneasily. "She's only a bit lame, miss," he answered, hurriedly.

"Lame! She is ill, dying; look at her eyes, they are asking us to help her. See, she cannot stand upright; something has happened to her—what is it? Foster must do her, he is so clever and good with dogs. Oh, poor Zoe! poor Zoe!"

Her little white hand caressed the collier's sleek head, while a pang shot through her heart afresh at every short, hard breath that came from the poor animal. Everything was forgotten at that moment but pity for the dog, who had grown pitiful to know and like her even in the few short times it had been over at the Hall.

"She should not be out here walking," Nancy said, coldly, to the man; she thought him heedless and cruel. "She must go to the stables at once."

"Begging your pardon, miss, Mr. Crawshaw made me bring her out here."

"He—he could not surely know she was in such a state," she murmured, in faint, low accents.

The groom answered her rather gruffly: "He ought to, then, miss, seeing as it's all through him she's like this."

Nancy's blue eyes were turned upwards; for many a day their look of uncontrollable horror lived in the man's memory.

"Through him?" she whispered, faintly.

"Yes, miss; she did something as vexed Mr. Crawshaw, and he kicked her. I don't suppose he meant to hurt her really, for she's a valuable dog; but Foster says she's injured internally, miss, and he fears she'll have to be poisoned."

Nancy bent lower and still lower over the dumb, suffering creature, till her pale lips touched the dog's head; a great bond of sympathy was suddenly riveted between this animal and herself; both were plunged from sunshine to gloom, both their hearts were riven in twain, to both the bitter end had come.

"Poor Zoe, he might have spared you!" was the unspoken cry on Nancy's lips as she rose slowly to her feet—her face was ghastly pale, her hands trembling.

"You—you must do something for her," she pleaded, rather than said, to the groom, "she cannot suffer like this."

"I'll fetch Foster to her, miss, and we'll carry her between us to the stable. Perhaps she'll be better to-morrow, miss."

To-morrow! Nancy shuddered. What depths of horror were expressed in that word! With bent head she was turning away, when the man stopped her.

"I beg your pardon, miss, but Mr. Crawshaw told me I was to look for you and give you this."

He held out a note as he spoke, and Nancy took it mechanically.

"Go—go, and bring Foster quickly," she said, as a moan from the dog broke on her ear. "I—I will wait here till you return."

The groom obeyed her quickly, and she was left alone with the suffering animal stretched at her feet, fit emblem of her own shattered, ruined life.

With stiff, cold fingers, that seemed to belong to an arctic clime, not a hot summer night, she opened the letter, written in the flourishing, clerical hand that she knew well.

"In case any lingering doubt remains in your mind, I send this to tell you that if you breathe one word of the truth about your uncle to any individual here or hereafter, I will at once commence proceedings against him. Understand me plainly, not one word of the news I brought you, or of the motive which has prompted you to be my wife; do this, and you know the consequences—your uncle will be convicted and imprisoned, first on a charge of forgery, then on robbery. He is not strong nor young, and so, if you care to have the onus of his death—for he is sure to die—upon your conscience, you—"

She could read no further. With a gesture of intolerable pain, she crumpled the paper in her hand, then tore it into a hundred shreds,

AN INTERESTING REPORT.

Published elsewhere in this issue is the Annual Report for the past year of the Board of Directors of the Canada Cement Company, as read by the President, to the Shareholders, at the Annual Meeting held in Montreal on the 21st of February.

The frank statement of the policy and the general attitude of fairness evidenced by this address, are such as to warrant more than passing comment. Any lay member of the community reading the Report must surely feel disposed to echo the hope expressed by the President, that the increased demand and increased output in the year to come will result in further savings in the cost of manufacture; and if further cannot be felt by the public at large that any such reductions that may be obtained will, according to the broad-minded policy of the Company, be used as an advantage to the customers of the Company—the concern depending for their profits upon increasing volume of business.

Especially interesting is the statement that the policy of the Company is such as to tend towards equalization of the price of cement throughout Canada so far as possible.

Another noteworthy feature of the Report is the provision made for employees to become possessors of stock. This is, as pointed out, a policy already in force in some of the largest institutions, and shows that the Canada Cement Company are quick to appreciate any means of stimulating interest and confidence upon the part of the staff.

The strong financial position of the company is a well known fact, and all that is necessary to ensure the continued success of the concern is continued prosperity of the country, together with an increased realization of the importance and economy of cement as a building material.

and cast it to the soft summer breeze, to be carried away to the uttermost corners of the earth.

"Oh, Zoe, Zoe," she moaned, crouching down by the dog, "what have we done that we should be tortured like this? I may have committed some wrong, but you—"

The poor creature tried feebly to lick her gentle hand, and at the touch a flood of hot tears broke from her eyes, while a shiver of dread and repugnance passed through her frame; as if a shadow of the future that crept near to make her misery greater? Was it a grim prognostication of what was to come? She did not know; but she was faint and ill when the two men came back through the trees.

"Carry her carefully, Foster," she said to the old head groom, who had lived at the Hall for nearly half a century; "and, Foster, do not let Miss Dorothy know if you can help it; she—she will be so grieved. Poor Zoe! Good-bye—good-bye."

She bent and kissed the dog again, and then she turned and walked steadily away down to that dear, well-remembered spot at the lake's edge.

"Oh, love—oh, life!" she cried, to herself, as she stood alone beneath the low-hanging branches of the trees. "You will never know what I am enduring—you will never know. Pray God you may never be given such agony as has fallen on me!"

The episode of the wounded dog had unnerved her—her strength and courage were fleeting fast. In a few short moments he would be returned—he would rush to seek her—he would call her name. Nancy covered her pale lips with her hands to still the bitter cry that escaped from them.

Yes, he would come—love's knowledge is almost infinite; he would trace her here, and then—Then what? How would she greet him? What words could she use? What manner could she bear? An icy hand stole round her heart. What explanation could she give? How could she tell him the horrible truth?

Her breath seemed to stand still; not till now did the full hideousness of her position come upon her. She was bound by affection, gratitude, honor, to seal her lips, and yet—She stared suddenly; upon the breeze came the sound of her name, uttered in a soft, musical voice.

It was Dorothy's—she was seeking for her.

"Nancy—Nancy, where are you—where are you?" She paused an instant, then pain gave her strength.

"I cannot meet her yet," she said to herself, and she stole down to the water's brink and crouched below the bushes.

"Nancy—Nancy!" The voice came nearer—then nearer.

How Nancy longed to spring forward and cling to that dainty form, kiss that lovely face, and nestle close to the loving heart!

"She is not here! Oh, dear," murmured Dorothy, dispiritedly; "it's no use, Merefield, she must have gone back to the house by some other path. I do hope she is not ill again."

"Shall I look farther this way?" asked Lord Merefield, eagerly.

Dorothy shook her head.

"No; no; dinner has been kept waiting as it is. I must hurry back. She is not far; but I do wish I could see her. I shall certainly send for Dr. Knowles if she is not better to-morrow. I feel uneasy about her."

"Oh, don't worry dear. You know—"

The voices died away, and Nancy was safe to emerge from her hiding place when she cared.

Stunned, amazed, overcome with horror as she had been ever since her interview with Crawshaw, she had not realized one half the difficulties, the mental sufferings that lay in store for her.

"What will they think of me?" was the bitter cry that broke from her heart, as she stood with bent head and arms hanging nerveless at her sides. "What will Dorothy say? How—how shall I explain to her my strange conduct? She has seen that I loathe this man; she will think I am tempted by his money, that I am a hypocrite; and—Derry—Derry, who is my very life!—Derry, who has given me the whole of his great, noble heart; Derry who spoke of his poverty, and, oh God! I can't bear it—I can't endure it—it will drive me mad!"

She crouched on the ground in her abject despair, while the leaves fluttered in the evening breeze, and the lake murmured serenely at her feet. Stretch her hand out where

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, hoarseness, the throat and lungs. 25 cents.



Cures

Booklet "Distemper, Cancers, Cure and Prevention" FREE. All drug stores, hardware stores, etc. and 10¢ a bottle. 5¢ and 10¢ a dozen. Distributors—ALL WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Indiana, U. S. A.

MAPLEINE

A flavoring used the same as lemon or vanilla. By dissolving granulated sugar in water and adding Mapleine, a delicious syrup is made and a syrup better than maple. Mapleine is sold by grocery stores. It is not sent for less than 25¢ a bottle and recipe book. Crescent Mfg. Co., Seattle, Wash.

she might, there was no help for her, no haven, no refuge—the sacrifice had fallen to her share, and she must go through with it alone to the end!

(To be continued.)

CARE OF THE LAMBS.

At eight to ten days of age lambs will begin to eat. At that time a creep should be built which will give them access to a feed box containing grain and a trough with hay. Box, trough and feed should always be kept sweet and clean.

A good grain ration for lambs is made as follows: Mix one-third of oil-meal with one part each of bran, oats and fine cornmeal. Red alfalfa hay or the second cutting of alfalfa hay are the most desirable form of roughage. Of the two alfalfa is to be much preferred.

It is a good idea to keep up the grain feed right along until the lambs are sent to the market. By so doing the lambs are kept fat all the time and are ready to be turned into cash on short notice should the market take a sudden rise.

Here's a Home Dye

That ANYONE Can Use.

HOME DYEING has always been more or less of a difficult undertaking. Not so when you use

DYOLA
ONE FOR ALL KINDS OF STUFF

JUST THINK OF IT! With DYOLA you can color either Wool, Cotton, Silk or Mixed Goods Perfectly with the SAME Dye. No chance of using the WRONG Dye for the Goods you have to color.

SETTLERS' LOW RATES TO CANADIAN NORTHWEST VIA CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RY.

April 4, 11, 18 and 25 from points in Canada. Excellent train service via St. Paul or Duluth to Winnipeg. For full particulars address B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 46 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.

CANADA CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Annual Report of the Board of Directors

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS:

Your Directors beg to present herewith the annual statement of the affairs and financial position of the Canada Cement Company, Limited, as of the 31st December, 1910.

In presenting the Balance Sheet, we call attention to the Company's strong financial position as disclosed by the large amount of cash on hand, and other quick assets, and the comparatively small amount of current liabilities. After providing for interest on our Bonds and Dividends on our Preferred Stock for the year, we have been able to set up reserves for depreciation, extraordinary repairs and renewals, bad debts, etc., and carry forward a substantial balance to Surplus Account.

The consumption of cement during the past year was not as large as anticipated. Our business also suffered on account of the Railways not being able to meet our full requirements for cars during the heavy shipping season; consequently we carry over from last year 781,116 barrels of cement.

Early in 1910 the price of our product was fixed at a lower price than cement had ever been sold for in Canada, excepting for a short period in 1909, but your Directors are pleased to state that the anticipated savings in manufacturing and distributing our products were such that they were able to still further reduce this price.

We trust, when you consider the above mentioned conditions, and also the fact that during 1910 our plants were only operated to 57.6 per cent. of their capacity, the profits shown will be satisfactory to the Shareholders.

During the current year, we look for a larger natural demand, which demand will be stimulated by continuing to manufacture a strictly high grade article, and by selling it at the lowest possible price. This anticipated increase will enable us to operate our plants to better advantage than in the past, but we do not expect that the demand will be sufficient to enable us to put into operation either of the two plants which have been idle since the organization of this Company. However, it is confidently expected that the increased demand, and increased output, will result in further savings in the cost of manufacture and distribution, and it is the policy of your Directors to give your customers the benefit of these reductions.

The Shareholders' profits will depend on the increased volume of the Company's business, the policy of the Company being the maintenance of such a stable position as will insure regular and uniform payments of interest on its bonds and dividends on its Preferred stock, and at the same time be in a position to withstand any unforeseen emergency that may arise consequent on business depression or otherwise, which condition naturally necessitates the accumulation of, and the maintenance of, a large cash reserve.

It is also the policy of the Company to equalize the price of cement throughout Canada in so far as the physical conditions make such possible, and in furtherance of this policy, your Directors have arranged to purchase a site near Winnipeg, on which they will erect, this year, a mill to grind clinker, which will be shipped from one of our Eastern mills. The buildings, machinery, etc., will be planned so that, should it at any time in the future be advisable, a Burning Department can be added, and the clinker produced on the property.

And further, an agreement has been entered into whereby this Company expects to acquire, in the near future, a property at Exshaw, which, added to our Calgary plant, and the projected plant at Winnipeg, will put us in the position of anticipating any extraordinary growth in the consumption of cement in the Great West.

With the view of educating the public, and popularizing the use of cement, in addition to the ordinary advertising, the Company has published a small book illustrating some of the many uses to which cement may be put, for which book there has been a great demand, 25,000 applications for same having been received during the past six months.

For the purpose of stimulating interest in the Company on behalf of the Employees, both in efficiency and cheapening production, as well as creating a feeling of mutual goodwill, your Directors deem it expedient to introduce a system, already adopted by several large industrial corporations with beneficial results, viz., to enable employees to become the possessors of Preferred and Common Stock at prices which will be attractive to them, the employees paying a fixed amount per share per month out of their earnings, and the Company carrying the stock for them, charging a rate of 5 per cent. interest. If the plan is put into effect, all dividends will be credited to the employees applying for the stock. Said stock will be held in trust for the employee for a term of five years, excepting in exceptional cases, such as death, when his heirs will receive what benefit a deceased employee has derived from subscribing to the stock.

Your Directors feel that the policy, as herein outlined, will, as nearly as possible, make the interests of the consumers, the employees, and the shareholders identical, and will insure to the most enduring and beneficial results for all concerned.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

On behalf of the Board of Directors,

WILLIAM C. EDWARDS,
President

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, hoarseness, the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

BREAD.

Whole Wheat Bread.—Eight cups whole wheat flour, one cake yeast dissolved in one cup of lukewarm potato water, one teaspoonful salt, one tablespoonful melted butter, three tablespoonfuls sugar. (This makes three medium sized loaves.) Mix all together with enough lukewarm water to make a stiff batter (don't get it thin); place in a warm room to rise over night. In the morning stir down, cover breadboard with white flour, turn out one-third of the sponge, pat lightly into shape (don't knead), so you can just handle, and place in well greased tins; let it stand until it rises to top of tins. Bake in moderate oven an hour and a half. Watch closely at first and when the loaves begin to brown cover with heavy paper. When done butter tops of loaves to soften crusts. This bread is easily made, and is most healthful and nutritious.

Nut Bread.—Two cups graham flour, one and one-half cups white flour, two cups milk, one cup sugar, one teaspoonful soda, one teaspoonful baking powder, one teaspoonful salt, one-half cup broken nut meats, pecans best. This makes two loaves. Bake one hour in hot oven.

Colonial Bread.—Three cups flour, three level teaspoons baking powder, one level teaspoon salt, one mixing spoon sugar; sift these all together, then add one-half cup chopped raisins, one-half cup chopped nuts (English walnuts), one and one-half cups sweet milk. Stir well, place in an ungreased bread pan, and bake slowly one hour.

DESSERT.

Danish Pudding.—One cupful sago, one cupful chopped walnuts, one quart fruit juice (grape or raspberry juice preferred). Wash sago in several washings of cold water and add to the boiling fruit juice, cook slowly, stirring often for about one hour, or until the sago is as clear as gelatin. Add the chopped nuts and set aside in a cool place until time to serve. Serve on sliced oranges and bananas, with whipped cream.

Date Pudding.—One pound dates, one-fourth pound walnut meats, one-half teaspoon baking powder, one-half teaspoon baking powder, one cup sugar, one tablespoon flour, two eggs. Beat this mixture about five minutes. Add enough hot water to make moist. Bake slowly, but not hard. Serve with cream.

Fruit Pudding.—Two quarts water, 5 cents' worth of sago, one-half cup raisins, one-half cup currants, one-half lemon, one apple, one-half pound prunes, one wine glass of raspberry vinegar. Wash the sago in several washings of cold water and add to the two quarts of boiling water. Add the raisins, prunes, currants, and the half lemon cut in thin slices. When this has all boiled for a matter of twenty minutes add the peeled and quartered apple. When nearly done, which is a matter of one and one-half or two hours, add the vinegar. The best way to know when it is done is when the fruits are nice and soft and the sago is clear like gelatin. This is an old fashioned Dane pudding and is generally made for holiday desserts. This has the advantage of being very nutritious as well as pleasing to one's palate.

CAKES.

Orange Shortcake.—One egg, one teaspoon sugar, one tablespoonful butter, one cup of milk, two teaspoons baking powder, two cups flour. Bake in drifter. Six oranges sliced fine with one cup of sugar. When cake is done lay on platter and split (or better bake in two pans), spread oranges on inside and top, and cover the whole with whipped cream. This makes a most delicious dessert.

Black Joe Cake.—Two egg yolks; save white for icing; two cups brown sugar, two-thirds butter and lard mixed, two one-half cups flour, one-half cupful sour milk, into which dissolve one teaspoonful soda, one-third cake bitter chocolate; dissolve in one cupful of hot water; let melt on back of stove, put in dough last and bake in layers; put white icing between layers.

Spice Cake.—One and a half cups of sugar, one and a half cups of flour, one cup of raisins, one-half cupful butter, three cups of flour, one teaspoonful of soda, two teaspoonfuls of cinnamon and one-half teaspoonful of cloves. Method: Cream the butter, add sugar and cream again, mix and sift the dry ingredients; cut raisins and dredge with flour, add milk, then flour, until both are used. Add raisins and beat well. Bake in a well greased pan in a moderate oven about forty minutes.

TASTY DISHES.

Apple Omelet.—Stew six large apples; beat very smooth while hot, adding one tablespoonful of butter, six tablespoonfuls of sugar, a grating of nutmeg and half teaspoonful of rose extract. When quite cold add four eggs, first the beaten yolks, then fold in beaten whites. Put in deep dish which has been warmed and buttered. Bake in moderate oven to a delicate brown. Hot Salmon.—Set a pan of salmon in a saucepan of boiling water over the fire and let simmer fifteen to twenty minutes. Open can close to the edge, and after draining off liquid turn the fish on to the center of a serving dish. Surround with potatoes cut in lengthwise quarters or balls, cooked tender and drained. Garnish with quarters of hard boiled egg. Serve with egg sauce, in a sauceboat, rather than covered with it.

RAISIN RECIPES.

Raisin Pudding.—One cupful of finely chopped suet, one-half cupful of sugar, two eggs, one-half cupful of milk, one cupful of entire wheat flour, one teaspoonful of baking powder, one cupful of floured raisins, steam three hours, serve with any kind of sauce.

Raisin Pie.—One cup raisins, one beaten egg, three fourths cup of sugar, one cup of thick sweet cream, one teaspoon of vanilla; bake in one crust.

SPRING CLEANING HINTS.

To Clean Holland Blinds.—Holland blinds which are only slightly soiled can be easily dry-cleaned at home. Remove the blind and roller from the brackets, and brush the blinds on both sides with a soft brush. Spread the blind on the kitchen table and rub it hard with the white part of a thick slice of stale bread.

Soiled Paint.—The mistake is often made of cleaning white painted lintels, doors, and wainscoting with hot soap and water. The heat of the water has the effect of destroying the outer coating of varnish, the result being that the paint soon wears away. For this reason a lathe should be made with hot water, and the suds then allowed to cool till just lukewarm, when it may be safely used.

Cleaning Delicate Fabrics.—The most delicate fabric can be successfully washed at home by using soap jelly with a little ammonia and rainwater. A clear day must be chosen for this operation, and colored articles must be dried in the shade to prevent fading.

Oak Furniture.—Dust the furniture thoroughly, wash it well with vinegar and water, and when dry, rub them with a little paraffin oil on a cloth, and finally polish with a clean duster. It will then look like new.

A Good Cleaner.—Looking-glasses may be cleaned by first washing the glass all over with clean lukewarm soap and a sponge. When dry, rub it bright with a buckskin and a little prepared chalk finely powdered.

Removing Chemical Spots.—White spots which are formed on furniture by dropping certain chemicals upon it, and which are almost more unsightly than any other defect, can be removed by the application of camphorated oil. This must be vigorously rubbed in to take effect, and should be left to dry, the spots being treated some little time later to an equally careful application of olive oil. A polish with sylvet or leather will finally be required.

Soot on Carpets.—If soot is spilled on the carpet it should never be wiped up with a cloth, for it is sure to smear over the carpet and make an ugly mark difficult to remove. Scatter salt thickly over the place and sweep it and the soot together. By so doing the spot will come up quite cleanly without leaving any mark at all.

Wicker Furniture.—This should be cleaned with a strong solution of salt and water. Scrub it well, and rinse with fresh water. Soap should not be used to wicker as it encourages a yellow tint. When very shabby-looking, wicker may be "freshened" by being painted. The paint used should be well mixed and thinned to the proper consistency. If too thick it is apt to remain on the wicker in lumps.

Dirty Ceilings.—When a white-washed ceiling has become blackened, apply a layer of starch and water to it with a piece of soft flannel. Allow it to dry, then brush off lightly with a brush. The blackness will have disappeared, leaving no marks whatever.

Damp Floors and Carpets.—Moth-eaten carpets are often the result of covering the floors while they are still damp after scrubbing. The floor should be absolutely dry before the carpet is relaid.

and it is a good plan to sprinkle a little insect powder between the carpet and the boards by way of protection.

When Spring-Cleaning Rooms.—When "turning out" a room it will be found a good plan to rub over the polished wooden surfaces of chests of drawers, tables, etc., with a cloth wrung out in vinegar and tepid water, the proportion being half a gill of vinegar to two quarts of water. This has the effect of cleansing the wood effectually without injuring the varnish, a good polish with ordinary furniture-cream being, however, a necessary sequel.

WHAT IMAGINATION WILL DO.

Doctor's Mistake Almost Put Young Man in His Grave.

Dr. Charles K. Mills, of Philadelphia, told at a dinner an amusing story of the influence of the imagination on the health.

"A young bank clerk," he said, "feeling fagged from the excessive heat of a trying summer, consulted a physician. The physician questioned him, sounded his lungs, and then said, gravely—

"I will write you to-morrow."

"The next day the bank clerk received a letter from the medical man telling him that his right lung was gone and his heart seriously deranged, and advising him to lose no time in putting his affairs in order."

"Of course," the doctor wrote, "you may live for weeks, but you may do well to leave nothing of importance unsettled."

Naturally, the young bank clerk was very much depressed by this sad letter, nothing less than a death-warrant. He did not, of course, go to work that morning, and before noon he was having trouble with his respiration, while severe pains shot rapidly through his heart. He did not get up all day, and on towards midnight he had a sinking spell that caused his people to send post-haste for the doctor.

"The doctor, on his arrival, was astounded.

"Why," he cried, "there were no symptoms of this sort yesterday! What on earth have you been doing to yourself?"

"The patient's face screwed up with pain, he pressed his hand to his breast, and said, feebly—

"It's the heart, I suppose, doctor."

"The heart?" said the doctor. "There was nothing yesterday the matter with your heart."

"My lungs, then," the patient groaned.

"What ails you?" the doctor shouted. "You don't seem to have been drinking."

"Your letter, doctor—you told me I had only a few weeks to live."

"Nonsense! Are you crazy? I told you take a month's vacation at the seaside and you'd be as good as new again."

"The patient drew the fateful letter from a drawer beside his bed.

"Well," said the doctor glancing at it, "this is a pretty mess. This letter was intended for another man. My secretary mixed up the envelopes."

"The patient laughed. He sat up in bed. His recovery was rapid. That night, in fact, he was well again."

"And what," ended Mr. Mills— "what of the dying consumptive who had got this young man's letter? The consumptive, delighted with the prediction that a month at the seaside would make a sound man of him, packed his trunk and took the first train for New England. That was ten years ago, and to-day he is in fair health."

TAMING ELEPHANTS.

Experiment Now in Progress in the French Congo.

In ancient times, as is well known, the African elephant was domesticated by the Carthaginians, who employed it in their wars with Rome. No African race has since succeeded in reclaiming this highly intelligent and naturally docile animal, a fact which has often been cited in proof of the general inferiority of the Negro race.

A successful experiment in taming the African elephant was made some years ago in the French Congo, while out of eight captured in Kamerun in 1900 three were successfully tamed. European officers generally, however, have been very unsuccessful in their attempts at taming the beast. But the Belgian officials in the Congo now seem to have succeeded where so many have failed.

Although no details are available as to the methods employed, there seems to be no doubt whatever that African elephants are now daily engaged in hauling carts containing mails and goods between Buta (on the Rubi River) and Bambili (marked in some maps as Bomocandi), on the Welle, a distance of about 100 miles.

Polite Shopman (showing goods)—"Here is something I would like to call your attention to, madam; it is the very latest thing out."

Mrs. Rounder (absently)—"If there's anything out later than my husband I'll take it, if only for a curiosity."

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
APRIL 9.

Lesson II.—Elisha's Heavenly Defenders, 2 Kings 6: 8-23. Golden Text Psa. 91: 11.

Verse 8. The king of Syria was warring against Israel.—The reign of Jehoram was continually interrupted by the marauding expeditions of the warlike king of Damascus, Ben-hadad. Often these campaigns were nothing more than forays, such as the one in which the little maiden who later served in the household of Naaman was captured. Then there would be short periods of peace.

9. Beware that thou pass not such a place.—How Elisha knew of the movements of the Syrians we are not told. It is enough that he was a man of God. More than once (10) he was able to put the king of Israel on his guard, and thus foil the plottings of Ben-hadad, who doubtless purposed to seize this royal person while he was hunting for on some other chance journey.

11. Which of us is for the king of Israel?—He suspected that his plans went amiss because of treason in the camp.

12. Elisha . . . telleth the king of Israel.—Apparently it was common report among the attendants of the king. The prophet's fame must have spread greatly with the notable cure of Naaman, and it would not be difficult or unnatural for the captain's friends to think of Elisha as reporting the most secret counsels of their king.

13. Go and see where he is.—It was a forlorn policy to think he could surprise a man who divined his most carefully guarded secrets. The place where he happened to be living, Dothan, was so near the capital (less than a dozen miles in the same plain, through which ran the great caravan route from Egypt to Damascus), that it shows how thoroughly at the mercy of the Syrian power the Israelites were that they permitted the enemy to approach so close with the expectation of getting away unmolested.

15. The servant—Some other, of course, than Gehazi, who, it will be remembered, brought about his own undoing through covetousness.

Alas! . . . how shall we do?—This is ever the question of desperation upon the lips of the world in perplexing straits. There is little help for those who cannot see beyond their own shadow.

16. They that are with us.—To the man who walks not by sight but by faith there is a world of ever-ready and omnipotent defense. We are not dependent alone upon palismen and prophet for this assurance. The church of God has never been without evidence of it, and any man may test for himself the reality of unseen divine protection.

17. The mountain—Dothan commanded a pass which crossed the ridge of Mount Carmel. It was all ablaze with the spiritual forces with which God surrounded his servant Elisha. In like manner he shelters every believing soul. This may not mean a guarantee of freedom from the various ills of this world ("In the world ye have tribulation"), but it does mean spiritual security in the performance of God-given tasks. The outward man may perish, but the man himself, his soul, his inviolable.

18. Smite this people with blindness.—The word for "blindness" is very unusual, being found only here and in Gen. 19: 11. The context seems to show that the Syrians were visited with a kind of illusion, so that it was easy for Elisha to deceive them as to their whereabouts, and to hold them under the spell of this delusion until he had guided them into the very stronghold of their enemies.

21. My father—A term of intimacy and affection. It does not, however, fully describe the relations between Jehoram and the prophet. Elisha was unlike his great predecessor in the close connection which existed between his work and the political and military fortunes of his people. For the most part, this particular king, though greatly indebted to Elisha, was lacking in courtesy to him, and their relations at times were far from cordial. The desire of Jehoram to smite these foes is doubtless a true picture of the man—an ungenerous, temporizing person, who was ready to fawn on anyone who was able to do something to his advantage, but who would turn upon that one the next moment.

22. Wouldst thou smite?—It was probably in accord with the rude ethics of that time to act as the king eagerly suggested. But Elisha was there as the prophet of God, and he showed that there was a better way to treat enemies. Even in those days it was a rule of warfare that captives taken in battle should not be unmercifully smitten down. A sense of justice, therefore, would suggest the sparing of these men taken by deception. Elisha's command to set bread and water before

them is in the spirit of Him who centuries later said, "Love your enemies."

23. The hands of Syria came no more.—Such merciful treatment made a profound impression upon Ben-hadad, who temporarily (compare next verse) abandoned his campaigns of plunder and rapine.

THE HUMAN MACHINE.

Gives From 25 to 35 Per Cent. Profit on Expense of Keeping Up.

Prof. Jules Amar recently submitted to the Academy of Medicine in Paris the results of his study of the man machine. He proceeded upon the principle that a man who eats liberally ought to recuperate in weight every twenty-four hours. If his weight lessens he works to excess, if his weight increases he has not expended the maximum effort. Amar found that the human machine gives a profit of 25 to 35 per cent. on the expenditure; but that the best artificial machine returns only 14 per cent.

It would seem from these experiments, says the Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette, that man is, indeed, superior to all mechanisms; with the very slight exception that he always wastes energy during the first five minutes of work before regaining his equilibrium.

It would seem that Monday's human labor is the most inferior and Tuesday's the most superior, owing to the curious action of Sunday as a rest day; the Monday lassitude of the French workman is proverbial. And it is found that the workman who does not rest gradually loses his energy, and this is now a subject of keen interest among scientists.

The relation between fatigue and accidents receives much more attention in Europe than here, as do all matters relating to the conservation of human energy and the safety of the workman. The relation between fatigue and accidents has, indeed, been noted in practically all forms of human energy. Bank clerks make most of their mistakes late in the afternoon, and this is said to have something to do with the early closing of such institutions. Bankers, at any rate, have had the sense to note that the mistakes of their employees are likely to prove expensive.

GERMAN SOCIAL LIFE.

Sunday a Real Holiday and Day of Relaxation.

Sir Henry Johnson is contributing a series of interesting articles to the Westminster Gazette on German social life. "The Germans," he says, "contrive to enjoy life and—as a nation—to look very happy, with fewer official holidays than are allotted to us, and this partly because of their jolly Sunday, which is a real holiday and day of relaxation occurring every seven days."

But Sir Henry says there is much to criticize and amend in Germany still. "The abuse of alcohol still strangles the physical and mental efficiency of a large proportion of German men in the upper and lower classes." A hopeful sign is the indignation shown by the bourgeois and professional classes against the "senseless eighteenth-century traditions of German studenthood."

Sir Henry finds the salvation of Germany in its high type, mentally and physically of womanhood. "The German woman, with the spread of education and new ideas of physical development, is becoming in the middle and upper classes a fine creature, as willing as before to be wife and mother, though proving herself an attractive and inspiring companion to an educated man. And that men are, after all, what women make them is a maxim handed down to us by philosophers."

FOR DISINFECTING.

Vessels Have a Sanitary Machine That Reaches Every Crevice.

For the disinfection of vessels on the Thames, the sanitary authorities of the Port of London have adopted an apparatus known as the Clayton Dilute-Gas Disinfecting Machine. This is usually fitted in the hold of a barge and taken alongside the vessel to be fumigated, but about 200 vessels are equipped with machines as permanent fixtures for their own use.

This apparatus includes a sulphur furnace generating sulphur dioxide, a gas cooler and a Root blower. About 1,000 cubic feet of air per minute is drawn along the suction pipe by the blower, dividing into two streams as it reaches the mixing valve. One stream of about 200 cubic feet per minute passes through the generator, becoming charged with fifteen per cent. of sulphur dioxide, and is then led through the cooler to the base of the blower, where the other stream of 800 cubic feet per minute is met.

The resulting mixture, containing three per cent. of sulphur dioxide, is forced along the delivery pipe to the pressure orifice of the blower. Suitable hose leads to the compartment to be reached, and the ten horse-power steam engine, electric motor or gas engine forces the mixture, as it is generated, into every crevice.

NEWS FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West Told in a Few Pointed Items.

The new hospital at Quesnel is open to the public.

Spring chickens appeared in Rossland on Feb. 27.

In Calgary 16 loaves of bread are sold for a dollar.

The stork made 526 visits to Winnipeg last month.

The city market in Vancouver has proven a failure.

Vancouver is to have a strict enforcement of the curfew law.

Dr. English receives \$35 a month in Rossland as medical health officer.

The night police in Revelstoke have had their wages raised \$5 a month.

The sum of \$468,000 is to be spent in school buildings in Calgary this year.

During the past six months nearly 100 lots have been sold in Silverton, B.C.

Meat by the quarter is now selling at 18 cents a pound at Fort George, B.C.

There is a bake-oven in Merritt, B.C., with a capacity of 500 loaves of bread.

The Salvation is planning the erection of a larger citadel in Vancouver.

The Bank of Commerce has just completed its \$300,000 building in Revelstoke.

In North Vancouver the B.C. Telephone Company has put up a \$30,000 exchange.

Ernest Fletcher of Kamloops, is about to establish a boat building factory in Alberni.

Owing to the abundance of Dutch clover, the Creston district is a good place to raise bees.

The Kettle Valley Railway is under contract to the Government to build 25 miles of road in 1910.

In Alberta last year, 1913, coal mines were in operation, producing over 2,000,000 tons of coal.

The Kettle Valley Railway Company has bought fifty acres of meadow land at Penticton for yards.

This year the Government will expend \$175,000 for roads and bridges in the Similkameen district.

An Indian living on the Sardis reservation has been fined \$2.50 for shooting a deer out of season.

In one day last week, the Centre Star mine at Rossland shipped 48 carloads of ore to the Trail smelter.

The new ferry steamer between the two Vancouvers can carry 1,000 people in comfort, and 2,000 when crowded.

Sea lions in thousands are reported from the Alberni canal and Barkley Sound, where they are making sad havoc of the fish.

It is said that because of starvation condition the northern Indians are storing guns and ammunition and are ripe for an outbreak.

A valuable horse was killed at Sariva, B.C. The animal was found to measure seven feet eight inches from tip to tip.

FOLLOWING THE CUSTOM.

All Queens Except Alexandra Had Lady Train Bearer.

The fact that Queen Alexandra's train was carried at her coronation by pages has caused many people to think that Queen Mary is making an innovation by having hers carried by ladies. As a matter of fact, it was Queen Alexandra who departed from custom.

All records of the coronations of queens and queen consorts show that it was the custom to have ladies to hold the train. Queen Victoria had eight lady train bearers, dressed in white satin and silver tissue, with wreaths of silver corn ears and pink rose trimmings. Queen Mary will, no doubt, decide what her ladies shall wear, but Queen Victoria, on account of her youth, left all this to her Mistress of the Robes, the Duchess of Richmond.

The Duchess seems to have consulted the young ladies themselves, for she said to Lord Melbourne: "One thing I was determined about, that I should have no discussion with their mammams about it."

FANCIES.

It is unkind to call the new woman a lady's man.

Some people seem to think that bills, like bolts, grow smaller by being filed.

Sailors are perhaps called tars on account of the pitching of the ship.

Because a woman's voice is liquid it does not follow that it never dries up.

There is only one crop that harvests itself, namely, wild oats.

To hit a woman's heart it is best to take aim kneeling.

Love is a lottery and marriage is the allotment.

Shipping Milk and Cream

The Belleville Ontario says:—A movement that seems destined to have a marked influence on the cheese-making industry in this district is just developing to a considerable extent throughout the counties of Hastings and Prince Edward. During the past few months representatives of the City Dairy Company and the T. Eaton Co. of Toronto have visited various parts of these counties and made contracts to supply the Toronto houses with milk and cream. It will not be practicable to send milk that distance during the warmer weather, therefore in the heated term, only cream will be shipped. We have not yet learned what price the producers will get for the milk or cream that is sold, but it is attractive enough to have induced a considerable number of leading dairymen to abandon the cheese factories and take up with the Toronto proposition.

The Only Way

The number of deaths resulting from tuberculosis, typhoid fever, scarlet fever and many other diseases are carefully recorded and tabulated by the authorities. But of the number of deaths directly traceable to worry no such account is kept, yet all physicians know that these are by no means small. One constant source of worry and anxiety for the wage-earner or man of small means is how he may make provision for old age when his earnings are but little more than sufficient to provide the daily needs. To such a one the Canadian Government Annuities scheme is indeed a blessing. In no other way can he get such wonderfully good returns for that "little more" he may have to invest, for it will, when his annuity begins, enable him to spend the principal as well as the interest thereon without his income becoming smaller, no matter how long he may live.

Further particulars on the subject may be obtained on application to your Postmaster, or to the superintendent of Government Annuities, Ottawa, to whom all letters go free of postage.

Opposed to Docking

From numerous articles published in the press it is evident that the bob-tail horse is rapidly growing unfashionable in several of the larger Canadian cities. The Governor General of the Dominion is opposed to docking. His undocked four-in-hand is admired by everyone. The Veterinary Director has also denounced the barbarous fashion, and has publicly commended an Ottawa veterinarian for being the first who had the courage to come out and say that he would dock no more horses' tails.

Three of the leading veterinaries of Ottawa have since announced their refusal to perform this needless and cruel operation.

It is certain that the "hat peg" or "shoe brush" style of cutting the horses tail is passing; that even now it is not countenanced by owners of fine horses and those who take pride and pleasure in them and have the sense to understand their needs.

Sidney Council

Town Hall, Sidney, Monday, March 27th, 1911.

Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Present:—Chas. Ketcheson, Reeve; Alex. F. White, Deputy Reeve; Chas. Vandewater, John W. Hess, and Geo. A. Rose, Councillors.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

A communication was read from the Ontario Municipal Association requesting Council to join the above association and to send delegates to the annual meeting.

Moved by Chas. Vandewater, seconded by Geo. A. Rose, that \$5 membership fee be forwarded to the Ontario Municipal Association and that the Reeve be appointed a delegate to attend the meeting of the above association to be held in Toronto next September. Carried.

A letter was read from the Trenton Electric and Water Co. asking Council to repair road on north side of G.T.R. east of Sidney station.

Moved by Mr. White seconded by Mr. Vandewater, that Mr. Hess and the Road Superintendent investigate the above road with power to act as they think advisable. Carried.

Application was made by S.S. No. 6 requesting Council to pass By-law, No. 6 issue debentures for \$3000 for the purchase of a site and erecting a school house for this section. Referred to Committee of the whole on By-laws.

A communication from the Salvation Army requesting a grant for their prison care, Women's rescue and Children's Homes in Ontario. Received and filed.

A petition was introduced by the Reeve from Wallace Brown and 49 others asking Council to open a road between lots 12 and 13 in the 8th Concession of Sidney to meet the 9th Con-

cession road between the old Donohue property and the property now owned by Wm. Hambley.

Moved by Mr. White seconded by Mr. Hess, that the Reeve, Mr. Rose, Mr. Vandewater and Mr. Hess be a committee to investigate the above road and report next council. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Chas. Vandewater, seconded by Mr. Geo. Rose, that we grant the Frankford Public Library the sum of fifty dollars, \$50. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hess, seconded by Mr. Rose, that the following accounts be paid:

Morton & Herity.....\$2 00
J. W. Hess, for burial and maintenance of A. W. Wamma-maker.....20 00
Adam Kierman, rent for spring for 1911.....1 00

Carried.

The auditors presented their report, and it was moved by Mr. Ketcheson, seconded by Mr. Hess, that the auditors report be adopted and that they be placed on the pay list for \$8 each. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hess, seconded by Mr. Rose, that the following amounts be refunded for dogs wrongly assessed:—E. O. Stickle \$2; Lorne Badgely \$1; Albert Page \$1; W. E. Vandewater \$1. Carried.

The following by-laws were passed through their various stages and signed, sealed and numbered, 607, 608 and 609 consecutively.

A By-Law to appoint Pound Keepers and Fence Viewers.

A By-Law to provide for borrowing money by the issue of debentures repayable out of the taxable property of School Section No. 6, Sidney.

A By-Law to ratify certain agreements between the Municipality of the Township of Sidney and His Majesty the King.

Moved by Mr. Vandewater seconded by Mr. Hess, that whereas notice of the passing and registration of By-law No. 608 being a by-law to provide for borrowing money by the issue of debentures, repayable out of the taxable property of School Section No. 6 of the Township of Sidney, voteable for Public School purposes under the authority conferred under the Public School Act, requires to be published in such public newspapers published either within this municipality or in the county town or in an adjoining municipality as the Council may designate by resolution, be it therefore resolved by this Council that the Clerk be and he is hereby required to publish such notice as is required by Section 377 of the Con. Mun. Act, 1903, for three successive weeks, in Belleville Weekly Ontario, being a public newspaper published in the county town of this county. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Vandewater, seconded by Mr. Hess, that the Clerk be and he is hereby appointed to revise accounts sent in by Township officer, Wm. Holland, and the Treasurer is hereby authorized to pay the accounts when certified correct by the Clerk. Carried.

Moved by Mr. White, seconded by Mr. Vandewater, that the Treasurer be and is hereby authorized to advance the Road Superintendent the sum of three hundred dollars. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Hess, seconded by Mr. Vandewater, that Council now adjourn until Monday, May 29th. Council to meet at 10 a.m., Clerk to advertise Court of Revision at 11 a.m. Carried.

A. M. CHAPMAN,
Township Clerk.

News Notes From the West

Additions to be made to the Strathcona school in Winnipeg will make it the largest school building in Western Canada. It will contain twenty-two class rooms, a big manual training room and an assembly hall. The Winnipeg school board have asked for \$900,000 for the fiscal year of 1911.

Ninety new Townships have been thrown open in the Edmonton District and there is a big rush of settlers on. The record of 5,000 homestead entries in 1910 will be broken.

Building is to be very active in Edmonton this summer. Among other big building enterprises will be the large and handsome Grand Trunk Pacific hotel, one of a chain of five hotels to be built by the G. T. P. across Canada.

Calgary business is booming. Building is still in full swing and there is every indication that the five million dollars record made last year, will be broken by at least a million.

The city is to have \$5,000,000 in improvements—sidewalks, pavement, street extension.

Calgary's municipal street railway has paid so well that the system will be doubled in 22 miles of new and new rolling stock purchased, paid 18 per cent in 1910.

Calgary will power yet. A talling a power house on the Bow River has agreed to deliver 4,000 horse power for city users of power, within a month. The price is fixed at \$80 per horse power per year.

P. Burns & Co. are to open a branch at Red Deer. The country about Red Deer is well suited for stock raising and there is to be a good deal of this done.

Fifty teams a day are leaving Red Deer for Rocky Mountain House and other points west, with freight for Canadian Northern railroads. Work on both roads is to be kept up at concert pitch this summer.

TWO INVENTIVE GEN USES.

The Duncans Are Winning Fame in Different Fields.

The inventive bump is large in Canada. There are Canadians making a fat living by devising ingenious stories which tickle the national intellectual palate. There are other Canadians who are being paid big salaries for the use of their expert services in manufacturing.

The classical outlet for persons of abnormal wit was formerly literature and art. Machinery came to be a force in civilization. A great part of the brains which used to go in for writing and painting went to help build up industry. Some people say that poetry on earth is dead. Other people say that more poetry is being written in the world today than there was yesterday. They class Mr. Marconi with Homer.

There is a family in Canada who are making poetry, old style and new style. Their name is Duncan. One of the members of this family works with pen and ink. Any person who is at all interested in the Northland country knows something about Norman Duncan who wrote "Dr. Luka of the Labrador." Norman Duncan is one of the blood-red fictionists on this continent today. His stories appear in all the big magazines of Canada and Europe.

Norman Duncan, novelist, has a brother, Robert Duncan, who looks like him with long shaggy hair, dreamy eyes, and that sort of thing. For all the world Robert Duncan might have been an inventor of stories, too, like the highly original and interesting Norman. Except that it happened to become an inventor in the realm of applied science.

Down in Pittsburgh, where Dr. Robert Kennedy Duncan now is, the papers of the "Smoky City" have been talking recently of him as one of the biggest "smokes" in the world, calling him the "new Edison," and other pet names like that. It seems that Dr. Duncan for some years has been doing a lot of big things in a quiet, unassuming, manly, Canadian way, and people are just beginning to find it out.

They are recalling that he was the law scholar, expert in chemistry whom the United States Government sent a few years ago over to Germany to study the chemistry of commerce, and report to them its application to United States industry; and whom after his return the University of Kansas called to the new chair of industrial chemistry. To have revolutionized many processes of manufacturing in a highly organized commercial community like the United States, that's the credit they are giving to Robert Kennedy Duncan.

An Energetic Britisher.

Mr. J. Ellis Barker, the well-known English writer on politics and economics, recently paid a flying visit to Canada to take a hand in the reciprocity controversy. Many persons picture the writers for the states British reviews and similar journals as academic gentlemen, whose fighting blood is not allowed to run away with them. Mr. Barker does not belong to that type. He has the swinging stride and the masterful way of the man who will not put up with contradiction, and he lays down his views in a decided manner.

Mr. Barker came to Canada with a plan of campaign for the fight against the treaty, and he gave it out in speeches and interviews. He hurried round to the sympathetic newspaper offices in Toronto and proceeded to wake things up with a vigor that suggested the militant American politician. He gave his instructions and departed. In one office he saw a map of grain areas which interested him, and before anyone could gasp, it had been given to him. He took out the nails and departed with it. Mr. J. Ellis Barker would quite upset the views of anyone who thought that English public men preferred to move with a minimum amount of speed.

As one Torontoan remarked: "Really, if I did not know otherwise, I should think he had the British Empire in his pocket."

Whitefish Are Dying.

To arrest the rapid depletion of the Great Lakes of whitefish, the Marine and Fisheries Department require to be in the five great fresh water bodies 2,000,000 of fry annually. This would be the beginning of the work of restoring to its former abundance the supply of whitefish. The food value of such a fish supply cannot be estimated by Ontario.

The yearly catch of whitefish in Lake Superior, Georgian Bay and around the Manitoulin Islands has decreased approximately 5,000,000 pounds annually from the year 1930 to 1909, at a value of over \$500,000, and not one whitefish fry from the hatcheries has even been planted in these waters. On the other hand most of the fry propagated at the hatchery at Sandwich has been liberated into Lake Erie, and the result has been an increased catch of 400 per cent during the same period.

There has been no decrease in the salmon trout supply on the lakes. This fish cannot be caught in gill nets, and when caught is only half the value of whitefish.

While British Columbia and Manitoba lakes receive some attention, the Great Lakes system seems to be starved. Hatcheries are needed at the St. Lawrence, Southampton, Goderich, Collingwood, Owen Sound, Hamilton, Toronto, Belleville and Kingston, if the whitefish are to be saved from extinction.

Joshing the Newspapers.

The Mail and Empire, one of Toronto's three morning papers, recently ceased publishing an evening edition. The Globe, however, still continues to publish in the evening, although the great bulk of its circulation is in the morning editions. The staffs of the Toronto evening papers have made a lot of good-natured fun over the evening editions of the two papers mentioned. Probably the best enjoyed jibe was that sprung by a newspaper newsman after The Mail and Empire cut off its evening edition. He said: "The Evening Mail has ceased publication. Its subscriber died, and The Evening Globe's subscriber is pretty sick."

WHERE WOMEN ARE WANTED.

Farmers of Canadian Northwest Suffering From Loneliness.

"The farmers living about the tiny stations that dot the great transcontinental railroad tracks between Winnipeg and the Rockies, waiting for a sight of the emigrant girls on the west-bound train that goes through once in 24 hours. Every one of them is on the lookout for a wife."

These are the words of a writer who has studied the conditions of western life and who knows that the need of domestic help in Canada is chronic and continuous. Loneliness is not good for a man, and that is why one finds hundreds of young fellows who are developing the land of the great northwest eager to find a mate.

How scarce the right type of girl for domestic work in Canada is may be judged from the words uttered by the Bishop of London a short time ago. "It is practically impossible," he said, "to get a servant in Canada for love or money. I could find places for 200 girls to-morrow if we had money to send them out."

Further proof of the dearth of women in Canada is furnished by A. M. Greuffel, son-in-law of Earl Grey, late Governor-General of Canada, who says: "There are eight men to every woman in the land. Domestic service of various kinds is to be had for the asking."

Just a word of warning, however. Girls must not expect to do their share, be snapped up by the first man that comes along and have a nice, easy time of it. Girls are only wanted who know how to work and who will work, and for them the wages range from \$1 a month for common help to \$3 and \$50 for specialists—that is, for instance, qualified cooks.

Women, indeed, are wanted in Canada to the number of many thousands, both as workers and wives, to quote the words of the superintendent of Canadian emigration in London, while both New Brunswick and British Columbia offer great inducements to women emigrants. Says the agent general for the latter country: "I do not know any part which is such a promising country for women as British Columbia," while the representative of New Brunswick says: "We are constantly sending girls out and are receiving satisfactory reports of their progress from time to time."

His Turn Next.

James L. Hughes, who has been chief inspector of Toronto's public schools for thirty years, has two families. His first family consists of two daughters; his second of a daughter and a son. His second wife's daughter has always been fond of mathematics. Even as a child she saw mathematical problems in her environment and experience very clearly. One day at luncheon, when she was six years old, she was very quiet for some time, and then she turned to her mother and said: "Mamma, Helen and Bertha" (her older sisters) "are only half-sisters to Chester and me. Now, if you should die, and papa should marry again, if they should have children, would their children have any relation at all to Helen and Bertha?"

She knew that the death of one wife had done away with one half of the relationship, and she wondered whether the death of another wife would do away with the other half relationship, and leave no relationship whatever between the first family and the third family.

Her younger brother, then about four years of age, was evidently not considering the question from a mathematical standpoint, but from the standpoint of justice only. He promptly said: "I think it's dad's turn to die next."

William Sora Middlebro.

After the votes were counted at the last general elections, among the gains to be found in the Conservative column was North Grey. The turnover in a riding which had gone consistently Liberal by large majorities since 1896, was due entirely to the good campaign of William Sora Middlebro, a barrister-at-law at Owen Sound. Since he entered Parliament Mr. Middlebro has forced his way rapidly to the front and this session he was called upon by his leader and colleagues to fill the position of Opposition whip for Ontario. A forceful debater, with the ability of thinking clearly and rapidly while on his feet, Mr. Middlebro is easily a leader of the group of younger Conservatives who came to strengthen the old fighting line of Oppositionists at the last appeal to the country. He has a head which closely resembles in its contour that on which reposes the saucy black derby of Sir Alan Aylesworth. The Aylesworth head, with its long bald stretch, and massive forehead, is as familiar to those who frequent the precincts as the clock in the main tower. It seems to be built in a series of layers. But his fame does not rest on that alone. The member for North Grey is always in the thick of the fray, and his oratorical repertoire contains many a slashing upreart.—The Mace in Saturday Night.

Canada's Trade.

Canada's trade for the first ten months of the current fiscal year totalled \$684,431,075, an increase of \$70,144,295 over the corresponding ten months of 1909-10.

The imports totalled \$376,431,520, an increase of \$74,431,313.

Exports of domestic products totalled \$239,907,253, a decrease of \$2,767,934. Exports of foreign products were \$10,042,270, a decrease of \$1,519,084.

The January trade totalled \$56,431,147, an increase of \$4,631,345.

Knowles' Repartes.

Here is a story to illustrate the quality of the gift of repartee possessed by Rev. R. E. Knowles of Galt, author and publicist. After delivering a lecture in a western Ontario town on "Scotch Queens," a young pastor author and paid him a compliment: "Mr. Knowles, you would make a horse laugh."

Well, said the author, "I made a deer (deer) laugh to-night."

HOUSE CLEANING

The dreaded time is at hand, but if you come to us for your needs, results will be most satisfactory. We take second place to no one in regard to quality and price where one is considered with the other.

English Liquid and Floor Paints
Floorglaze
Varnishes
Japalac
Jellstone and Marbleine
Whiting
Wall Paper, etc.

J. S. MORTON

Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Wall Paper, Seeds, Etc.



The REGINA PNEUMATIC CLEANER

As its name indicates is a machine for cleaning carpets, rugs, hardwood floors, curtains, draperies, walls and upholstered furniture by the vacuum process. It is simple but substantial in construction, and thoroughly practical and efficient in operation. Machines for sale or rent.

McGEE & LAGROW

A deputation from Belleville has received a promise that the Dominion Government will dredge the harbor and build a new wharf.

A temporary floor has been laid on the new steel bridge at Moira Lake and the bridge opened for traffic. The scare about the cement piers by all appearances is somewhat premature, as they seem to be coming through all right. Men familiar with the county bridges pronounce it the best steel bridge in the county.—Correspondent Belleville Ontario.

CEMENT

Cement Bricks always on hand, and Blocks made to order. Granolithic Walks, solid Walls, Brick, Plastering and Stone work done.

Planks and bolts to rent.
W. U. GRAIN,
P.O. Drawer 356.

Good Printing

Is the art of putting into another mind what is in your own.

IT IS A SUBTLE METHOD OF SUGGESTION

It is a means of making a favorable impression. To have the best results, it must be the best printing. That we are prepared to give you.

WALK RIGHT IN

Boys and Girls

Should learn those subjects by which they can earn a living. SPOTTON BUSINESS COLLEGES are the largest trainers in Canada, and our graduates secure the best positions. You can study at home, or partly at home and finish at the College.

Individual Instruction
Enter Any Day

PETERBORO
BUSINESS COLLEGE
GEO. SPOTTON, Principal

Shingles! Shingles!

I have 300,000 Cedar Shingles in my yard. It will pay intending purchasers to call and see them and get prices before buying.

I am sole agent in town for the celebrated Salmon Mills Shingles. There are no others just as good.

J. W. HAIGHT.

COAL! COAL!

We handle nothing but the best quality of Scranton Coal. All sizes always on hand. We have an office now at the coal shed and some one will always be found there to wait on customers. We also keep on hand Channel Coal.

GREEN & McCUTCHEON

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. PARKER,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
Stirling, Ont.

J. S. MORTON,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
Ophthalmic College, Member Canadian
Association of Opticians.
Eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-
rected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN
Dentistry of the University of Toronto,
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
geons, of Ontario.
OFFICE—One door north of new Bank of
Montreal.
Open every day. Evenings by appointment
only.

G. G. THRASHER,
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's
Block, Mill Street.

PERSONALS.

Miss N. Reynolds spent a few days in
Belleville last week at the home of Mr.
and Mrs. C. E. Smith.

Miss Mae Williams, of Hord's, and Miss
Gertrude Lacey, of Trenton, were guests
of Mrs. Truman Bailey on Friday last.

Died, in the township of Rawdon, on
February 6th, 1911, Irene Gladys Robison,
aged 10 years and 5 months.

IRENE IS DEAD

Gazing on the sculptured form
Lying now so cold and still,
Kissing tiny, folded hands,
Feeling not their earthly chill
Surely the sweet child has gone
In its radiant beauty there,
Must have caught a gleam of light
From the spirit pure and fair.

Sounding sadly in the stillness
Comes the mother's prayer of pain,
From the heart willy pleading
"Give me back my child again."
Mother, sorrow's hand is laid
Heavy on the mourner's head,
But, though living you may weep,
Thine more blessed for the child.

For the spirit fair has flown,
Unhindered by the thought of sin,
To the Heaven fair of rest.
We are striving now to win
Not within the small, dark grave
Lies your Irene in her rest,
Far above all care or pain
Lies she on the Saviour's breast.

Weep not, then, o'er empty casket,
Mourn not for your jewel, gone
To shine in heaven's brightness,
Where no dimming shade is known.
Though the love-lily cherished here
In its beauty low is laid,
In the home just over there
Flowers of love will never fade.

REV. J. E. ROBESON,
Ivanhoe, Feb. 25th, 1911.

A Stirling Beauty Spot

He who asserts that Stirling posses-
ses no interesting scenery either is not
familiar with the vicinity or has no
eye for the picturesque. What of the
old Mill dam? Is it not exhilarating
to stand upon the bridge over it and
watch and listen to the dashing, mad
turbulence beneath—a noise like the rage
of forests shaken by tumultuous winds.
A noise which wakes the rapturous
music of the soul, and makes the eyes
dilate, the pulses thrill and the spirit
leap to mingle with the turbulence below.

Look at the water as it emerges
from the icy prison of the pond and
rolls its dark, green volume over the
dam in a glassy mass. See how it
pours and falls uncharged with foam.
See how it shakes and flashes with
glittering streaks of light. Hark to
its sullen roar. Look where its con-
tinuous avalanche crushes upon the
slide—a frothing, frantic, strangled,
agonizing heap. See how it tumbles
headlong forward and races down the
slope. Now look below; another
mass of boiling foam. Hark to its in-
cessant washing surge; as if a dozen
fountains burst perpetually from un-
derneath the slide and charged upon
each other with infuriated turbulence.
Their tattered spray is flung into the
air. Beyond, they plunge and wrestle
and roll, until, as if fatigued, they
spread around and tamely lap the
shores.

Rawdon Council

RAWDON TOWN HALL, April 3, 1911.
The regular meeting of Rawdon
Council was held on above date.
Members all present. Minutes of last
meeting read and adopted.

The Road Surveyor was instructed
to examine trees cut on Township
roads and report to the Council.

Mr. David McAdams applied for a
ditch to be deepened on lot 22, con. 2.
No action taken.

Mr. Thos. Ryan notified the Council
that the road, lot 4, con. 5, was in a
dangerous condition. The Road Sur-
veyor was instructed to inspect and
report as to what should be done.

Mr. Geo. Bailey applied to have his
Statute Labor placed in one Road Divi-
sion and it was placed in No. 34.

After considerable discussion regard-
ing power and light, Mr. Cooke was
authorized to inquire into the matter.

Moved by Mr. Jeffs, seconded by
Mr. Vance, that the following ac-
counts be paid. Carried.

Chancery Agency, Insurance on Town
Hall, \$14.30
W. H. Clarke, rent, 1.75
L. and R. W. Meiklejohn, ma-
terial for road work, 4.32
Andrew Heagle, gravel, 9.00
John T. Mack, road to gravel pit, 2.00
Rich. Bailey, salary as collector, 85.00
W. F. Bateman, on salary, 50.00
Jas. Hawkins, gravel, 5.85
Council adjourned to meet Monday,
May 1st, 1911.

W. F. BATEMAN, Clerk.

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows:
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines under
25 cents each insertion, over three lines
10c per line. Matter set in larger than the or-
dinary type, 10c per line.
To Transient Advertisers.—10c per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex. 6.05 a.m. Passenger, 10.27 a.m.
Passenger, 11.45 p.m. Mail & Ex. 3.44 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1911.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Hereafter the holiday season in rural
schools will be the same as in city
schools, thus making the rural sum-
mer holidays two weeks longer than
they are now.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian
Church intend having a Sugar Social
in the basement of the church on Mon-
day, April 24th. More particulars
next week.

A Sugar Social and Bargain Sale of
useful and fancy articles will be held
under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid
at Springbrook on the evening of Fri-
day, April 14th. Admission 10c.

The statutes of 1908 provide that no
muskrats may be shot during April,
nor speared at any time, so the only
way in which to get the animals is by
trapping them. Attention to this
may save some heavy fines being in-
flicted.

The Illustrated Travel-Talk by Rev.
L. S. Wight B., A. of Stirling, which
was announced to be given in Mt.
Pleasant Methodist Church last Tues-
day evening was postponed until Mon-
day evening next, April 10th. Ad-
mission 10 cents.

An "Illustrated Travel Talk" with
views of Yellowstone National Park
will be given in the Methodist church,
Stirling, on Friday evening next by
Rev. L. S. Wight. A collection will
be taken during the evening in the in-
terest of the Forward Movement for
Missions.

The regular monthly meeting of the
W. M. S. of the Methodist church will
be held on Tuesday afternoon, April
11th, in the lecture room. A full at-
tendance is requested as the election
of officers takes place and the Easter
offering is brought in at this meeting.
All the ladies of the congregation are
invited to attend. Those wishing to
contribute fruit or other articles to
the Deaconess Home, Toronto, kindly
bring to the church or parsonage by
the 11th, as the barrel is to be packed
and sent to the Home for Good Friday.

The Liberal Conservative Convention
which was held in the Town Hall
yesterday afternoon was very largely
attended, the Hall being packed to
the doors, a great many finding only
standing room. A special train came
up from Belleville, arriving about half
past twelve, bringing a large crowd
from the city and from Trenton and
Sidney. Addresses were delivered by
E. Guss Porter, K.C., M.P., for West
Hastings, Col. Sam. Hughes, M.P., for
North Victoria, J. W. Pearce, M.P.P.
for North Hastings, J. W. Johnson,
M.P.P. for West Hastings, and others.
At the close a resolution was passed
expressing confidence in Hon. R. L.
Borden, leader of the opposition in the
Dominion House, and in E. Guss Por-
ter, M.P. for West Hastings.

Box Social

The ladies of Trinity Church, Frank-
ford, will hold a box social in Sweet-
man's Hall on Easter Monday evening,
April 17th. A first-class program has
been prepared, including the play
"His Uncle John," which was given
with marked success at the Stirling
High School concert. Admission 10c.

Barn Burned

Last evening between nine and ten
o'clock the barn and poultry house be-
longing to Mr. Chas. Higgs, on the
north side of Church street, was com-
pletely destroyed by fire. The fire is
supposed to have started by the ex-
plosion of a lamp in connection with
one of his incubators, and had made
considerable progress before it was
discovered. A cow which was in the
barn was got out with some difficulty;
everything else, including all his poultry
was completely destroyed. No in-
surance.

Campbellford Herald: "Some diffi-
culty has presented itself in connec-
tion with the erection of the Trent
Valley cheese factory on a site near
the Fire Hall, owing to objection taken
to a building of this kind on sanc-
titary grounds, by residents in the lo-
cality of the site selected. The officers
of the factory met the Board of Health
one day lately and discussed the
situation, without, however, arriving
at a settlement, the Board contending
that in view of the complaints made
they cannot consent to its erection.
It is not known now just what action
will be taken, whether to further at-
tempt to go on with the building on
the same site, or select a site in
another locality."

Village Council

The regular monthly meeting of the
Council was held in the Council Cham-
ber on Monday evening last.

The members were all present.
The minutes of the last meeting
were read and approved.

The following accounts were read:
F. A. Spruntall, Fire Hall, \$2.04
Chas. Mitchell, snow shovelling, 2.80
John Richardson, poles for sub-
station, 12.00

Locks Insulator Manufacturing
Company, 30.34
Canadian General Electric Co., 34.33
Jas. Boldrick, lumber, 1.22

T. G. Clute, Electric Light, book
and express, 11.25
T. G. Clute, salary, Electric light
and Treasurer, 25.00

Geo. Richards, express, freight
and duty, 15.02
Corporation, Street lights, 75.40
Corporation, Opera House, 4.00
Corporation, Fire Hall, 1.20

E. T. Williams, auditor, 12.50
J. T. Belshaw, auditor, 12.50
Moved by Mr. Coulter, seconded by
Mr. Meiklejohn, that the above ac-
counts be paid. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Coulter, seconded by
Mr. Wright, that the auditors' report
be received and adopted, and that an
abstract of the same be published.
Carried.

Moved by Mr. Coulter, seconded by
Mr. Meiklejohn, that notwithstanding
any motion to the contrary, that
on and after April 1st, the salary of
Mr. F. A. Spruntall be \$840 per an-
num, apportioned as follows:—for
electrical engineer, \$480; as engineer
and caretaker of fire department \$240;
and for caretaker of Town Hall, town
officer and sanitary inspector, \$120.
Carried.

Moved by Mr. Mather, seconded by
Mr. Meiklejohn, that the matter of the
cleaning of the streets be left to the
street committee. Carried.

On motion the Council adjourned.

An interesting consecration service
was enjoyed by the Stirling Epworth
Leaguers last Monday evening. The
service was conducted by Mrs. (Rev.)
L. S. Wight and Miss May Sables.
The topic was upon "Joshua," and
was given by Mrs. Wight. It con-
trasted the qualities and circumstan-
ces of Joshua with Nehemiah. Neh-
emiah the royal cupbearer, reared in
luxury, and Joshua, accustomed to
privations and suffering. But both
were great deliverers of their people
and remained faithful to the end.
Joshua could be compared in many re-
spects with Jesus. As Jesus was the
Guide, Instructor and Saviour of man-
kind so was Joshua of the Jews. Be-
sides the topic, a beautiful reading
was contributed by Miss Maude Haw-
kins, after which the roll was called.

Mock Parliament

A Mock Parliament was conducted
with great success last Friday evening
in the basement of the Methodist
Church. Shortly after 8 o'clock the
members were formally sworn in.
After the Speaker, (Mr. W. E. Lay-
cock) had been elected and delivered
an address new members were pre-
sented. His Excellency the Deputy-
Governor General, (Mr. C. W. Thomp-
son) was then ushered in with ostenta-
tious ceremony and delivered the
speech from the Throne. After his
retirement the House was declared
open for business.

The Government proposed to build
a monoline railroad between two im-
aginary points. The railroad would
be built with every modern and
impossible convenience. It would be
underground to prevent the sun daz-
zling the eyes of the passengers; the
smoke from the engine would be con-
densed and carried to the North Pole
and used for fog signals. But in spite
of the magnificent eloquence of the
member who presented this proposi-
tion, in spite of the necessity of such a
railway between two imaginary points,
and in spite of the many manifest
economical advantages of an up-to-
date monoline railway, the Opposition
objected to it with contempt.

Several petitions were laid upon the
table to be considered next session.
One was, to prohibit the Harem Skirt
upon Stirling streets. Another to re-
duce the circumference of the ladies'
hats.

A debate upon the important sub-
ject of Reciprocity will also take place
at the next session, Wednesday, April
12th. Everybody welcome.

A Canadian wide missionary con-
vention will shortly be announced by
the Laymen's Missionary Movement.
Meetings will be held in almost every
town and city from the Atlantic to
the Pacific some time next autumn.
The dates have not as yet been defini-
tely fixed, but the first gathering will
likely take place at Vancouver about
the middle of October. Sir Andrew
Fraser, late Lieutenant Governor of
Bengal, will be the chief speaker at
these conventions, and in the western
provinces he will be assisted by Mr.
John R. Mott. In Montreal it is ex-
pected Rev. Dr. Robt. E. Speer will ac-
company Sir Andrew Fraser.

Diarrhoea should be cured without loss
of time and by a medicine, which, like
Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Rem-
edy, not only cures promptly but produces
no unpleasant after effects. It never fails
and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by
all dealers.

FRSH LIME.—A. Wellman, Bellevue,
will run a good burning line during
the season, and will have first-class
lime for sale at all times. Will deliver
any place required, —24c.

DRESSMAKING OPENING!

We desire to announce to the people of
Stirling and vicinity that we will open on

MONDAY, APRIL 10th, 1911, A

Dressmaking Department

in connection with our store.

MISS M. HANNA, formerly with one of
the largest Dressmaking establishments in
Toronto, will be in charge. Miss Hanna has
had several years experience, and all orders
entrusted to us will have her personal sup-
ervision and care.

Dressmakers and apprentices wanted.

G. W. ANDERSON.

Phone 29.

Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT

A Quartette of "Empress" Beauties



Made on the new short vamp last.

We are one of 500 Agents who sell the "Empress"

Our Shoes are something worth talking about.
It is well worth your while to see what we have ready for Spring. You are going
to realise more than ever this season what an advantage we offer you in genuinely
good shoes.

The new Spring Models command the immediate attention of well dressed people
who want the best.

When you come in for your new Shoes we would like to show you the wide range
of different styles included in the McPHERSON and EMPRESS lines for men and
women. We also have the "Mother Hubbard" and "Weston" Shoes for children.

We have a full stock of Men's Boys' and Youths' fine and heavy Boots.
Call and see our Hosiery for Women and Children. All sizes and prices.

We are Headquarters for Hand Made work. Repairing promptly attended to.

J. W. BROWN
Reliable Boot and Shoe Merchant.

Tenders Wanted

Tenders will be received up to Saturday,
April 8th, for the painting of the Grand
Hall at Wellman's Corners. Further par-
ticulars may be had on application to the
undersigned, to whom all tenders should
be addressed.

WALTER SCOTT,
Sec. L. O. L. No. 172,
Wellman's Corners, March 28, 1911.

Farms and Village Property

For Sale

Farms situated in Rawdon, Hungerford
and Thurlow, and two choice village prop-
erties.

A General Insurance business trans-
acted. No fees charged on renewals or
new business.

For full particulars write
W. S. MARTIN & SON,
Stirling.

Swamp Elm Wanted

I will buy good, straight, standing
swamp elm from any person who have
any for sale, delivered at the mill or in the
woods.

JOHN MORGAN, Spring Brook.

Breeders

Insure your Live Stock, Stallions, and in
foal Mares.

Why risk the lives of your high-bred
stock, or the life of a valuable mare and
foal, when a policy in the

General Animals Insurance Co.
of Canada

Will protect them. For full information
as to rates, write or apply to

MORDEN BIRD,
Agent, Stirling
Representing first-class Fire, Accident
and Health Insurance Companies.

Notice!

The undersigned has purchased the busi-
ness formerly carried on by E. T. Gold-
smith, and is prepared to buy all kinds of
raw furs, eggs, dekins and beet hives.
Please give me a call.

GEORGE GREEN.

CHEAP POWER FOR SALE

15 h. p. (day use only). Single phase
electric energy, at \$10 per h. p. per year.

CORPORATION OF STIRLING.

For Sale

House and lot on Front Street, near the
west end. For particulars apply to

MRS. ANNIE GREEN.

For Sale

On Henry Street, in the Village of Stir-
ling, a good house and 12 lots. Good well
and barn on the premises. Apply to

MRS. GEO. SMITH.

WATERY BLOOD IN THE SPRING

How to Get New Health and New Strength at This Season

Even the most robust find the winter months trying to their health. Confinement indoors, often in overheated and nearly always badly ventilated rooms—the house, the office, the shops and the school—taxes the vitality of even the strongest. The blood becomes thin and watery or clogged with impurities. Some people have headaches and a feeling of languor; others are low spirited and nervous; still others have pimples and skin eruptions; while some get up in the morning feeling just as tired as when they went to bed. These are all spring symptoms that the blood is out of order, and that a medicine is needed. Many people rush to purgative medicines in the spring. This is a mistake. You cannot cure these troubles with a medicine that gallops through your system and leaves you weaker still. What you need to give to your health and strength in the spring is a tonic medicine that will enrich the blood and soothe the jangled nerves, and the one always reliable tonic and blood-builder is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills not only banish spring weaknesses and ills, but guard you against the more serious ailments that follow, such as anaemia, nervous debility, indigestion, rheumatism and other diseases due to bad blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new, rich, red blood, which strengthens every nerve, every organ and every part of the body, and makes weak, ailing people bright, happy and strong. Mrs. Jas. McDonald, Harcourt, N. B., says: "In my opinion Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do all that is claimed for them. My system was run down, and I was so weak I could hardly do my work, and taking care of my baby added to my difficulties. I used a few boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and they made me feel like my own self. I very cheerfully recommend the Pills to all who are weak or ailing."

DANGER IN CLEANLINESS.

Odd Opinion of Distinguished London Physician.

Somewhat novel views of the subject of bacteriology and hygiene were advanced by Sir Almroth Wright, M.D., F.R.S., in an address recently. There was a belief, he said, that by washing, people washed off microbes. We did take off a certain amount of microbes, but we also destroyed the protective skin, which was all around our bodies, like the skin of a house. If one had a skin like a tortoise, microbes would never get through. To have a Turkish bath was to take away one's horny protection. A great deal of washing increases the microbes of the skin, he declared, so he did not think cleanliness was to be recommended as a hygienic method. With regard to the belief that in cases of consumption, fresh air would make things right, he asked why it was this principle only applied to tubercular disease. He held it to be dreadful superstition. The whole doctrine of fresh air required to be revised. Rich people, he asserted, surrounded themselves with all sorts of luxury, and took absolutely no interest in getting rid of the microbes that surrounded them. He had been in consultation with twenty-one doctors around a rich man's bed, and none of them knew anything about him.

Shiloh's Cure

MEANT WELL.

The old folks had had three days together. "You have a pretty place here, John," remarked the guest on the morning of his departure. "But it looks a bit bare yet." "Oh, that's because the trees are so young," answered the host comfortably. "I hope they'll have grown to a good size before you come again."

CURED OF LAME BACK WHEN 51.
Mr. Samuel Martin, of Strathroy, Ont., passed twenty years of his life in misery, suffering tortures from lame back. He tried nearly all advertised remedies and household recipes, but received no benefit from any of them. Some months ago, seeing Gila Pills advertised, Mr. Martin purchased a box. The relief which Mr. Martin experienced after he had taken one box, was so great that he knew he had found the right remedy at last. He used two more boxes and is now completely cured.
50c a box, & for \$2.50. At all dealers. Free sample if you write National Drug and Chemical Co., (Dept. W.L.), Toronto.

SOURCE OF THE RED CROSS.

Dunant, "The Gentleman in White," Conceived the Idea.

During the Italian War of 1859, young Jean Dunant was travelling in that country. After the battle of Solferino, he visited the field, and, seeing the terrible sufferings of the wounded soldiers who lay around untended, he, with the assistance of several peasant women, formed an ambulance service, with its headquarters in a little church at Castiglione. He helped with his own hands to bind up the wounds of Frenchmen, Italians and Austrians alike. "They are all brothers," he said. "A wounded enemy is an enemy no longer." And he and his corps of helpers brought water and medicine and cheered the unfortunates, and closed the eyes of the dead, and performed the last kind offices for the dying. Dunant was regarded by the hundreds of wounded as a miracle of goodness—little less than an angel. "The gentleman in white," was the way in which the officers spoke of him, as he moved around among the sick, his light clothing making him conspicuous on the field. His experiences at Solferino, where he saw that the willing hands of a few untrained helpers actually saved many lives, and comforted hundreds of others, inspired him with the grand idea of an organization—the Red Cross.

BAGDAD FROM A DISTANCE.

Oriental City Looks Its Best From Afar On.

Those of us who can think of Bagdad only as the magnificent city of Haroun-al-Raschid can hardly be expected to welcome the new international railway scheme. Let Bagdad remain forever inaccessible, except in dreams. But should the worst happen to Bagdad and the tomb of Zobeide become the shrine of British tourists the old city will have to undergo a few repairs. For it is safe from neither plague nor flood. In one of the disasters of the last century the plague carried off 4,000 people daily for many days, and jealous Tigris overflowed its banks and destroyed several thousand houses and drowning 15,000 people. Like most Oriental cities, Bagdad looks her best from a distance. You miss the filthy, narrow streets, where two horses can hardly walk abreast, and behold a vision of luxuriant date groves, out of which rise little islands of green domes and graceful minarets. In the days of its splendor the East India Company maintained in the ancient city of the Caliphs a Resident, with a generous establishment; nowadays we are content with the usual modest Consular service.—London Chronicle.

NEVER BE WITOUT BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mothers, if you wish to guard the health of your little ones against the sudden outbreaks of those ailments peculiar to childhood, always keep a supply of Baby's Own Tablets on hand. These Tablets never fail to relieve baby of distressing stomach aches, pains caused by difficult teething and the many other little troubles that make baby's life miserable. The Tablets are sold under the guarantee of a government analyst to contain not one particle of opiate or other injurious drug and they may be given to the youngest baby with perfect safety. Concerning them Mrs. Hypolite Chasson, Eastern Harbour, N. S., writes: "We have used Baby's Own Tablets for our baby and they have done her much good. Please send us two more boxes as I find them the only medicine that helps our little one." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"Your own baby, if you have one," advertised the enterprising photographer, "can be enlarged, tinted and framed for \$9.75 per dozen."

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Luck seems to have a mania for calling on people who are not expecting it.

You are not treating yourself or your family fairly if you don't keep Hamlin's Wizard Oil in the house. It's the best substitute for family doctor and a mighty good friend in case of emergency.

NO NEED TO.

A man entered a confectioner's shop and called for a lemonade. He drank it, and was about to walk out, when the landlord stopped him.

"Here, sir," he cried, "you haven't paid for that drink you had!"

"What's that you say?" asked the customer.

"I said you haven't paid for that lemonade."

"Did you pay for it?"

"Certainly I did!"

"Well, then, what's the good of both of us paying for it?"

JUST ONE WOMAN IN THOUSANDS

WHO CAN SAY "DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS MADE ME WELL!"

Mrs. Louis Delorme who was always tired and nervous and suffered from Backache, tells how she found a cure.

St. Rose du Lac, Man., April 3 (Special)—The story of Mrs. Louis Delorme, a well known and highly respected resident of this place, is identical with that of thousands of other women in Canada. It is all the more interesting on that account. She was tired, nervous and worn out. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured her.

"I suffered for five years from Backache and too frequent urination, which destroyed my sleep," Mrs. Delorme states. "My head would ache, and I was always tired and nervous. My limbs were heavy, and I had a dragging sensation across the loins. Dodd's Kidney Pills made me well. I used in all ten boxes, but they fixed me up." Thousands of other Canadian women who have not used Dodd's Kidney Pills are in just the condition Mrs. Delorme was in before she used them. Thousands of others who were in that condition and who used Dodd's Kidney Pills, are now well and strong.

We learn from the experiences of others, and those experiences teach us that the weary and worn women of Canada can find relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

KING AND SPORT.

Has No Hankering After Reputation of Being a Sporting Man.

Although King George intends to bestow his formal encouragement upon the social aspect of the Turf, it is an open secret at the Court that he does not mean to elevate the sport of horse-racing to a supreme place in his personal interests. King George is a firm believer in physical recreations for the nation at large. He desires to make it clear that, so far as he is concerned, personal effort in recreation deserves a higher place in the estimation of the people than mere attendance at spectacular sports. He is very proud—and does not hesitate to say so to his intimates—of the title of "sportsman," but he has no hankering after the reputation of being a "sporting man." While, therefore, he will go down to Epsom for the summer meeting, and drive from Windsor to Ascot in traditional state, King George intends to give every special encouragement to other forms of sport as opportunity serves.

Smith—"You and Jones don't seem to be as friendly as you were. Does he owe you money?" Brown—"No, not exactly; but he wanted to."

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

THE HOMEMAKER.

"You say you once had a home?" "Dat's what I had," answered Plodding Pete. "Why didn't you do something to make your folks comfortable and happy?" "I did. I left."

A pleasant medicine for children is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and there is nothing better for driving worms from the system.

Many a man who is willing to be a scoundrel would object to being called one.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Vocal teachers are always howling about their work.

The Best Liver Pill.—The action of the liver is easily disarranged. A sudden chill, undue exposure to the elements, over-indulgence in some favorite food, excess in drinking, are a few of the causes. But whatever may be the cause, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills can be relied upon as the best corrective that can be taken. They are the leading liver pills and they have no superiors among such preparations.

A girl's idea of a hero is a young man who asks her father for her hand.

Requisite on the Farm.—Every farmer and stock-raiser should keep a supply of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil on hand, not only as a ready remedy for ills in the family, but because it is a horse and cattle medicine of great potency. As a substitute for sweet oil for horses and cattle affected by colic it far surpasses anything that can be administered.

PISO'S

the name to remember when you need a remedy for COUGHS and COLDS
EIKER-HOFF REMEDY
ASTHMA, CATARRH, HAY FEVER, CAN BE CURED
THE RAVAGES OF CONSUMPTION MAY BE STOPPED. WRITE FOR SAMPLE.
WILLIAMS' MEDICINE CO.
106 FULTON ST. N.Y.

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" Piano Action

You'll Save Both Time and Money—as Well as a Good Deal—of Trouble if You Use

"POWDRPAINT" —PAINT WITHOUT OIL—

Readily applied, gives you a hard permanent finish that will wear for years. Send for Color Card and full particulars. Please mention this paper.

The Powderpaint Co.
TORONTO

IODINOL \$1 a box IODINOL 6 for 25

The most highly efficient application for the reduction of Swellings, Goitre, Thick Neck, Glandular Enlargements, Its Positive.

PILES of all kinds, in any and all stages, quickly relieved and positively cured. Cure your suffering and live quietly. "Common Sense" for Piles will do it. \$ a box, \$5 for 6 boxes. Mailed on receipt of price.

LYLE MEDICINE COMPANY, TORONTO
718 WEST QUEEN STREET

Willie—"Mummie, will it hurt to have this tooth out?" Mrs. Slimson—"Naturally; but it will be so sudden that you won't have time to think—just a quick turn, and it will be all over." Willie—"H'm—that's all that could happen to me if I had my head pulled off!"

The merits of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup as a sure remedy for coughs and colds are attested by scores who know its power in giving almost instant relief when the throat is sore with coughing, and the whole pulmonary region disordered in consequence. A bottle of this world-famed Syrup will save doctor's bills, and a great deal of suffering. Price 25 cents, at all dealers.

If a man succeeded in discovering perpetual motion he probably wouldn't feel as proud as he did when as a boy he discovered that he could whistle through his teeth.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggist refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 50c.

She—"You say you love me with all your heart." He—"With all my heart." She—"And would you die for me?" He—"Hardly. You see, mine is undying love!"

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over SIXTY-FIVE YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEething, WITH PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE GUMS, SOFTENS THE GINGIVAE, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act, June 30th, 1906. Serial Number 104.
AN OLD AND WELL TRULY REMEDY.

Unfortunately the chap who is always shooting off his mouth never runs short of ammunition.

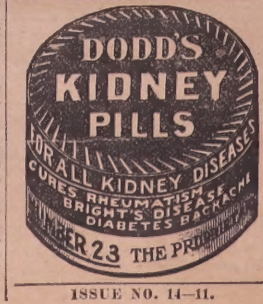
Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Lots of people pose as peacemakers because of the opportunity it affords them to butt in.

Corns cause much suffering, but Holloway's Corn Cure offers a speedy, sure, and satisfactory relief.

THE REASON.

"How did you ever happen to call your little daughter Dagmar?" "My wife found after careful inquiry that it was about the only thing we could call the little one without running the risk of naming her after some relative of mine."



ISSUE NO. 14-11.

CUTTING!

Private Doolan, the regimental barber, was well known for his carelessness. One day, while shaving Pat Dougherty, he had the misfortune to cut his patron's cheek several times.

Pat took all these gashes in grave silence, but when the shave was over he walked over to his water-bottle, which he had filled with water, took a mouthful, and, with compressed lips, proceeded to shake his head from side to side.

"What's the matter? You ain't got the toothache?" asked the barber.

"Whist! I was only trying if my mouth would hold water without leaking!" replied Pat.

LOW COLONIAL RATES TO THE PACIFIC COAST.

Via the Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Line, daily from March 10th to April 10th from all points in Canada.

Personally conducted California tours in Pullman tourist sleeping cars on through trains leave Chicago Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week.

Pullman tourist sleeping cars daily. For full particulars apply to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 46 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.; F. H. Terry, Travelling Agent, Toronto, or S. A. Hutchinson, Manager, Tours Dept., 212 Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

WHY? WHAT?

Why was the dumb waiter returned? Because it didn't answer.

Why is the letter W like scandal? Because it makes ill will.

Why is a fisherman's the most profitable business? It is all net profit.

I was cured of Acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT. J. M. CAMPBELL, Bay of Islands.
I was cured of Facial Neuralgia by MINARD'S LINIMENT. WM. DANIELS, Springfield, N.S.
I was cured of Chronic Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT. GEO. TINGLEY, Albert Co., N.B.

Beautiful Maiden—"Mr. Scapple, I can't have you coming to see me any more under a misapprehension. Papa isn't wealthy now. He lost all his money last week on the Stock Exchange." Persistent Caller—"That doesn't make any difference, Miss Flosser. I know it already. I'm one of the fellows who got his money."

Comfort for the Dyspeptic—There is no ailment so harassing and exhausting as dyspepsia, which arises from defective action of the stomach and liver, and the victim of it is to be pitied. Yet he can find ready relief in Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, a preparation that has established itself by years of effective use. There are pills that are widely advertised as the greatest ever compounded, but not one of them can rank in value with Parmelee's.

"Waiter!" called a diner, at a club, "come here at once! Here's a hook-and-eye in this salad!" "Yessah, yessah," said the waiter, grinning broadly. "Dat's a paht of de dressing, seh!"

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, 1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, 1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

"You are a sharp boy, Tommy." "Well, I ought to be. Dad takes me into his study and strops me three or four times a week."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

PASSED ON.

Mr. Lammewell believed that to spare the rod spoil the child, therefore he kept in a certain closet a leather strap with which he administered punishment to his offspring when they committed any misdemeanor.

A few days ago he had occasion to need the strap, but it was missing from its usual place, and a thorough search of the entire house failed to discover it. Then he offered a reward of five cents to whomsoever of his olive branches could tell him what had become of the lost article.

"Gimme the five cents," cried four-year-old Tommy. "I know where it is."

When the coins were safely stowed away in his trousers' pocket he said, with much pride:

"I gave it to Willie Wilkin's father."

HIS CONGE.

Resturant Proprietor—"So you were in your last place for three years. Why did you leave?"

New Chef—"I was pardoned."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.



FARMS FOR RENT AND SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne St., Toronto.

FRUIT, STOCK, GRAIN, DAIRY FARMS, all sizes and all prices. See me before buying.

GOOD HUNDRED ACRE FARM, with good buildings and orchard.

HAVE several farms with orchards and fruit at reasonable prices.

ALBERTA, SASKATCHEWAN, and MANITOBA LANDS.

DON'T buy a farm without consulting me.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne St., Toronto.

ALL KINDS OF FARMS—Fruit farms a specialty. W. B. Calder, Grimsby.

25 ACRES, Township McGillivray, County of Middlesex, soil rich, brick house, out-buildings, good, 4 miles to Parkhill.

THE WESTERN REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, Ltd., London, Ont.

5 TON SCALE, special price. Wilson's Scale Works, Etobicoke, Toronto.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—\$500 a day easy. No experience needed. Sell on sight. Absolute necessity to farmers. Does work of thirty men. Pays for itself in one hour. Write to-day. MODERN MACHINERY CO., (Dept. 3), Sarnia, Ont.

FOR SALE.

FARM SCALES, special price. Wilson's Scale Works, Etobicoke, Toronto.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS FOR SALE. Ask for our price list. J. W. and R. B. THOMPSON, Niagara, Ont.

If you are looking for the best FREEMASON proposition in Canada, one that appeals to everyone, apply to SELLERY, Advertising Dept., 223 Albert St., Ottawa.

WHITE ORPINGTON EGGS, \$3.00 per fifteen. Rhode Island Reds, \$1.50 per fifteen. T. J. SMITH, Southam Pig and Litho Co., London, Ont.

LEARN THE BARBER TRADE—NEW system—constant practice—careful instruction—a few weeks' complete course—tools free. Graduates earn twelve to eighteen dollars weekly. Write for catalogue. Koller Barber College, 221 Queen East, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bullman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

MOTHER KNEW.

Mother—"I'm afraid Gwendoline is setting her heart on that young Penniless."

Father—"You think so?"

Mother—"I am almost sure of it."

Father—"Well, he is not a fit person for her to marry. He is as poor as a rat, and has no prospects. Something must be done to set her against him."

Mother—"I have thought of that, and have hit upon what I think is an excellent plan."

Father—"Yes. What is it?"

Mother—"We must tell her that we want her to marry him."

BABIES SORES.

Every mother should realize that the skin of her baby is so tender that the secretions of the body often lead to rashes, eruptions, etc., all of which may be removed by Zam-Buk and the use of Zam-Buk Soap. Scores of examinations have found to be suffering from some form of skin irritation or "heat." Use Zam-Buk Soap for the bath and apply Zam-Buk Balm to the sores, and the trouble will soon vanish.

Try a Box of 125 Abolition Ave., Winnipeg, etc. Some nasty sores were out on my baby's mouth, and I tried all the preparations used, but they would not heal. I took him to St. Raphael Hospital and he remained there for two weeks. At the end of the time he was no better, and we were told to try Zam-Buk and obtained a supply. The effect of the first few applications was very soothing and I continued with the use of the balm. A little perseverance resulted in a complete cure.

Zam-Buk Soap is sold by all Druggists at 25c per tablet and Zam-Buk Balm at 50c per box. The Zam-Buk treatment quickly cures eczema, ulcers, sores, ringworm, eruptions, pimples, heat rashes, piles, etc., burns and all skin injuries and diseases.

Zam-Buk

For tea you can't test LIPTON'S TEA

OVER 2 MILLION PACKAGES SOLD WEEKLY

LOSS OF \$100,000 AT KELSO

Explosion of Lamp in Miller's Hotel Started a Costly Blaze

A despatch from North Bay says: Fire which broke out at Kelso at 2 o'clock on Thursday morning assumed large proportions. The Miller Hotel, of three storeys with 200 rooms, was destroyed, as were also: The Prospect House, Bank of Ottawa's office, Davis and Dunn's general store, and several other stores. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. The fire started in the Miller Hotel, from a lamp explosion, the flames spreading very rapidly. Efforts to save goods and effects from flames resulted in many narrow escapes from death. Several minor accidents occurred, but nothing serious. Northerly winds saved the property of the T. and N. O. Railway. Lack of water prevented the fire being combated, but a railway engine was rushed from Iroquois Falls, and moved the freight cars, loaded with goods for Porcupine camp, out of the danger zone.

LARGEST CUSTOMS REVENUE

A Gain of Twelve and a Quarter Million Dollars for the Year.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Customs revenue of the Dominion for the fiscal year, closed on Friday, shows the unprecedented gain of \$12,280,930 over the fiscal year ending March 31, 1910. For the twelve months ending March 31, 1911, the total revenue was \$72,343,866.07, as compared with \$60,062,936.56, the year just ending being the biggest in the history of the country. The month of March, just closed, shows the largest revenue of any one month also in the lifetime of the Dominion, being over a million dollars greater than the previous largest month, which was August, 1910. The figures for March, 1911, are \$7,445,474.52, as compared with \$6,990,989.03 for March, 1910, an increase of \$1,464,485.20.

SAVED HIS FAMILY.

But Man Residing Near Haileybury Was Severely Burned.

A despatch from Cobalt says: A woman and five children had a narrow escape from being burned to death in a house near Haileybury on Tuesday night. A lamp fell over and exploded at the foot of the stairs in the house of Joseph Ross, thus cutting off all escape. The father jumped from the upper window and got the children by means of a ladder, but not before they had been severely burned. There then remained a month-old baby in the house, and Ross went through the flames for it and brought it to safety, wrapped in blankets, but his face was a mass of blisters, and flesh was hanging from his hands. Mrs. Ross broke a rib in jumping from the bedroom window.

UNPRECEDENTED REVENUE.

Britain's Gross Income for the Year Was \$203,850,588.

A despatch from London says: John Bull is able to boast of a record income for the financial year which ended on Friday. The gross revenue for the year reached the unprecedented sum of 203,850,588 pounds sterling. Nevertheless the net result is somewhat disappointing, the surplus being only £5,006,766. The explanation of this is that £31,500,000 sterling are arrears of 1909-10, the collection of which was delayed by the Lords' rejection of the Lhrad rdlia hrdiaaldrhaa hadr than £26,000,000 of the total was earmarked to meet the deficit of 1909-10.

FALL WHEAT WINTERS WELL

Large Increase in Average Under Grain-- Snow Helped It Along.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Careful investigation by local grain exchange members, by mill men, and reports from Minneapolis, and Chicago show most satisfactory agricultural conditions in the Canadian West to day. Fall wheat is reported in excellent shape in both Northern and Southern Alberta, having come through the winter well. There is a considerable increase in acreage. Experiments with fall wheat in some parts of Manitoba are also promising. The open character of last fall resulted in a big amount of fall

UNION JACK SHALL FLY.

Flag to be Displayed on Public Buildings Every Week Day.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Minister of Public Works has issued an order, in accordance with the decision of the Cabinet Council, directing that the Union Jack shall fly over every public building in Canada on every day except Sunday during the year. At present the flag is flown only over public buildings in seaports or ports of entry along the international boundary.

TO SUCCEED DR. SAUNDERS.

Prof. Robertson May Become Di- rector of Dominion Farms.

A despatch from Ottawa says: It is stated that Prof. Robertson, head of the Commission on Technical Education and Industrial Training, is likely to be induced to return to the Government service and succeed Dr. William Saunders as director of the Dominion experimental farms.

AN ERA OF PROSPERITY.

Prediction of Newfoundland's Gov- ernor to Legislature.

A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., says: After a session lasting but seven weeks, the shortest regular session on record, the Newfoundland Legislature was prorogued on Wednesday. In his closing speech the Governor, Sir Ralph E. Williams, expressed his belief that the colony is entering upon an unprecedented era of prosperity.

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 4.—Flour—Winter wheat 80 per cent. patents, \$3.25 at seaboard. Manitoba flours—First patents, \$5.40; second patents \$4.90, and strong bakers', \$4.70, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 95½c, Bay ports; No. 2 Northern, 93c, Bay ports, and No. 3 at 91c, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 red and white, 80 to 81c, outside.

Barley—Malting qualities, 64 to 67c outside, according to quality, and feed, 52 to 56c outside.

Oats—No. 2 white, 34 to 34½c, on track, Toronto, and 32 to 32½c outside. No. 2 W.C. oats, 36½c, Bay ports, and No. 3 at 35½c, Bay ports.

Corn—No. 3 American, 51½ to 52c, Toronto freight.

Peas—No. 2 around 80c outside. Rye—66 to 68c outside.

Buckwheat—No. 1 at 48½ to 49c outside.

Brans—Manitobas, \$23, in bags, Toronto, and shorts, \$24.50, in bags, Toronto; Ontario shorts, \$24.50 to \$25.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Spys, \$5 to \$6; Baldwins, \$4 to \$4.50; Greenings, \$4 to \$4.50; No. 2 assorted, \$3.50 to \$4.50 per barrel.

Beans—Car lots, \$1.75 to \$1.90, and small lots, \$1.90 to \$2.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 10 to 11c per lb.; No. 1 comb, wholesale, \$2 to \$2.50 per dozen; No. 2 comb, wholesale, \$1.75 to \$2 per dozen.

Baled Hay—No. 1 at \$11.50 to \$13 on track, and No. 2 at \$9 to \$10.50.

Baled Straw—\$6.50 to \$7 on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Car lots, 80 to 85c per bag, and New Brunswick, 90 to 95c.

Poultry—Wholesale prices of dressed poultry: Chickens, 15 to 16c per lb.; fowl, 11 to 13c per lb.; turkeys, 19 to 21c per lb. Live, 1 to 2c less.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Dairy prints, 18 to 20c; inferior, 16 to 17c. Creamery, 27 to 28c per lb. for rolls, 24 to 24½c for solids, and 22 to 23c for separator prints.

Eggs—Case lots, 18c per dozen. Cheese—Large, 14c, and twins 14½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 12½c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$20 to \$21; do., short cut, \$24 to \$24.50; pickled rolls, \$20 to \$21.

Hams—Light to medium, 15c; do., heavy, 12 to 13c; rolls, 12½c; breakfast bacon, 16½ to 17c; backs, 18 to 18½c.

Lard—Tierces, 12c; tubs, 12½c; pails, 12½c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 4.—According to cable advices, the foreign wheat situation is very weak. Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 35½c, car lots; extra No. 1 feed, 88c; No. 3 C. W., 37½c; No. 2 local white, 36½c; No. 3 local white, 35½c; No. 4 local white, 34½c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.60; do., seconds, \$5.10; Winter wheat patents, \$4.50; strong bakers', \$4.90; straight rollers, \$4 to \$4.25; do., in bags, \$1.75 to \$1.85.

Rolls—Oats—Per barrel, \$3.90; bag of 60 lbs., \$1.95. Barley—Feed, car lots extra, 49 to 50c. Corn—American No. 3 yellow, 56 to 56½c.

Millfeed—Brans, Ontario, \$23 to \$23½; Manitoba, \$21 to \$23; middlings, Ontario, \$24 to \$25; shorts, Manitoba, \$23 to \$25; mouillie, \$25 to \$30. Eggs—Fresh, 20 to 23c.

Cheese—Westerns, 12½ to 12½c; easterns, 11½ to 12c. Butter—Choice, 26 to 27c; seconds, 24½ to 25½c.

United States Markets. Minneapolis, April 4.—Wheat—May 99½ to 92½c; July, 93½ to 93½c; cash, No. 1 hard, 94½ to 94½c; No. 1 Northern, 92½ to 93½c; No. 2 Northern, 90½ to 91½c; No. 3 Northern, 88½ to 90½c.

Brans—\$21.50 to \$22. Flour—First patents, \$4.35 to \$4.65; second patents, \$4.25 to \$4.55; first clear, \$2.85 to \$3.30; second clear, \$1.85 to \$2.50.

Buffalo, April 4.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, carloads, store, \$1.00 5-8; Winter, No. 2 red 92c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 49c; No. 4 yellow, 47½c, all on track, through billed. Oats—No. 2 white, 34c; No. 3 barley, 32½c; No. 4 white, 32½c. Barley—Malting, \$1.10 to \$1.14.

LIVE STOCK MARKET. Montreal April 4.—Steers sold at from 5½ to 6½c, cows at from 3½ to 4½c, and bulls at from 4 to 5c per lb. Sheep sold at 4½ to 5c per lb.,

MADE IN CANADA ROYAL YEAST CAKES MOST PERFECT MADE

Has been Canada's favorite
Yeast over a quarter of a
century. Enough for 5 cts
to produce 50 large loaves
of fine, wholesome, nour-
ishing, home-made bread.
Do not experiment—there
is nothing "just as good."

E. W. GILLET CO. LTD.
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL
Awarded highest honors at
all Expositions.



1,000 KILLED IN BATTLE

Women and Children Among the Slain at San Rafael, Mexico

A despatch from Nogales, Arizona, says: In a battle which has waged since last Monday between San Rafael and Ureco one thousand Federals and rebels are said to have been killed. This report comes from a Federal officer in Nogales, Sonora, who is said to have received despatches from Hermosillo. From the same source it is reported that many women and children

were killed during an engagement fought at San Rafael while the town was being swept by flames, which were started by the dynamiting of a big flour mill. The rebel forces number in excess of 1,500, and their ranks are being joined by ranchers and miners for many miles around. The original Federal forces under Col. Ojeda and Barran numbered 800, including 200 Yaqui Indians.

CRIME AT MONTREAL.

Men Sentenced for Manslaughter, Stabbing and Wounding.

A despatch from Montreal says: Thursday was sentence day in the Court of King's Bench. Judge Lavergne sentenced Pasquali Biseno to twelve years in the penitentiary for slaying a compatriot with a razor. He cut a gash five inches long in the cheek of his fellow-countryman. Rosario Cazavan, found guilty of manslaughter by causing the death of Ernest Bigras in striking him a blow on the head, was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary. Sebastien Coristi, guilty of wounding a fellow-countryman by cutting him on the chest with a sharp instrument, was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary. Louis Goguet, guilty of obtaining money under false pretences, was sentenced to eighteen months in jail.

POLLUTING THE WATER.

Tannery Firm in Quebec Province Has to Pay a Fine.

A despatch from Montreal says: The Lesage Company, operating a tannery situated at St. Leonard de Port Maurice, was fined \$750 in the Court of King's Bench on Friday morning for contaminating water by products from their mill. Twice before they were summoned and ordered to make improvements to stop the nuisance, but this order was repeated on Friday morning.

YOUTHFUL INCENDIARY.

Montreal Boy Admits Causing Three Fires in North-end.

A despatch from Montreal says: Fifteen-year-old Hector Lefebvre on Wednesday pleaded guilty to the charge of being a firebug. He admitted that he had been the direct cause of three outbreaks in the north end of the city, in one of which four horses were destroyed.

GOT \$40,000 LOOT.

Train Robbers in Russia Hold Up Train With Pay Chest.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Robbers held up a train at Wladow on Wednesday night, and secured \$40,000, intended for the payment of railroad employees. Two passengers were wounded.

SPEECH OF FUTURE KING.

Prince of Wales Performs His First Public Act.

A despatch from London says: The boyish Prince of Wales performed his first public act and made his maiden speech on Wednesday at Dartmouth. The occasion was the observing of the ancient custom of presenting to the Town of Dartmouth a silver arc symbolizing its traditional guardianship of that harbor. The chief impression left upon his huge crowd of future subjects by the Prince was the youngster's modesty, but notwithstanding his nervousness, which he showed by blushing, by biting his lip frequently and casting frequent supplicating glances at his tutor, the Prince came through with flying colors and the women were unanimous in pronouncing him "a dear." His younger brother, Albert, who accompanied the Prince, evidently enjoyed his own lack of responsibility and laughed happily at the crowds.

NEARLY \$2,000 IN FINES

Unlicensed Liquor Dealers in Cochrane and Kelso Raided

A despatch from Cobalt says: The second chapter in the raid planned by the Provincial License Department resulted in the collection of fines amounting to \$1,960 at Kelso and Cochrane. The roundup there and in Cobalt simultaneously was carried out by Chief Caldwell and his men without a hitch. The charges were for selling liquor without a license. Following were the cases: Kelso—Win. Mulligan, \$100; John McMillan, \$100; Jas. Burke, \$50; Waterman, \$150; Dr. Havigan, \$40; Jas. Marshall, \$200. Cochrane—John Philbert, \$100; Clifford Vansett, \$100; Joe Gagnon, \$100; Jas. O'Reilly, \$300; A. Vizan, \$100; T. Fitzgerald, \$100; P. Murphy, \$100; Edward Fourmery, \$100; T. Lanothe, \$100; L. Raymore, \$300. Chas. Johnston, committed for trial at North Bay, charged with breaking into Cochrane Jail and stealing 30 cases of liquor, is out on \$1,500 bail, and A. Peterson on \$1,000 bail on the same charge. Edward Pigeon was sentenced to fifteen months in the Central Prison on Thursday afternoon by Magistrate Atkinson for forging a check for \$55.

1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.



MEN'S MILLINERY OPENING

SATURDAY, APRIL 15TH

A NEW HAT
FOR EASTER SUNDAY
EVERYBODY WELCOME

EASTER FIXIN'S

New Neckwear

Gloves

Hosiery

Shirts

FRED. T. WARD, Men's Wear Man

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

Fashion's Facts, Fads and Fancies For Easter and the Coming Season

Our showing of Spring Goods in all departments was never so large. Throughout our entire store Spring beauty presents itself in latest styles, best quality and newest fabrics. Before you do your spring purchasing have a look at our lines. Come early and get best choice.

Dress Goods and Silks

The leading fashions for the coming season indicate an extensive use of soft, clinging silks and light weight material. Beautiful in color and designs are our fabrics in Basket-cloth, Tricotine, Ottoman, Drape de Paris, Panama, Voile, Satin, Silk Foulards, Silks in Jacquards, Paisley, Paillette, Messaline, Shantung, etc. Prices 50c. to \$1.50 per yd.

Wash Goods

Don't fail to see our range in this department, especially the latest Shot Linens, Repps, Delaines, Foulards, Dimities, Muslins, Vestings, etc. Prices 15c. to 50c. per yd.

House Furnishing Department

Everything new and up-to-date, comprising the latest in Lace Curtains, Art Muslins and Draperies, Satens, Scrims, Madras, Cretonnes, single and double reversible cloths, Floor and Stair Oilcloths, Linoleums in all widths. Don't fail to see these, it will be a liberal education.

Lace Curtains.....50c. to \$5.00 per pair
SPECIAL—Fine Brussels Net Curtains, neat designs, 3 1/2 yds. long, 42" wide, extra value.....\$1.25
Fine Art Satens reg. 20c. and 25c. values, only.....15c. yd.
Get our prices on Linoleums and Floor Oilcloths. We can save you money.

Specials

DRESS GOODS.—Black and White Checks, very fashionable, 38" wide, only.....19c. per yd.
KID GLOVES.—Every pair perfect. Colors Black, Tan and Gray. Sale price.....79c. per pair

BLACK SATEEN UNDERSKIRTS.—Reg. 75c, sale price.....38c.
TORCHON PILLOW LACE.—3 1/2 in. wide, good value at 10c. yd. Sale price.....5c. per yd.
FINEST NEEDLESS MASCATEL RAISINS.—3 lbs. for.....25c.
FULL DINER PAIL SODAS.—Special.....25c. pail
SEEDLESS NAVEL ORANGES.—2 for 5c. or.....25c. doz.

Millinery Department

Secure your Spring Millinery now. Our stocks are up-to-date in every way and we guarantee you the best service and workmanship obtainable. Our range of Children's and Misses' Hats has never been equalled.

Highest price allowed for produce. Phone 43 Goods promptly delivered

Clubbing List.

THE NEWS-ARGUS will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe.....	\$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire.....	1.80
The Family Herald & Weekly Star.....	1.80
The Weekly Witness.....	1.80
The Weekly Sun.....	1.80
The Toronto News (Daily).....	2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily).....	2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily).....	4.50
Farm and Dairy.....	1.75
The Farmers Advocate, weekly.....	2.30
The Home Journal, Toronto.....	1.60
Youth's Companion, Boston.....	2.75

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE

The subscriber offers for sale that most desirable frame residence on Wright St. in the Village of Stirling, and a few minutes walk from the centre of the village. The house is in good repair, and fitted with modern conveniences, with good furnace for heating. There is a good lawn in front and a number of fruit trees on the lot. There is also in connection a good blacksmith shop on Front Street. As the owner is going away the premises will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply on the premises to

MRS. JOHN A. JOYCE.

The Famine in China

The following circular letter has been received, showing the great extent of the famine in China, and the terrible sufferings resulting from it.

Dear Mr. Editor,
We are writing the Editors of our Dominion asking their co-operation in securing help for the famine-stricken provinces of Anhui and Kiangsu in China, where nearly three million people are destitute and perishing.

The conditions there are appalling. The harvest was all destroyed by the terrible flood, and no food can be had from the soil until June or later. Many villages were entirely swept away and the people left homeless and in dire distress. Multitudes gather together in great camps; those who are strong enough wander over the hills pulling up roots of weeds for fuel in cooking the pittance of rice they may receive from the relief agencies. The suffering is terrible. Thousands of tottering babies, boys and girls clad in rags—if clad at all—are about everywhere; old men and women hobble along leaning on sticks for support, or lie by the wayside, their eyes staring out in mute appeal. Many thousands have perished and it is estimated that over a million will die unless help is immediately sent.

The Chinese Consul-General at Ottawa writes that the distress is indescribable.

The Honorary Secretary of the Distributing Committee in Shanghai, cables us that the famine area is larger than at first believed. Bishop White, of Honan, cables an urgent appeal for help. The one hundred thousand dollars asked from Canada to help meet this awful situation should be EASILY AND IMMEDIATELY SECURED. ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS WILL SAVE A HUMAN LIFE. How many lives will your readers save?

The editors of our country can do more than any other class to assist in this work. We ask you to make a strong appeal through your paper, making use of this letter as you may think necessary, noting that His Excellency Earl Grey, His Honor, the Lieutenant-Governor, J. M. Gibson, and the Hon. Sir James Whitney are giving this movement their hearty support. We suggest that in making the appeal you give your readers the alternative of sending contributions direct to the Treasurer of the Central Committee, Mr. S. J. Moore, 445 King Street, West, Toronto, or sending to you, and that in the latter case you acknowledge all such contributions through your columns, and remit weekly to Mr. Moore.

Trusting that in response to this cry of suffering humanity you will do all you can, and that we may receive a reply from you, and a copy of your paper containing your first appeal.

On behalf of the committee, we are,
Yours sincerely,
W. A. CHARLTON, Chairman.
J. H. GUNDY, Secretary.

Canadian Born

We first saw light in Canada
The land beloved of God
We are the pulse of Canada
It's narrow and it's broad
And we, the men of Canada,
Can face the world and brag
That we were born in Canada
Beneath the British flag.

Few of us have the blood of Kings,
And few are of courtly birth;
But few are vagabonds or rogues,
Of doubtful name or worth,
And all have one credential,
Which entitles us to brag,
That we were born in Canada
Beneath the British flag.

We've got to make our money
And we've got to make our fame
But we have gold and glory
In our clean colonial name;
And every man's a millionaire
If only he can brag
That he was born in Canada,
Beneath the British flag.

The Dutch may have their Holland,
The Spaniard have his Spain,
The Yankee to the south of us
Must south of us remain
And not a man may lift a hand
Against the men who brag
That they were born in Canada
Beneath the British flag.

E. PAULINA, JOHNSON

A statement has been issued showing Canadian ownership of 6,000 miles of railway in the United States.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets assist nature in driving all impurities out of the system, insuring a free and regular condition and restoring the organs of the body to health and strength. Sold by all dealers.

Spring Brook

The residence of Mrs. A. Bird with entire contents was destroyed by fire last Sunday morning—only the cook stove being saved. The children had gone to Sunday school and Mrs. Bird had been out of the house about fifteen minutes when the fire was discovered. There was no one in when the fire started so that it is not known how the fire originated. It was a new building put up last fall, with metallic roof and siding which made it possible to save the residences of Messrs. John and Charles Morgan, as all three buildings stand very close together.

A lodge of Independent Order of Oddfellows was instituted here last Monday night. About thirty members were initiated. This is a pretty good start.

River Valley

From an occasional correspondent

We learn that Mrs. Boulton, of River Valley, has lately received a letter from Tallapoosa, Ga., stating that her mother, Mrs. C. A. Jennings, who has been residing in that place for the past nineteen years, is returning to Canada soon, and is accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. E. J. Weeks, and little grandson, of Colborne, who have been spending the winter in the south. They intend leaving Tallapoosa about the 8th of April, will spend a few days visiting friends in Chattanooga, Tenn., and expect to spend Easter with her youngest brother, Mr. E. O. White, of Toronto. Mrs. Jennings will spend some time in Toronto and Colborne, arriving at her former home in River Valley about the middle of May, when she will be pleased to meet her friends and acquaintances of by-gone days. The trip is a venture for a lady of her years, yet Mrs. Jennings reports herself as being possessed of fairly good health.

Madoc Junction Items

Mrs. Jas. Juby has returned after spending a couple of weeks with her brother Mr. R. Sparrow at Blessington. The farmers are very pleased to see this fine weather. Making maple syrup is the order of the day.

Mrs. A. Seeley and Miss A. Clarke were the guests of Mrs. J. R. Clarke one day last week.

Mrs. Fred Faulkner spent a day last week with her mother Mrs. D. Eggleton.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Stapley of Lindsay are spending a few days with friends around here.

Mrs. Edith Stapley is spending several days with her sister Mrs. P. Carr in Lindsay.

From another Correspondent.

Mrs. Kennedy, of Peterboro, visited her father, Rev. Mr. Barker, for a couple of days last week.

Mrs. Gilbert Hough and Master Leo of Prince Edward visited Mr. and Mrs. Andrews recently, also Master Gordon Hazden, of Madoc, spent the week end with Bertie Andrews.

Mrs. J. M. Clarke has been on the sick list.

Several around here have had a second attack of the old fashioned "grippe".

Mr. Wm. Fitchett sold some valuable horses recently.

Our pastor, Rev. E. A. Tonkin, will preach here at 2:30 Easter Sunday, all being well. Those who did not hear him on Thursday evening missed a very helpful service.

"Away in foreign lands they wondered how

Their simple word had power:
At home the Christians, two or three,
Had met to pray an hour.

Two hundred and eighty new towns will be put on the map of Western Canada this year. The Grand Trunk will put on 135, the Canadian Northern 96 and the Canadian Pacific 50. Most of these towns will be situated on the raw prairie, and will have everything on the road to greatness before them.

General Booth, head of the Salvation Army, celebrated his eighty-second birthday Monday night by addressing a huge gathering of his followers for an hour. He spoke with energy and buoyancy of the future of the organization of which he is the commander. He said he hoped after his coming tour through the United States and Canada, to have a cataract operated on in the Fall, and that he would then feel young again.

Every family and especially those who reside in the country should be provided at all times with a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment. There is no telling when it may be wanted in case of an accident or emergency. It is most excellent in all cases of rheumatism, sprains and bruises. Sold by all dealers.

Sterling Hall's SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS

SPRING JACKETS



Fawns, Grays and Blacks, 32 and 50 in. lengths at.....

.....\$5.00 to \$15.

RAINCOATS

in Parametta and Cravenettes, colors

Black, Fawn, Gray,

at.....\$7.00 to \$10.

Black and Navy

Vicuna Skirts, special at \$1.98 and

\$2.50

BLACK Voile

Skirts, silk braid

trimming, extra

special value at.....

.....\$5.00

BLACK PAN-

AMA Skirts, silk

braid trimmed, special at.....\$5.00

Misses' White

and Colored Mull

and Gingham

Dresses at.....

\$3.00 to \$5.00

Ladies' White

and Colored Lawn

Dresses at \$3.00,

\$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00

Special Black

Taffeta Silk Waists

worth \$4.00, on

sale at.....\$3.00

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS A SPECIALTY

A new Silk Dress or Coat for Easter might brighten the situation. Take a look at our offerings:

Black Bengaline Cord
Silk for Coats, 20 inches
wide, special value at....

.....\$1.00 yd.

20 in. Black and Colored

Paillette Silk at.....

.....50 and 75c. yd.

40 in. Black and Colored

Paillette Silk at.....

.....\$1.25 and \$1.50

Natural Shantung Silks

at.....50 to 85c. yd.

SHEPHERD CHECKS



EVERY WOMAN knows "Shepherd Checks" will be fashionable this Spring. Paris and New York and the big Canadian Cities endorse them.

You can select from our Stock of
Shepherd
Checks
just as well as if you were in a big City.

LADIES' AND GENT'S SHOE SECTIONS

These are replete with the latest productions of "Miss Canada" and "Bell" Shoes for the Ladies, and "Beresford," "Bell" and "Doctor's Special" Shoes for Men. Qualities, values and styles are the best.

FOR THE LADIES.—Patent Pumps, Patent Oxfords and Patent Blucher Bais at.....\$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00

FOR GENTLEMEN.—See our new Gun Metal Blucher Bais in "Beresford" and "Bells" at.....\$4.50, \$5.00

"Regent," Fine Dongola Blucher Bais \$5.00 style and value for

.....\$3.50

MEN'S WEAR SECTION

New arrivals in "Progress" Suits claim attention. Have a look

at our special Worsted Suits at.....\$12.50

Also Gray Twill Tupper Overcoats at.....\$10.00, \$12.50

AERO and WAFFERLITE Black Stiff Hats are the very perfection in style and comfort at.....\$2.25

EASTERN CAPS with new Duck Bill Peaks and Silk linings,

leather sweat bands, at.....\$0.75, \$1.00

The approaching milk drawing season will call for OIL SKIN

CLOTHING. We offer Short Coats at \$1.50; long Coats at \$3.00

and \$3.50; Rain Coats at \$3.00 to \$10.00.

SMALLPRICED SMALLWARES

COTTON THREAD—20 yd. spools, best quality, 3 spools for.....10c

SIX PAIRS Boot Laces for.....3c

SIX DOZEN Dome Dress Fasteners for.....3c

TWO HAIR NETS of good quality for.....3c

HAND BAGS for Girls and Misses, Black, Tan, Green, embossed leather, regular 95c. for.....15c. each

BUTTON MOULDS, all sizes, a dozen for.....15c

PEN KNIVES, pearl handles, 25c. values for.....15c

BUTTON SETS, detachable, for vests and blouses, white and smoked pearl, 25c. value for.....15c

EMBROIDERY SILKS, 3 skins for.....10c. each

BERRY BUNCHES TOILET PINS at.....10c. doz.

PAPER NAPKINS, various styles and sizes, special at.....15c. pair

PAPER NAPKINS, Dennions, 10c. values for.....15c. doz.

VARNISH BRUSHES, 1 1/2 in. wide for.....10c.

TALCUM POWDER, extra large 25c. tins for.....10c.

W. R. MATHER

Bank of Montreal

Established - 1817

CAPITAL, ALL PAID UP.....\$14,400,000.00

REST.....12,000,000.00

UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....961,789.11

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on all excursions. Comfortable berths, fully equipped

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Early application must be made

ASK FOR HOMESEEKERS' PAMPHLET

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Apply to nearest C.P.R. Agent or R.L. Thompson,

Dist. Pass. Agent, Toronto.

ONLY DIRECT LINE NO CHANGE OF CARS

FORTUNE FAVORS THE BRAVE; OR, A LOOK INTO THE PAST

CHAPTER XII.—(Cont'd)

Dinner progressed very well, notwithstanding that the little hostess was rather quiet and somewhat engrossed in her own thoughts. The Hon. Maude was seated next to Mr. Crawshaw, and improved her opportunities in a manner worthy of her mother's daughter.

Mrs. Fairfax sat beside Lord Merefield and yawned audibly, but every now and then her face brightened as the clock chimed the quarters, and she remembered that Darnley would be with them directly.

Dorothy, too, began to awaken as the hour of nine approached. "Derry should be here by this time; but then Derry was not like any one else; perhaps, for aught they knew, he might have come in quietly, without saying a word, and was now sitting comfortably in his own room."

Dorothy said to herself, half pettishly, little thinking how near the truth she had guessed, for Derrick Darnley was at that very moment passing outside the dining-room window, from when, carefully hidden himself by the shrubs and terrace, he had a good view into the room.

He laughed softly to himself as he quickly scanned them all, but his laugh soon died away.

"Old Williams at the lodge must be right, and she is ill," he thought to himself; "my poor darling. I must find out and satisfy myself; perhaps she will grow better when I am near."

He smiled tenderly to himself as he went very noiselessly into the hall, and fortunately met Baines, who at that moment was coming downstairs.

"Miss Dorothy is anxious about Miss Hamilton; is she in her room, Baines?" he asked, careful not to arouse any curiosity by inquiring for her on his own account.

"Lor', no, sir; Miss Nancy went downstairs hours ago. I've just bin in her room, sir, and I know she ain't there. I see her go into the garden, but I thought she was at dinner now, sir."

Mr. Darnley muttered his thanks, and, waiting until Baines had disappeared, then strode into the garden, and turned off resolutely in the direction of the lower lake.

"She will be there—there, where our love-dream was born—my darling! my darling!—my eyes hunger to see your face again!"

The soft, tender look crept over his features, his heart was thrilling and beating with his love; all nature seemed to harmonize with his feelings; there was music in the soft rush of the night air, the burr of the insect world seeking its rest; there was balm and powerful fascination in the fragrance wafted to him by the nodding flowers; it was the very place, the very night, for love's witchery.

And there, just before, lay the corner which he knew by intuition sheltered the woman whose heaven-blue eyes made the world his world, whose sweet lips were his own, whose love surrounded him with peace, happiness and delight, such as rarely comes to man.

The pale summer moon had just broken through the dusk as Derrick Darnley reached the well-remembered spot by the lower lake.

His quick, eager eye had caught the gleam of a white gown through the trees, and his heart beat quicker in triumph and glad array.

He saw the slender figure but dimly, for the light was dying fast, and her silent attitude, born of suppressed agony, did not strike on him as it would have done at another time. He had walked fleetly—he had almost run—now he paused.

She had not moved; she had not turned; perhaps she had not heard, he crept so softly.

"Nancy."

He called it gently, but she started back, started like a frightened deer that saw its doom approach and no aid near.

"My darling! my dearest heart, did I frighten you?"—he was beside her in an instant, and had clasped her in his arms. "Nancy, it has seemed a century since I left you; has it been long to you, sweet? Ah! I need not ask—I need not ask!" he laughed joyously, and his hold tightened on her trembling form.

"You have faded and drooped away from me; you have been ill, my darling—all what ill dare come to you, my own, my sweet!"

—Ah! if he could but have guessed—Ah! if he could only have known!—"They do not know I am here; I stole off at once to find you; am I not clever, eh, little one?" he cooed suddenly. "Kiss me," he

whispered, tenderly, passionately; "kiss me, dearest, and welcome me back again."

With a sobbing cry she drew abruptly from him, just as his lips touched hers.

"No, no," she muttered, hoarsely, "no, you must not."

The words died away in a moan as she covered her face in her hands.

Darnley stood rooted to the spot. "What is it?" he asked, hurriedly; "have I really frightened you?"

"Forgive me, darling, I forgot you had been ill. I am a brute; come to me again, Nancy, and I will soothe you, dearest."

She made no sign, only stood with her face covered up.

A sudden cold pain struck at his heart.

"Nancy!—Nancy!" he cried, huskily, "what is it, what has happened; tell me quickly, what has come to you, dear one?"

She put her hand as if to ward off a blow.

"I am your dear one—no longer."

Each word was uttered sharply, keenly; then rang on his ear with exquisite and horrible pain, so curt and hard did they sound. He passed one hand over his brow.

"I—I do not understand," he said, vaguely, then, seizing her by the two arms, "Speak!—speak!"

he cried, "do not torment me; you are not the same Nancy I left; something has changed you, I do not know what; tell me, am I wrong?"

Her breath was coming short and fast, like that of a person in acute pain; yet she knew she must not fail now; she had to act, and it was not a moment to deliberate, or her strength would go, and she would have told all and betrayed her uncle, her guardian, her relative, her friend.

She dared not lift her eyes to his face as she answered, curly; "You—you are not wrong."

"You are changed," he repeated it over and over again, his gaze burning her pale face. "Nancy, for God's sake, don't trifle with me, tell me the worst! You—you don't love me! it was a mistake!"

She paused, his fingers were clenching her fair young arms, but she did not heed the pain. What was it to the agony that lived in her heart?

"It was a mistake," she said, deliberately, in a dry, choked voice.

His breath came in a panting sob from his lips.

"You do not love me!" he cried, brokenly. "You do not love me!"

She made no answer. She checked the moan that rose from her tortured heart. She could not bear much more.

"You do not love me!—you, my darling!—my promised wife!"

She raised her eyes to his; the moon's pale light shone placidly down on them.

"I can never be your wife."

He bent forward to look at her, but did not release his hold.

"Go on," he muttered, hoarsely; "go on, there is more to know and I am not good at waiting."

Nancy bent her head as a flower droops under the hot heat of the sun.

CURED OF CONSTIPATION

Mr. Andrews praises Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

Mr. George Andrews of Halifax, N.S., writes: "For many years I have been troubled with chronic Constipation. This ailment never comes single-handed, and I have been a victim to the many illnesses that constipation brings in its train. Medicine after medicine I have taken in order to find relief, but one and all left me in the same hopeless condition. It seemed that nothing would expel from me the one ailment that caused so much trouble, yet at last I read about these Indian Root Pills. That was indeed a lucky day for me, for I was so impressed with the statements made that I determined to give them a fair trial. They have regulated my stomach and bowels. I am cured of constipation, and I claim they have no equal as a medicine. For over half a century Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills have been curing constipation and clogged, inactive kidneys, and all the ailments which result from them. They cleanse the whole system and purify the blood. Sold everywhere at 25c. a box."

CHAPTER XIII.

"It is very odd," Dorothy Leicester said to herself.

Dinner was over, and every one was scattered about the grounds and lawn. She could just catch a glimpse of her father lying back serenely asleep in his cozy chair. Mrs. Fairfax was chatting to Lady Burton, deep in some fresh and delightful bit of scandal. Over to her right strolled Mr. Crawshaw with Maud Chester in persistent attendance; while her sister endeavored, without much success, however, to follow her example with Lord Merefield, who was all eager to join his dainty cousin's side, and was, therefore, not a very interested listener to the Hon. Ella's loud-declared accounts of her own and her sister's prowess with the tennis bat.

Dorothy was alone; she might have joined her aunt, Mrs. Darnley, who was sweeping to and fro majestically in her long black satin robe, her diamonds glistening in the moonlight, and an air of undisguised pleasure sitting on her handsome face, but Dorothy infinitely preferred to be alone.

"It is very odd," she said again. She was thinking about Darnley and his non-appearance.

And where was Nancy—what could be keeping her all this time—it was so unlike Nancy to hide herself in this way?

Dorothy bit her pretty lip, and tapped her foot impatiently on the ground.

Her aunt sailed up to her at this moment. "Something has detained Derrick, I suppose," she observed, slowly, "it is too late for him to come now."

Her cold eyes were fixed on a form emerging in the distance as she spoke—a form which moved slowly and languidly as that of a man weakened by illness and suffering, and at the sight a tinge of color crept into her cheeks.

"They have met—we have won!" was the quick thought in her mind—a thought full of triumphant delight, ignorant of either a woman's pity or a mother's sympathetic love.

She put her long, slender hand on Dorothy's shoulder.

"I think we must reconcile ourselves to the fact that he will not come to-night," she said; and then she gave a start of surprise. It was marvellously done, and deceived Dorothy immediately. "Talk of the angels, etc., etc.," Mrs. Darnley said, hurriedly: "here is Derry at last! He must have walked from the station."

Dorothy jumped up at once, all annoyance gone.

"Here you are," she cried, extending both her hands in greeting. "You naughty man you! We have been imagining you lost or drowned, or attacked by brigands."

"While all the time it was only a common, everyday headache that made such a furious onslaught on me."

The man spoke languidly. His hands felt hot and reverberated to Dorothy's touch; his face was strangely haggard in the moonlight.

"I hope you are not going to be ill, too, Derry."

He passed his hand over his aching eyes.

"Why? Have you other invalids, Dorothy?"

"Nancy has been very ill all day. I have been quite alarmed about her. But come in and have some food; you must be hungry and tired. Whatever induced you to walk such a hot night as this?"

"A whim—a mere whim, pretty cousin."

The man let his hand linger in Dorothy's. Her simple, unaffected delight at seeing him vaguely soothed and pleased, even while it pained him. There was such a difference in this greeting from the one that he had just experienced under the trees by the lake edge.

"Don't you see Aunt Anne?" whispered Dorothy.

Derrick Darnley had seen his mother plainly enough, but he shrank from speaking to her then. He felt that her keen, cold eyes would pierce into his heart, and read the

thought written there. Besides, he had a grievance against her—a grievance that was augmented by strange doubt. (To be continued.)

OF THE "OLD SCHOOL."

Examples of Discipline in the British Navy of Long Ago.

A little incident related in the "Reminiscences of Admiral Montagu," of the British Navy, gives one a vivid notion of what discipline must once have been. The strict old gentleman of the story was esteemed and loved by all, says his son-in-law, despite the fact that he commanded his ship and his household in much the same fashion.

Writing about my father-in-law, Lord Hardwicke, has reminded me of what was told me by one of my coast-guard men attached to a station I once commanded on the south coast.

I had driven my wife out with me to inspect this division, and soon after the inspection was over, a gray-haired old man, one of the crew, asked to be allowed to speak to me.

"Certainly," I said, "but what about?"

"Please, sir," he replied, "that 'ere lady as was along with you this morning—I am sure I know her face. They tells me, sir, as she is your good lady."

"Yes," I said, "what about her?"

"Well, sir," he went on, "as sure as my name is Johnson, I was bowman of Lord Hardwicke's galley when he commanded the Vengeance up the straits. One day, sir, when we was a-lying off Genoa, the ship was ready for sea, and the accommodation ladder was hoisted in."

"Well, sir, you knows Lord Hardwicke was a very strict officer, and very particular that all hands was to knock off everything, come what may, whenever the bell struck twelve o'clock, when the ship's company went to dinner. He always wore a pine in his coat, and used to pipe to dinner himself along with the boatswain's mates."

"Well, we were going to take the family to Malta, and had hoisted all the other ladies and children in out of the galley, and had got the lady as was along with you this morning, sir, up the main yard-arm, when eight bells went."

"The lord, he was piping to dinner, with the boatswain's mates, so they catches a turn with the whip, and leaves the lady a-hanging at the yard-arm!"

"I thought it cruel, sir, to see the child left hanging there, sixty feet in the air, and I was immediately under her in the boat. God forgive me, but it was a cruel sight!"

"But after a bit the commander, the officer of the watch and the boatswain's mate eased her in, and lowered her on the deck, when, Lor' bless you, sir, she was all a cry!"

I thought this such a delightful story that I asked my wife about it, and she verified it, remembering it all quite clearly, although it had happened a matter of forty years before.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents

SETTLERS' LOW RATES TO CANADIAN NORTHWEST VIA CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RY.

April 4, 11, 18 and 25 from points in Canada. Excellent train service via St. Paul or Duluth to Winnipeg. For full particulars address B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 40 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.

NO FRENZIED FINANCIER.

"Do you assimilate your food, aunty?"

"No, I doesn't, sah. I buys it open an' honest, sah."

An excellent household remedy for burns is olive oil or vaseline. The great thing is to exclude the air from the burned surface, and this the oil will do.

BOND OFFERINGS

A list of investments has just been prepared in which we include a range of securities acceptable for all requirements.

GOVERNMENT BONDS	to yield	4%
MUNICIPAL DEBENTURES	to yield	4% to 5%
PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS	to yield	5%
RAILROAD BONDS	to yield	5% to 6%
PROVEN INDUSTRIAL BONDS	to yield	5 1/2% to 6%

Write for this list and circulars descriptive of special current issues.

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED.

26 KING STREET TORONTO. LONDON, ENGL. CANADA LIFE BLDG. MONTREAL.

Afraid to Eat?

Does the fear of indigestion spoil the enjoyment of your meals? It needn't. Just take

NA-DRU-CO DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

and you won't know you have a stomach. They will see to it that your food is properly digested. They are among the best of the NA-DRU-CO preparations, compounded by expert chemists and guaranteed by the largest wholesale druggists in Canada. 50c. a box. If your druggist has not stocked them yet, send us 50c. and we will mail you a box.

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA LIMITED, MONTREAL.



For DISTEMPER

Pink Eye, Eczema, Shipping Fever, and Catarrhal Fever. Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or "struck." Liquid, gives on the tongue, acts on the blood and Glands, expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep, and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine kidney remedy. 50c and \$1.00 bottle; \$5.00 and \$10.00 dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show it to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures."

DISTRIBUTORS—ALL WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, 608 HEN. IND., U.S.A.

SHOWING THE PAINT.



Are you going to take any old paint this spring when you paint up? Don't you do it! You can get good paint easily, and get it at the proper price. You can get

Ramsays Paints

the oldest brand of Mixed Paints in Canada, guaranteed for purity, known for quality and unchallenged in all house painting today. Drop us a card and ask for our Booklet B D the hand-somest Booklet on house painting ever issued. It is free. You should have it.

A. RAMSAY & SON CO., THE PAINT MAKERS, MONTREAL. Est'd. 1842.

BRITISH MARMALADE.

Something About This Familiar Part of John Bull's Breakfast.

The manufacture of marmalade and other jams and preserved fruits is an important industry in the United Kingdom. Fruit jams, and especially marmalade, are found upon every British table, private and public, and are always served with breakfast and afternoon tea. In addition to the vast home consumption, considerable quantities are exported. Preserved fruits are imported into the United States to the value of about \$2,000,000 per annum.

British marmalade is produced from sour oranges and sugar. The best known firms use almost exclusively the Seville (Spain) bitter orange, which has comparatively little pulp and consists mainly of rind, the substance most desirable for the making of good marmalade. Messina and Palermo bitter oranges, although not considered as good as those of Seville, are also used, but command a much lower price.

Oranges being perishable and their attractiveness and freshness continuing for so short a time, the brokers accept the highest bids made on the day of sale and never reserve the fruit for future offerings. The sales are held regularly on what are known as market days. The character, quantities, qualities and nativity of the fruit are made known to the trade by catalogue several days in advance, consequently the auctions are always well attended and the bidding is spirited.

The London Fruit Exchange is located in the eastern section of the city in a large structure known as the Monument Building. More than \$12,000,000 per annum is the amount required to pay for the oranges sold in the English market, the great bulk of the sale being by public auction.

Apples are sold in like manner, the aggregate annual sales averaging in value \$10,000,000. The great Covent Garden market, in the heart of London, buys its supplies of fruits at the regular auction sales held at the London exchange, and in turn the retail dealers are supplied from Covent Garden.

Here's a Home Dye

That ANYONE Can Use.

HOME DYEING has always been more or less of a difficult undertaking—Not so when you use

DYOLA

ONE FOR ALL KINDS OF GOODS

JUST THINK OF IT!

With DYOLA you can color either Wool, Cotton, Silk or Mixed Goods Perfectly with the SAME Dye. No chance of using the WRONG Dye for the Goods you have to color.

Corks are rarely if ever used now by English jam manufacturers. The jars are invariably covered with a vegetable parchment, which not only is considered more cleanly but keeps the preserve in a better condition. This refers to both jam and marmalade.

Preservers employ their regular staffs continuously during the year and pay them the prevailing price for labor, which 5 to 15 shillings (1.22 to \$3.65) a week for ladies and girls and 3 to 7 shillings (73 cents to \$1.70) a day for men. Preservers generally make their own packing cases. Preserving is taken in turn by season. When the orange season is finished the fruit whose season follows is taken up, and so on till the orange season is again reached. Pears and similar fruits are not preserved nor packed in England, such preserved fruits coming almost exclusively from America.

Grind a handful of sunflower seeds and give them to the canary. The birds relish the little tender pieces that are found among the seeds.

A delicious salad is made of bananas cut in slices, dipped in mayonnaise, rolled in minced nuts and served on white lettuce heart leaves.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents

For Tea You Can't Beat Lipton's

It Has Stood the Test of Time While Others
Have Been Buried in the Ashes of Inferiority.
It's the Recognized World's Standard.

LIPTON'S TEA

Over 2 Million Packages Sold Weekly

IMMENSE GAINS IN REVENUE

Comparative Returns for the Fiscal Year Show Record Increases

A despatch from Ottawa says: The official comparative statement of the Customs revenue of the twelve largest ports in the Dominion for the fiscal years ending March, 1910, and March, 1911, issued on Friday, perhaps better than any other means serves to show the tremendous gains made by the great ports of entry in the country. Winnipeg, Vancouver and Windsor have made the largest increases pro rata during the past year.

The comparative statement follows, the first mentioned figures for each city being those for 1909-10, and the second those for 1910-11—

City	1909-10	1910-11
Montreal	\$16,327,949 27	\$18,330,183 22
Toronto	12,327,949 27	13,864,784 44
Winnipeg	4,899,238 16	6,478,163 02
Vancouver	3,657,242 90	5,499,736 65
Hamilton	1,815,996 36	2,141,923 28
Halifax	1,637,627 89	1,772,964 09
Quebec	1,533,137 94	1,560,359 09
St. John, N. B.	1,333,754 34	1,340,926 68
Victoria	1,240,613 14	1,539,576 87
Ottawa	1,129,693 72	1,265,457 37
Windsor	1,084,073 48	1,433,720 31
London	928,313 02	1,007,109 31

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

Canada, the Empire and the World
in General Before Your
Eyes.

CANADA.

Fifty Ontario Boy Scouts will attend the Coronation.

Sheldon, the Montreal broker, is still held at Pittsburgh.

Senator Forget of Montreal, died at Nice, Italy, on Friday.

Queen's graduates voted for separation of University and Church 1,435 to 131.

Lieutenant-Governor Pelletier has returned to Montreal, improved in health.

J. Y. Murdoch, the much-wanted Jarvis lawyer, was in New York recently trying to cash a draft.

Soy Lung, President of a Chinese society was murdered at Winnipeg.

Forty-eight dusky maidens from Gaudesoupe arrived at Montreal on Friday to fill positions as domestics.

Sir Henry Pellatt has purchased the old rifle range at St. Charles, near Winnipeg, but states that he has not decided what shall be done with it.

Dr. Bell severely criticized the Health Department at Ottawa in connection with the smallpox epidemic, and threatened, unless improvement were made, to isolate the city from the rest of the Province.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Earl Crewe is recovering.

Mr. Moreton Frewen, M.P., has resigned the representation of Northeast Cork.

Mr. Moberley Bell, managing director of The London Times, died of heart failure.

Mr. Waldorf Astor has purchased The Sunday Observer, a British Unionist journal.

The position of the dominions under the Anglo-Japanese commercial

treaty was discussed in the British Parliament.

Britain and France have approached the United States in regard to reduced duties under the most-favored-nations clause of commercial treaties.

UNITED STATES.

Carter Harrison was again elected Mayor of Chicago.

A movement is on foot in Washington to offer Canada preferential toll rates in the Panama Canal.

FARMER'S RASH ACT.

Was Despondent Over the Loss of His Home by Fire.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Jos. Robertson, a farmer of Transcona, Man., was found walking into the city on Wednesday evening with his throat cut, and the constable who met him took him to the General Hospital, where he may recover.

He told a rambling story of having lost his place at Transcona by fire, the damage being \$2,000. He says he started to walk to the city at 11 o'clock in the morning and on the way went into an empty house and tried to cut his throat with a pocket knife.

He lay down for a couple of hours, expecting to die, but got tired of waiting and set out again for the city. He has a brother at 24 Gordon street, Manchester, England. He is 40 years of age and unmarried.

\$425,000 PAID TO INDIANS.

B. C. Government Purchase Songheis' Reserve.

A despatch from Victoria, B. C., says: The British Columbia Government on Wednesday assembled the Songheis band of Indians on the reserve on the water-front opposite the city of Victoria, and paid over to the heads of the tribe sums ranging from \$8,000 to \$11,500 each, a total of \$425,000, for the surrender of the reserve.

The Government also supplies a new reserve on Esquimalt Harbor, whether the Indians will move at once. The city has been endeavoring to secure the removal of the Indians for nearly thirty years.

SEVENTY MINERS KILLED

The Victims Mostly Foreigners, but Include Several Mine Managers

A despatch from Scranton, Pa., says: At least 70 mine workers lost their lives in the Dunmore vein, also China vein of the Pancost colliery at Throop on Friday. Most of the men in the mine are foreigners. Seven mine officials, however, are among the victims.

The Dunmore vein of the mine is 750 feet below the surface, which greatly impedes the work of rescue, making fire fighting difficult. The colliery is owned by the Scranton Coal Company, affiliated with the New York, Ontario and Western Company.

The fire which caused the mine horror, broke out from some un-

known cause in the engine-house at the foot of the shaft at about 10 o'clock on Friday morning. It is attributed to spontaneous combustion. At the time there were 300 men and boys in the various veins and chambers of the mine. The flames set off accumulation of gas which increased the difficulty and doubtless increased the loss of life. The scene at the mine is heartrending. About the head of the shaft were gathered thousands of people including the relatives and friends of the men entombed. Ropes had to be stretched to keep back the crowd and to prevent a stampede when the bodies were brought out.

EASTER

SOME FUN FOR EASTER.

Mothers who are planning Easter parties for the younger members of the household will find the description of this "bunny party" practical and capable of being carried out with very little labor.

There was a quaint old German legend of the Easter rabbit, and this party was planned to give the rabbit the prominence it has with the children of the "Fatherland." All grocers keep animal crackers, and will doubtless order a couple of pounds "all rabbits" for the occasion. Hide these all over the rooms and provide baskets or bags for the spoils. Allow twenty minutes for the hunt. For prizes award a book about rabbits or some one of the Easter novelties with which the shops are filled.

The next thing on the programme is a rabbit race. The children were told to stoop down like "bunnies," and when the bell rang to start to hop to the goal, which was a spot at the other end of the room. This is very amusing and gives a chance to award some more prizes.

Then each child is given a half-yard of ribbon, with which to make a bow to pin on a rabbit's neck. This may be a good-sized toy rabbit or it may be managed like the old-fashioned "donkey" party; only instead of pinning on the tail, the bow is pinned on the neck after the children are blindfolded.

If there is a blackboard the guests may be allowed to show their artistic talents by drawing a rabbit, each artist signing his or her name to the masterpiece. This will afford amusement for another thirty minutes. Slips of paper and pencils will answer if there is no blackboard.

Next arrange chairs as for "Going to Jerusalem," and place in the four corners of the room four rabbits. When the music stops the children make a dash for the bunnies, those securing the rabbits retiring from the game. The refreshments should consist of hard-boiled eggs, each one in a nest of water-cress, plain sandwiches, cocoa and cookies in the shape of rabbits.

THE MEANING OF EASTER.

There is a beautiful superstition which is believed by many, that on Easter morning the sunrise is more brilliant than on any other morning in the year—that he who rises early enough shall see a peculiar radiance upon the Easter sunrise.

This may not be literally true, but the meaning of the fancy is true—that the brightest glory of our lives is shed upon them from the first Easter morn.

And what is the source of the Easter glory?

It is not the conquest of earthly conquest, such as that for which the Jews were longing—the victory over their stern Roman rulers, which should overthrow the haughty alien power, and leave the Jews once more the dominant nation, intolerant of all others.

Nor is it for us the glory of triumph over our human enemies, though such triumphs may come, nor the gratification of our selfish desires, but the greater glory of self-renunciation, the victory of life over death; of life—real life—over the death of self; of victory over sin—in which is but selfishness in its multitudinous forms.

When Christ died on Calvary—when Christ determined to die on Calvary—the victory was complete, though not apparent to the world until He rose again upon the Easter morning free, perfectly free, no longer even to be tempted by any selfish human feeling.

Through this death and victory He makes it gloriously possible that we shall attain to victory over self, shall rise superior to self, that we may shine as lights in the world holding forth the word of life.

And if our lights are feeble, if self still holds us down, the Easter morning tells us that it need not be so, that greater things are in store for us, even the fulfilment of our highest ideals.

"Who doth himself in Christ's grave lay,
Shall rise with Christ on Easter Day.

Who conquers self for others' need,
Hath risen with Jesus, risen indeed.

Who selfishness at the cross lays down,
Shall share with his Saviour the robe and the crown."

EVER TASTE A TANSY?

Easter was once the great cake-eating festival of the year, and even now the custom survives to a certain extent, as witness the Good Friday hot cross bun.

This is really a relic of pagan times. Before the Christian religion was introduced into England, our Saxon forefathers ate little cakes in honor of their goddess Eostre, and the clergy, unable to prevent the people from following their old custom, sought to expel the old paganism by marking them with a cross.

Tansy cakes are still made and eaten in some parts of England, but not to anything like the extent they once were. Two or three hundred

years ago the poorest table was piled high at Eastertide with "tansies," as they were called for short, and it was customary for the lads and lassies to compete for the tasty morsels.

An old verse commemorates this custom:

At stool-ball, Lucy, let us play,
For sugar, cakes, or wine;
Or for a tansy let us pay,
The loss be thine or mine.

Tansies were merely ordinary cakes flavored with tansy flowers, which gives them a peculiar bitter-sweet taste.

Simmel cakes, another ancient Eastertide dainty, partake something of the nature of both a cake and a pudding, with a slight suggestion of pie added. The outer crust is of fine flour, mixed with sufficient saffron to stain it a deep yellow color, while the inside resembles a very rich plum-pudding. The cakes are first boiled for several hours, then baked.

GIFTS FOR THE DAY.

Easter is now observed almost as universally as Christmas, and it is quite the custom to send gifts mostly in the way of flowers, plants, candy or a novelty egg containing a little gift. Books done up in white paper tied with white and yellow ribbon making very acceptable tokens. In Europe Easter is the most widely celebrated of all the many festival days. The people of Paris "make to themselves the duty of being happy," which we can all surely try to do, and the best way will be to try to remember some one of whom no one else will think. Easter is the one day in the calendar that calls for unqualified praise.

It is a pretty fashion to be glad; Joy is the grace we say to God.

FOR AN EASTER LUNCHEON.

The table was round and the centerpiece most attractive, being a basket of individual bouquets of violets, from which a ribbon of violet hue ran to each plate. Little egg-shaped booklets with violet-colored pencils attached were passed to the guests before going to the dining-room. A transposed menu was written as it is given below, and the one who first transposed it received a prize of a violet stick-pin.

O Maul Castor Poet.
Had Basked Ma's Troupe Bade To.
Lumps Boar String In Creased Moon.

Serge Van Halo.
Ten Cols Cheer Quick. Yard Sell Sea.

I meant a Crane Police Spoken Cage.
Cache Tool.

The correct menu is:
Clear Tomato Soup.
Baked Shad, Bermuda Potatoes.
Roast Spring Lamb. Creamed Onions.

Orange Halves.
Chicken Croquettes. Celery Salad.
Neapolitan Ice Cream. Sponge Cake.
Chocolate.

At the finish of the repast the ribbons were drawn, bringing each guest a bouquet of violets. The bottom of the basket contained Easter eggs of white, on which appropriate sentiments were inscribed with gold ink.

RIOT AT PRINCE RUPERT.

Strikers and Force of Police in Fierce Conflict.

A despatch from Prince Rupert, B. C., says: A mob of strikers and a force of police clashed here on Thursday, and a sanguinary fight followed. Pistols, stones and clubs were freely used and the rioters were finally subdued. One of the strikers was killed by the police and many were injured on both sides. The situation is serious, and it is feared that further conflicts will follow. Forty arrests have been made.

LATER.

On Friday morning law and order reigned in Prince Rupert again. With over fifty of their leaders in jail, the strikers on the city grading contracts have disbanded. All night the streets were patrolled by gangs of special constables armed with rifles and revolvers. The strikers' headquarters have been closed by the police and the books confiscated. McInnes and Kelley, on whose work Thursday's battle was fought, were working a big gang of strike-breakers on Friday, and on several other contracts, where the men quit, work is again going on.

GOVERNOR OF AUSTRALIA.

Lord Denman Will Follow the Example of the King.

A despatch from London says: Lord Denman, the new Governor of Australia, speaking here, said, while going new to the work, he had the advantage of having been for four years in the personal service of King Edward, also having personally served King George, who knew the Britons overseas as no previous King knew them. Australia strongly believed in her own future as a nation, and, above all, was loyal in her attachment to the King and the Empire.

GILLETT'S

THE Standard Article

Ready for use in any quantity.
Useful for five hundred purposes.
A can equals 20 lbs. SAL SODA.
Use only the Best.



SOLD EVERYWHERE

For Making Soap.
For Softening Water.
For Removing Paint.
For Disinfecting Sinks, Closets, Drains, etc.

LYE

WESTERN COAL MINE STRIKE

International Executive Assist the Men in Western Canada

A despatch from Fernie, B. C., says: Secretary Carter, of the district local, received the following telegram from Vice-President Stubbs and C. Garner on Thursday morning:

"International executive board fully endorse the position taken by the district. Representatives will be sent at once to co-operate with district officers in carrying out the work in connection with the suspension. Deny absolutely rumors regarding non-support. International will support to the full extent."

This message signifies that a long struggle may be looked for. All movements on the part of the min-

ers indicate preparations for fighting at every point.

The attempt at Passburg to have miners turn out 100 tons of coal per day was the cause of a little excitement at that place, but no violence has been offered and this is true of all places where men have quit work.

A visit to Coal Creek on Thursday morning revealed a state of absolute quiet. Nearly all the single men have left that camp. One boarding house which usually feeds 75 to 80 men is now feeding only 25 or 30. The drives have been cleaned and now that the International Board seems to have endorsed the action of district eighteen, the next move is hard to predict.

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese
and Other Produce at Home
and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 11.—Flour—Winter wheat 90 per cent. patents, \$3.25 at seaboard. Manitoba flours—First patents, \$5.40; second patents, \$4.90, and strong bakers', \$4.70, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 96c; Bay ports, No. 2 Northern, 94c; Bay ports, and No. 3 at 91c, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 red and white, 81 to 82c outside.

Barley—Malting qualities, 65 to 67c, and feed, 50 to 55c outside.

Oats—32 to 33c outside, and 35c on track, Toronto. No. 2 W. C. oats, 36½c, and No. 3 at 35½c, Bay ports.

Corn—No. 3 American, 51½ to 52c, Toronto freights.

Peas—No. 2 quoted around 80c outside.

Rye—Prices nominal.

Buckwheat—No. 1 quoted at 48½ to 49c outside.

Brans—Manitobas, \$23, in bags, Toronto, and shorts \$24.50, in bags, Toronto; Ontario shorts, \$24.50 to \$25.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Spys, \$5 to \$6; Baldwins, \$4 to \$4.50; No. 2 assorted, \$3.50 to \$4.50 per barrel.

Beans—Car lots, \$1.75 to \$1.80, and small lots, \$1.90 to \$2.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 10 to 11c per lb.; No. 1 comb, wholesale, \$2 to \$2.50 per dozen; No. 2 comb, wholesale, \$1.75 to \$2 per dozen.

Baled Hay—No. 1 at \$11.50 to \$13 on track, and No. 2 at \$9 to \$10.50.

Baled Straw—\$6.50 to \$7, on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Car lots, 80 to 85c per bag, and New Brunswick, 85c.

Poultry—Wholesale prices: Chickens, 15 to 16c per lb.; fowl, 11 to 13c per lb.; turkeys, 19 to 21c per lb. Live, 1 to 2c less.

DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter Dairy prints, 18 to 20c; inferior, 10 to 17c. Creamery, 27 to 28c per lb. for rolls, 24 to 24½ for solids, and 22½ to 23c for separator prints.

Eggs—Case lots 16c per dozen. Cheese—Large, 14c, and twins at 14½c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 11½c per lb., in case lots; mess pork, \$20 to \$20.50; do., short cut, \$23.50 to \$24; pickled rolls, \$20 to \$20.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 16c; do., heavy, 12 to 13c; rolls, 12½c; breakfast bacon, 16½ to 17c; backs, 18 to 18½c.

Lard—Flakes, 14½c; tubs, 12c; rolls, 12½c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 11.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 33 to 38½c, car lots, ex store; extra No. 1 feed, 37½ to 38c; No. 3 C. W., 37 to 37½c; No. 2 local white, 36 to 36½c; No. 3 local white, 35 to 35½c; No. 4 local white, 34 to 34½c.

Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, 5.60; seconds, 5.10; Winter wheat patents, \$4.50; strong bakers', \$4.90; straight rollers, \$4 to \$4.25; in bags, \$1.75 to \$1.85.

Rolled oats—Per barrel, \$3.90; bag of 90 lbs., \$1.95. Corn—American No. 3 yellow, 57½ to 58c. Millfeed—Bran, Ontario, \$22 to \$23; Manitoba, \$21 to \$22; middlings, Ontario, \$24 to \$25; shorts, Manitoba, \$23 to \$25; moisture, \$25 to \$30.

Eggs—Fresh, 19 to 21c. Cheese—Westerns, 12½ to 12½c; easterns, 11½ to 12½c. Butter—Choice, 25 to 26½c; seconds, 24½ to 25c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, April 11.—Spring wheat—No. 1 Northern, carloads, store, \$1.02; Winter, No. 2 red, 92c asked.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 51c; No. 4 yellow, 50c; No. 3 corn, 49½ to 49¾c; No. 4 corn, 47½ to 48c all on track, through billed.

Oats—No. 2 white, 35c; No. 3 white, 34½c; No. 4 white, 33½c. Barley—Malting, \$1.08 to \$1.12.

Minneapolis, April 11.—Wheat—May, 92½ to 93½c; July, 93½c; September, 89½ to 90½c; cash: No. 1 hard, 93½c; No. 1 Northern, 93½ to 94½c; No. 2 Northern, 90½ to 91½c; No. 3 wheat, 87½ to 91½c. Bran—\$21.50 to \$22.

Flour—First patents, \$4.25 to \$4.55; second patents, \$4.15 to \$4.45; first clears, \$2.75 to \$3.05; second clears, \$1.75 to \$2.40.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal, April 11.—Choice steers sold at 6½c, good at 6 to 6½c, fairly good at 5½ to 5¾c, fair at 5 to 5½c, and the common at 4½ to 4¾c per lb.

Cows ranged from 3½ to 5½c, and bulls from 4 to 5½c per lb. Hogs declined 20 to 30c per 100 lbs.

Toronto, April 11.—Sheep were selling within a range of \$4.75 to \$5 per cwt. for good ewes, and at \$4 to \$5 for bucks. Yearling lambs were weak, though unchanged in price.

Spring lambs were steady at \$4 to \$4.75. Choice steers and heifers sold as high as \$6.75. Good butcher cattle are quotable at \$5.75 to \$6 per cwt., and cows and bulls from \$4.75 to \$5.50. Common cows and canners were slightly off.

BRITISH TRADE BOOMING.

Returns for March Show Imports and Exports are Increasing.

A despatch from London says: The March statement of the Board of Trade shows increases of \$2,170,500 in imports and \$23,361,000 in exports.

The imports of cotton from America increased \$7,500,000, but foodstuffs decreased \$10,000,000. The principal gain in the exports was in manufactured goods, including an increase of \$15,000,000 in cotton textiles.

THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1911.

Another Dairy Farms Contest

A meeting of representatives of the two Ontario Dairyman's Associations, and of others interested, held in Toronto recently, arrangements were made for the holding of another Prize Dairy Farms Competition throughout the Province of Ontario, similar to the contest that was held during 1909 and 1910 under the direction of the farm paper Farm and Dairy of Peterboro.

It was decided to establish this year, a fifth district to cover the Beauharnois District in the Province of Quebec. Thus the contest will be inter-provincial in character. As Prize Farms Competitions have been held for a number of years in the Province of Quebec and as some of the best farms of that Province are located in the district of Beauharnois, it is likely that these farms will run over the best farms in Ontario a hard race for the inter-provincial honors.

This year Ontario will be divided into four districts. Ten handsome prizes will be offered in each district, or forty in all. District No. 1 will include that portion of eastern Ontario lying east of Kingston. District No. 2 will be that portion of eastern Ontario lying between Kingston and Yonge Street Toronto. District No. 3 will include that portion of Western Ontario lying North of a line running from Hamilton to Goderich. District No. 4 will be that portion of Ontario lying south of the same line.

The farms that won first place in each of these four districts in the contest held in 1909, have been barred out of this contest, as well as the farms of Mr. R. Pankale, of St. Thomas, who won the Provincial Championship last year, and Mr. O. D. Bales of Lansing, who won the fourth prize in last year's Provincial contest.

In this contest, as in the last one, points are offered for all branches of the farm, including the farm house, barns, live stock and crops. Full particulars about the contest may be obtained from the Secretary of the Prize Farms Committee, Mr. H. B. Cowan, Farm and Dairy, Peterboro. The Chairman of the committee is the well known Institute speaker Mr. Glendenning of Manitoba, Ontario. It is to be hoped that a large number of our local farmers will enter this contest and thus help to show that we have as good farms in this section as can be found elsewhere in the Province.

Model Schools

The Ontario Dept. of Education will cope with the scarcity of teachers by establishing several additional model schools. Some years ago most of the model schools were replaced by Normal schools, a few model schools being retained in the poorer districts.

The change met with considerable opposition and has been a subject of debate in the Legislature on several occasions. The legislation for the new model schools will be decided upon in the near future, and as soon as the details are decided upon, a circular containing the regulations for model schools will be issued.

King George Coronation Fund

A Committee has been formed in England to receive subscriptions from all the "Georges" of the Empire for the purpose of giving a Coronation gift to His Majesty King George. It has been suggested by His Excellency the Governor General, who has been in communication with the Committee in England, that steps be taken in the Province of Ontario to receive subscriptions to this fund ranging from five cents to five dollars. The names of the subscribers will be published and a list sent to the King, but the amount of the donations will not be shown on the list.

The City Treasurer of Toronto has been appointed Treasurer for Ontario of the fund, and all subscriptions will, ultimately, be forwarded by him to the Bank of Montreal at Ottawa, to be in turn transmitted to the proper authorities in England. It has also been arranged that all the Chartered Banks will receive subscriptions and forward same to City Treasurer not later than April 30th, 1911, after which no subscriptions will be received.

The Committee trust that the matter may be taken up enthusiastically. It is quite important that in making this circular public, special attention should be drawn to the fact that subscriptions should only be payable to the Banks or different Local Treasurers wherever duly appointed, or to the City Treasurer of Toronto, the object being to warn intending subscribers against persons who may assume to have authority to collect with a view to diverting collections to their own use.

G. R. GRAY,
Mayor of Toronto
Chairman, Ontario Committee,
Mayor's Office,
Toronto, March 29th, 1911.

Mr. Geo. Reynolds has been appointed local treasurer for Stirling.

Address and Presentation

On Friday evening, March 31st, the friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. Everett Liezart, of Spring Brook, gathered at the home of Mrs. J. C. Green to spend a social evening together before their departure from the neighborhood. During the evening Mr. and Mrs. Liezart were presented with a lovely drawing-room clock and a beautiful chenille table cover, accompanied by an address which was read by Mr. Jos. McEwan. Mr. Miles Mason acted as chairman. He called on several of the older residents for a few remarks, all responding in glowing terms regarding the abilities and character of the couple. Mr. Liezart responded in a few well chosen words, thanking the friends for their good will and good wishes. Lunch was served and popular games indulged in till about midnight, when the company broke up after singing "God be with you till we meet again."

DEAR MR. AND MRS. LIEZART,—
It is with mingled feelings of joy and regret that we call you to these chairs tonight, with joy because of the pleasant times we have had together, and with regret because we learn that you are about to leave us. During the time you have been with us we have among our best friends. We wish to thank Mrs. Liezart for so faithfully and willingly having granted the many favors we have asked her while in our midst. We would say to Mr. Liezart that while we cannot thank him for taking from us one of our village girls, yet we congratulate him on his ability to win one of our fairest. In asking you to accept these gifts we wish to convey to you best wishes for a long life of happiness and prosperity. Our prayer is that He who is the Great Teacher and Guide may guide your steps aright, and we feel like the poet who said:

When we asunder part
It gives us inward pain;
But we shall still be joined in heart
And hope to meet again.
Signed on behalf of Spring Brook friends
Mrs. W. W. KEMP
Mrs. Jos. McEwan

Sun-Dials and Roses

"Every real garden must contain a mystery," writes Katherine Hale in April Canadian Home Journal, and "More than any other of the world's symbols, a Sun-Dial can give one a sense of the incompleteness of a beautiful moment." But roses are for radiance—they bring whole hours and days of happiness together like lovely perumed beads." In this most delightful article, more suggestive than descriptive, the author puts into words the unexpressed feelings of so many garden lovers.

Canadian Home Journal for April is a splendid example of the up-to-date magazine. Each season has its special interests and naturally at this time of year it is gardening. Although other departments are not neglected, there are many artistic and thoroughly practical garden articles, written by authorities; "Shade trees for lawns," "Hardy Plants for Borders," "Roses worth growing," "Plans for 1911," "Vegetable Gardens for 1911," "Quality Strawberries." Mr. Acton has woven together historical notes, descriptions and local color into a most interesting and readable article, "Holy week in the Eternal City." Household decoration in April is very suggestive for summer preparations, out-of-doors and porch furniture, carpets and cushions, with most original and attractive stencil and embroidery designs.

The make up of the Journal is a constant delight to the reader. Every important page has some fresh, attractive border or heading or illustrations. The garden articles are illustrated with charming pictures of residences, gardens and flowers, in themselves an inspiration for improvement. A full page of lovely garden scenes is a worthy introduction to the Garden Department.

April Rod and Gun

All anglers will heartily welcome the April issue of Rod and Gun in Canada, published by W. J. Taylor, Limited, Woodstock, Ontario. As usual this issue heralds the approach of the fishing season, and gives all those who have waited patiently for a renewal of their pleasures with rod and line, added joys of anticipation of the good time now so near. A beautifully illustrated article of a camping and fishing trip on the French River is followed by an equally good account of a similar outing in Prince Edward Island, the gem of the Gulf of the St. Lawrence. Many other good things are to be found in the same issue, and sportsmen never fail to find something to suit their tastes in each issue of Rod and Gun.

Winnipeg reports the biggest rush of emigrants into the West this spring that has ever taken place. Settlers are entering Canada through every western point of entry and when the figures for the year shall have been summed up, every record will have been broken. Figures compiled with great care by the immigration officers in Winnipeg, show the daily average for four weeks, to enter Winnipeg, to have been 1010. At Port Arthur the daily average has been 800, or more than 50,000 souls who have entered Western Canada as settlers during the last four weeks.

The Wrong Quotation.

It is related of an absent-minded Canadian professor that once ordered a wreath to be sent as a floral tribute to a deceased trustee and, on being asked what message was to be written on the card expressing sympathy, replied abstractedly, "I really don't know. I'll think of something."

Taking out his fountain pen he wrote a line on his card and returned it to the florist's assistant, who sent it with the flowers, little knowing the translation of the line which had been written in a fit of abstraction, but which was fatally apropos, "Facile decensus Avernus." (Easy is the descent to Lake Avernus—the mouth of Hades.)

More Butter; Less Cheese.

Prince Edward Island dairy products for 1910 were worth \$574,000, an increase of \$12,000. Cheese decreased and butter increased.

PROF. HUTTON'S HUMOR.

He Discusses University Staff in Classic Fashion.

Prof. Maurice Hutton, principal of University College, has a reputation for classic wit and refined speech perhaps without parallel in all Canada. His recent address at a college dinner was a masterpiece. Reply to the toast of the Faculty, he discussed the "University Professor" as a genuine, in his inimitable style, and concluded with jibes-provoking allusions to the Faculty of our own University.

And now, sir," he said, "by the cautious and innocent periphrases and paraphrases I approach our own professors. But, sir, I have already on other occasions paid my glowing tribute to these friends of my bosom; and here in his Residence dining hall but chestnuts are not served; it is only in Paris that the delicious fruit is at hand at every corner, to cheer and console the dark and waning autumn days; and to Paris it is a fancy."

Suffice it then to say that our professors also are as incalculable, as diversified, as those elsewhere. You never know them by their appearance only; you never can interpret them merely from their chairs. We have a Professor of Ethics, and he drives, or drove at least, I last left Canada, a horse; would that all dealers in horseflesh possessed ethics; so would some of them at least practice it; more, it was a pale horse, and one's imagination turned to the Book of Revelation and to the pale horse there and the man who sat thereon; whose rider was not named. And yet you would be mistaken if you set down our professor horseman as a soldier and a man of Death and slaughter; he is the keenest anti-militarist on our staff."

"And yet once more: in England (it has been said) men carry the spirit of sport into war; in America the spirit of war into sport; we have our sports professor, the Professor of Oriental literature; no football game is complete without him; he is as inseparable from the Rugby team as their mascot; but, be careful, or you will be again mistaken, for he is an athlete; has a horror of war; he also is anti-militarist."

"And our militarists then, where are they? Why in the department of Mathematics of all places, two of them in that department already militarists, and the third half-way towards militarism; for the third member of the department, the third (or soldier) dimension of their space, besides being the greatest punster and humorist of our staff, and the best dancer, is also the invariably attendant at Niagara Camp dances and at other military dancing; the virus of militarism has reached at least his legs. Have I not said enough to prove that our professors are as incalculable, as diversified as their pelyons."

"You cannot prophesy of them from their chairs I said, neither can you interpret them by their appearance. The Professor of Greek is a young layman, very young and very lay indeed; his speech betrayeth him, but our Professor of History, who is an elderly clergyman, is invariably taken for a stock broker, with whom indeed he has deep affinities; he might have passed into aviation and we should none of us have wondered, one form of sky piloting succeeding another, but to become a stock broker is a sea change rich and rare, possible only to a professor. Let me conclude my eulogy by quoting of our Faculty the words used by a previous orator on kindred subjects, "I cannot wither, nor can custom stale their infinite variety."

Learning His Voice.

Dr. Rutherford, Live Stock Commissioner for Canada, used to be a member of the Dominion Parliament, although you'd never guess that in view of the way he now keeps clear of politics in his speeches. It was while a member that there happened to him what he believes to be about the best thing that was at his expense.

The doctor was boarding at the home of two matronly ladies, who had, as a pet, a parrot that was credited with considerable intelligence. The parrot was a great Tory, and one of its finest bits of talking was a highphoony for Sir John A. But, notwithstanding the doctor's political allegiance, Polly made friends with him. He had a knack of handling such pets, and when he scratched Polly's head she forgave him for being a Grit.

A little later, while the doctor was talking to one of the ladies, they heard the parrot making strange, guttural noises that might have meant that it was suffering. The noise grew to something almost terrifying. "Is there anything wrong with Polly?" asked the doctor, but the ladies merely smiled and said, "No."

Polly kept up the strange, deep noises, and finally Dr. Rutherford said that he must go and see what was wrong.

Both ladies laughed again, and one of them said, "Well, if you must know Polly's trying to imitate your voice."

Leading in Spelling Reform.

The Schoolmasters' Club of London, Ont., is an organization of professors and male teachers of the University, Normal school, Collegiate Institute, Public Schools, and business colleges. At its annual meeting recently, after the discussion of a paper on the improvement of Spelling, a resolution was adopted in the following terms:

"The Schoolmasters' Club desires to express to the publishers of the books of this city its approval of the practice of spelling words as 'Inbur, governor, honor, etc., with the 'e' ending, and further begs to suggest that they take steps to introduce approved simplifications and improvements of the spelling of some common words, for example, 'program, cent log, 'tho, 'a'ho, 'thors, 'thorly meter, 'center, 'theater.'"

Tired of the Game.

"Billingsly tell me he has no more his gasoline tanks into his car." "But that's awful dangerous, isn't it? The garage may catch fire at a moment." "That's what Billingsly hopes."

A STAMP HOAX.

The Story That Went With the Elephant's Beak Issue.

Stamp collecting is a peculiar but a fascinating hobby, and it is said that as many as 1,000,000 in all the world own it as a hobby. Germany, France, Austria, England and France rank in the order named in the number of stamp collectors they contain.

"The elephant's beak box" is one of the best jokes ever played at the expense of collectors. It was worked on a half dozen well known philatelists who were astonished by the announcement that a well known New York stamp collector had secured the only copy of a peculiar stamp not known as "the elephant stamp bill." This stamp bore as its central design the figure of an elephant with the beak and wings of a bird. This stamp, so the story went, was designed by a well known South American revolutionist who was about to overthrow the existing regime. The design on the stamp was meant to designate that the ruler had the strength of an elephant and the swiftness of a bird. His plot was discovered, and among the supplies seized were half a million of the stamps of the new and yet unborn republic. These were ordered destroyed. One of the soldiers had managed to smuggle about a hundred of these away, but he was finally caught and shot at daybreak. Before his execution, however, he had given one stamp to a little boy, and this had in some very reasonable and plausible way found the New York collector after many months.

The stamp was utterly of great price and would have brought a big sum had not several collectors compared notes and found that each had in his possession on approval the only elephant bill stamp in existence. In this way the interesting hoax was discovered.—New York Mail.

KNEW TOO MUCH.

Tennyson's Father Had to Fly For His Life From Russia.

Shortly after the assassination of Emperor Paul of Russia, Tennyson, the father of the poet, dined with Lord St. Helens, the British ambassador, in Moscow. Several Russian officers of high rank whose names he did not know were also guests. During dinner a guarded reference was made to the emperor's death.

"Why do you speak so gingerly about a matter so notorious?" cried Tennyson impulsively, leaning across his neighbor, a Russian whose breast was covered with orders. "We know very well in England that the Emperor Paul was murdered. Count Zoff knocked him down and Benning and Count Pahlen strangled him."

There was a strained silence; then the ambassador abruptly changed the subject. As the guests filed out into an adjoining room Lord St. Helens drew Tennyson aside. "Don't go into the next room," he whispered, "but fly for your life. The man next you, across whose breast you leaned, was Count Pahlen, and Zoff was also at the table."

He gave a few hurried directions, and Tennyson rushed off, threw his clothes into a portmanteau and fled behind fast horses to Odessa, still in evening garb, though the cold was intense. He lay hidden for weeks and at last, in the disguise of a servant, was smuggled on board an English frigate.

A Funny Chase.

Lord Orford, an eccentric English nobleman, once had a team of red deer stags that he frequently drove to a light coach. All went well until one day there happened to be a pack of dayhounds on the road from London to Brighton, along which Lord Orford's picturesque team was merrily feeding. There followed the strangest chase that ever mortal man witnessed. The hounds hunted the team and its owner hard to Newmarket, and with such a smash into the Ram Inn yard the whole lot went that there was no more coach left and little more of driver. Lord Orford took to horses after that.

An Inscription by Charles Lamb.

My friend's uncle had in his early days been a fellow clerk with Charles Lamb. I remember his showing me a book which had been given him by Lamb, with a very lamblike inscription. It was a "Table of Interest," and on the Great was written:—
"William Thomas Keith, from Charles Lamb. In this book, unlike most others, the further you progress the more the interest increases."—Edmund Yates.

Two Showers.

"Cute people out in the town where my cousin Jane lives. A popular girl got married there, and her rejected suitors clubbed together and gave her a mitten shower."

"Good And what did they give the lucky bridegroom?"

"They gave him a shower of bricks."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The Lawyer's Point of View.

"It is a notorious fact," pronounced Bostonian, "to get divorced that it costs to get married."

"Maybe so," said the lawyer as he took the big check, "but it's worth more, isn't it?"—Boston Post.

A Flint and a Faint.

Sadie—Did you ever faint? Susie—Once. But I bumped my head so hard that I fainted really and truly, and I've never tried it again.—Toledo Blade.

God be praised that I am overtaken with misfortune and not with sin.—Sandi.

HOUSE CLEANING

The dreaded time is at hand, but if you come to us for your needs, results will be most satisfactory. We take second place to no one in regard to quality and price where one is considered with the other.

English Liquid and Floor Paints

Floorglaze

Varnishes

Japalac

Jellstone and Marbleine

Whiting

Wall Paper, etc.

J. S. MORTON

Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Wall Paper, Seeds, Etc.

WHAT'S LIKE HIM?

The West Mourns the Loss of Dr. Lundy of Portage.

Dr. Frank B. Lundy, of Portage la Prairie, died a few weeks ago. A short time before his death he drove in a blizzard, and slept all night under his upturned cutter. Such an experience was no novelty to Dr. Lundy. He belonged to the swift-passing type of prairie doctor that went the trails before there were railroads. In all Manitoba there was no character better known. He went to Portage in 1882 when the carcasses of Red River carts came honking up from Fort Garry en route to Edmonton, Battleford and Calgary. Portage, now the junction point of four railroads, three of them transcontinentals, was then the point where the old trails diverged. Dr. Lundy knew every trail, every coulee and every hill in that part of Manitoba. He was a young man when he started trail; had spent a short while in Bruce County, Ontario, after graduating from Trinity in 1880. In the twenty-seven years of his trailing he saw many changes; more transformations in the country than in the science of medicine. He was a characteristic "old-time," who knew as much about Indians as about white men. To doctor up a sick man best of a hundred miles away was part of Dr. Lundy's practical religion. He was never known to send a patient a bill; and he was never known to need money.

But one morning this "Dr. McCure," of the prairie, was found dead in his office. With a score of doctors in the town where once he had been the only shingle, he just quit—and the long trails of Manitoba will never feel the click of his horse's hoofs again.

The citizens of Portage were deeply interested in Dr. Lundy. There is much talk of a handsome stone memorial in the form of a statue, to adorn a public square in the town. If this act of benevolence is carried out, it will be but a feeble echo of the long line of benevolences practiced unostentatiously by Dr. Lundy.

The late doctor was born at Shakespeare, Ont., eldest son of Dr. J. B. Lundy, once of Preston, Ont. He was educated at the old grammar school at Galt, Ont. He entered Trinity Medical School, Toronto, in 1877; graduated Fellow of Trinity, and M.B., Toronto, in 1880; passed examination for license to practice in Ontario the next year. He practiced a short time in Bruce County, Ont., going to Portage la Prairie in 1882. He lived there continuously until his death. Member of the Manitoba Medical Association; he was also past president of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Manitoba.

Dufferin's Warning Dream.

There are many stories on record of the warning dream. The late Lord Dufferin when in Paris dreamed that he was in a house being conveyed to a cemetery. A few days later, as he was about to enter a hotel lift, he was startled to observe that the attendant was the living reproduction of the driver of the house in his dream. He stopped back, and the lift went up without him. Before it had reached the top of the building some breakage took place in the mechanism and the lift crashed down to the bottom, every one in it being killed.

Serious Acting.

Author—I see you gave Blinks an important part in this play. I thought you were not good friends.

Manager—That's all right. He gets mobbed in the last act by a bunch of superns.

"But that's all stage play."

"Not this time. I have selected these superns from among his creditors."—Lifo.

The Trouble.

"That chap really has a lot of brains."

"I know it," replied Farmer Corn-tossel. "But the trouble is that he keeps usin' 'em to think up new ways to act foolish."—Washington Star.

Pot Valiant.

Mrs. Lushmann—Aren't you ashamed to come home in this condition? Lushmann—Shamed? Woin't, I ain't even 'traid.—Boston Transcript.

A happy life is not made up of negatives. Exemption from one thing is not possession of another.—Landor.

Charles Sibley, aged fifteen, Grand Trunk ticket clerk at Tavistock, failed an armed desperado who attempted to rob the office. Sibley slammed the wicket down and ducked in time to avoid a shot from the intruder's revolver.

SETTLERS' TRAINS
— TO —
MANITOBA, ALBERTA SASKATCHEWAN
(The only through line)
LOW COLONIST RATES

For settlers travelling with livestock and effects	Settlers and families without livestock should use
Special Trains Will leave Toronto Each TUESDAY MARCH and APRIL 10.10 P.M.	Regular Trains Leaving Toronto 10.10 P.M. Daily Through Ontario and Tourist Sleepers

Colonist Cars on all Trains
No charge for berths
Through Trains Toronto to Winnipeg and West
Ask any C.P.R. Agent for copy of "Settlers' Guide"

CEMENT

Cement Bricks always on hand, and Blocks made to order. Granolithic Walks, solid Walls, Brick, Plastering and Stone work done.

Planks and bolts to rent.
W. U. GRAIN,
P.O. Drawer 356.

Good Printing

Is the art of putting into another mind what is in your own.

IT IS A SUBTLE METHOD OF SUGGESTION

It is a means of making a favorable impression. To have the best results, it must be the best printing. That we are prepared to give you.

WALK RIGHT IN

Boys and Girls

Should learn those subjects by which they can earn a living. SPOTTON BUSINESS COLLEGES are the largest trainers in Canada, and our graduates secure the best positions. You can study at home, or partly at home and finish at the College.

Individual Instruction
Enter Any Day

PETERBORO BUSINESS COLLEGE
GEO. SPOTTON, Principal

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. PARKER,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
Sudbury, Ont.

J. S. MORTON,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
ophthalmologist. Member Canadian
Association of Opticians. All
eyes examined and imperfect sight cor-
rected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.
DENTIST, GRADUATE HONOR GRADUATE IN
Dentistry of the University of Toronto,
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
geons, Ontario.
Office: The door north of new Bank of
Montreal.
Open every day. Evenings by appointment
only.

G. G. THRAASHER,
COLLECTOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, &c. Office in W. S. Martin's
Block, Mill Street.

PERSONALS.

Miss Annie Clarke is visiting friends in
Toronto.

Mrs. J. Shaw is spending Easter with
friends in Perth.

Miss Jennie Tulloch, Toronto, is a guest
at her home here.

Mrs. Chas. Mosher is visiting her daugh-
ter in Cannington.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Williams are visit-
ing friends in Toronto.

Miss Treadgold is holidaying at her
home in Berkeley, Ont.

Mrs. Robt. Girdwood and Miss Edna are
spending a few days in Perth.

Mrs. John Campbell, Toronto, was the
guest of Miss E. Parker recently.

Master Ralph Black, of Nanapanee, is visit-
ing at the home of Mrs. Jas. Ralph.

Miss Effie Gould is spending the holi-
days with her brother in Bowmanville.

Miss Marjorie Melkielehn is spending
Easter week in Perth, the guest of Miss
Annie Sprague.

Master Melville Holden, of Bishop
Ridley College, St. Catharines, is visiting
relatives in town.

Miss Scott and Miss McCrae, of the
High School staff, are spending the holi-
days at their homes, Nanapanee and Perth.

Report of S.S. No. 19, Rawdon

Names inserted in order of merit.

Sr. IV.—Ada Hagerman, Annie Ryan,
Sr. III.—Edna Hagerman, Florence
Hagerman.

Jr. III.—Eva Bedell, Keitha Sine, Mel-
vin Reid, Ernest Cain, Michael Reid,
Sr. II.—Jennie Wright, John Ryan,
Sr. I.—Cecil Bedell, Josephine Sine,
Clarence Reid, Harry Ryan.

Jr. B.—Melville Heagle, Sylvanus Ha-
german.

Excellent conduct.—Edna Hagerman,
Florence Hagerman, Jennie Wright,
Miss E. MACKLIN, Teacher.

S. S. No. 22, Sidney

Report for the month of March. Names
in order of merit.

Sr. IV.—Ernest Carlisle,
Sr. IV.—Kathleen McKee, Russel Huble,
Floyd Armstrong, Mabel Brown.

III.—Myrtle Weaver, Laura Holden,
Gladys Green, Rada Carlisle, Maurice
Winsor, Clarence Smith, Lela Sharp,
Irene Wescott, Elsie Armstrong (absent).

II.—Vera Huble, Gordon Davis, Ray
Armstrong, Charlie Weaver, Wilfred Wes-
cott.

Sr. I.—Annie Abbott, Retta Carlisle,
Howard Holden, Eytel Armstrong, Wava
Wallace, Hazel Smith.

Jr. I.—Frank Hammond, George Davis,
Floyd Sharp.

Primer.—Johnny Carlisle, Fred Weaver,
Leatha Hammond, Whitney Armstrong,
Gordon Armstrong.

Phonics.—Vernon Holden, Edith Ab-
bott.

Those present every day.—Ernest Car-
lisle, Kathleen McKee, Rada Carlisle,
Maurice Winsor, Myrtle Weaver, Retta
Carlisle, Annie Abbott, Fred Weaver,
Johnny Carlisle, Russel Huble, Gladys
Green, Laura Holden, Vera Huble, Wava
Wallace, Howard Holden.

MABEL F. LAMBE, Teacher.

S. S. No. 17 Rawdon

REPORT FOR MARCH

Names in order of merit:—

Jr. IV.—Ruth Matthews 84, Willie Mat-
thews 78, Lucie Matthews 83, Rosa Scarlett 74,
Wesley Johnston 69.

Jr. III.—Edith Frauts 70, Edmund Dra-
cup 63, Marjorie McGee 60, Chas. John-
ston 56.

Sr. II.—Luella Matthews 81, Clara Snarr
70.

Jr. I.—Gladys Reid 72, Frank Frauts 63,
Jr. I.—Frank Draup.

Present every day.—Marjorie McGee,
Edith Frauts, Hilda Reid, Gladys Reid,
Ruth Matthews, Luella Matthews, Ed-
mund Draup, Rosa Scarlett, Frank
Frauts, Chas. Johnston.

Number on Roll—15.
Average attendance—14.432.

M. E. MATTHEWS, Teacher.

Minto

The Women's Missionary Society
met on the afternoon of Wednesday,
April 24th and re-organized. The Presi-
dent, Mrs. P. Hagerman, presided,
and the following officers were elected for
the coming year:

President, Mrs. P. W. Hagerman,
Vice Pres., Miss Mary Johnston,
Rec. Sec., Miss B. C. Tucker,
Cor. Sec., Miss Bertha Scales,
Treas., Mrs. Stanley McMurtry,
Supt. Systematic Giving, Miss Myr-
le Wayman.

Mission Band Pres. Miss J. Clements.
"The Little Light Bearers" Mission
Band met on the afternoon of Satur-
day April 24th and re-organized also.
Miss Jennie Clements, president, took
charge of the meeting and the follow-
ing officers were elected:

Vice Pres., Mrs. E. Macklin,
Rec. Sec., Miss Nush,
Cor. Sec., Myrtle Wayman,
Treasurer, Edna Hagerman,
Supt. Cradle Roll, Pearl Benedict.

A number of the people of this vicin-
ity attended the song service at Beau-
lamb last Sunday night. Soloists choir
rendered the music for the evening.

A little boy came to the home of
Mr. Geo. Johnston last Monday after-
noon to make a life-long visit.

Diarrhoea should be cured without loss
of time and by a medicine, which, like
Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Rem-
edy, not only cures promptly but produces
no unpleasant after effects. It never fails
and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by
all dealers.

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows:
To Regular Advertisers.—Three lines and un-
der, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,
30 cents. Matter not in larger than the ordi-
nary type, the price is the same.

To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.
Trains call at Stirling station as follows:—
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex. 6.00 a.m. Passenger, 10.00 a.m.
Passenger, 6.45 p.m. Mail & Ex. 8.45 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1911.

LOCAL MATTERS.

BOX SOCIAL.—Don't forget the Box
Social in Sweetman's Hall, Frankford,
Easter Monday evening.

Services in St. John's Church on
Good Friday at 10.30 a.m. On Easter
Sunday, Holy Communion at 8.15 a.m.
and Evensong at 7 p.m. Special mus-
ic.

Belleville City Council has decided on
an investigation before the county
judge of the alleged improper sale of
city lots by ex-Mayor Marsh and
Treasurer Price.

Mr. W. R. Mather went to Belle-
ville on Tuesday to attend a meeting
of the County Council called in order
to pass a by-law to borrow the sum of
\$100,000 to rebuild all the county
bridges not already constructed of
iron or steel.

The King's birthday is, by His Ma-
jesty's special wish, to be celebrated
in his dominions beyond the seas on
the actual anniversary of his birth—
June 3rd. This will give Canada an
additional holiday, because Victoria
Day, May 24th, is already a statutory
holiday.

There will be special Easter services
in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church
on Sunday. The choir will be assisted
in solos by Miss Jessie Fowle, a pupil
of Toronto Conservatory. There will
also be solos by Mr. D. A. Bird and
Miss Maude Ward. A cordial invita-
tion is extended to all.

Mr. Leslie Kennedy who played
hockey with the Picton Juniors a year
ago has been playing with a Regina
team this year. At the close of the
season Mr. Kennedy was presented
with a gold locket with his initials en-
graved on one side and a hockey mon-
ogram on the other.—Picton Times.

About forty members of Stirling
Lodge, No. 289, I. O. O. F., went to
Spring Brook on Monday evening last
to institute a lodge of Oddfellows in
that place. They were assisted by a
number of the brethren from Frank-
ford, Campbellford, Marmora and
Madoc, there being present about one
hundred in all. A good strong lodge
was started in Spring Brook with, we
understand, twenty-nine charter mem-
bers.

Record prices were obtained at the
sale of Holstein cattle held in Belle-
ville on Friday last. The sale was
well attended, and prices ranged from
\$100 upwards. "May Echo" a Hol-
stein cow belonging to Mr. F. R. Mal-
lory, Frankford, was sold for the large
sum of \$1475—a record-breaker for
Canada. The purchaser was Mr. H.
J. Allison, of Chesterville, Ontario.
"May Echo" has been a record break-
er in the way of milk production.
Last year by official tests she produced
twenty-four thousand pounds of milk.
The total proceeds of the sale amount-
ed to \$12,530, an average of \$175.12 for
each animal sold.

The Mock Parliament held their
second session last evening in the
lecture room of the Methodist Church.
As on the former occasion the room
was packed, a number being present
from the surrounding country. After
a number of questions had been asked
and answered, the debate on the Re-
ciprocity agreement was opened by a
good speech from Mr. H. E. Hulin
(Minister of Finance), after which a
number of speakers on both sides took
part. The speeches were of a high
order, and would have done credit to
any assembly, and showed that we
have several budding statesmen in our
midst who may yet make their mark
in this fair Canada of ours.

Coal

Just received five cars of Stove and Nut
Coal for Spring delivery. Prices same as
last year, excellent chestnut coal which
is 2c. per ton higher. Orders solicited.
Masse-Harris repairs and all kinds of
Pump Pumps kept in stock.
Phone 38. T. H. McKee.

Killed by Playmate

A fatal shooting accident occurred
at Belleville on Saturday afternoon,
when Russell Vickers, aged 17 years,
was instantly killed while playing
with Arthur Plumptre. Both had
guns, which were supposed to be un-
loaded. Plumptre discharged his
gun at short range at Vickers, who re-
ceived the contents in the chest. The
shot had been placed in the gun by
Vickers, who neglected to tell his play-
mate that he had done so.

The Queen's Maries

The March of Stirling are taking
quite an interest in contributing to
the present to be given to Queen Mary
at the time of her coronation. The
list of contributors is given below.
Any sum from five cents to five dollars
may be given, but only the names are
published:

Mary M. Montgomery, Mary M. Mc-
Caw, Mary Lynn, Mary I. Fargy,
May Drowey, Mary Judd, Mary M.
Bailey, Mary Maria Bird, Mary B.
Martin, Mary E. Girdwood, Mary
Grain, Mrs. Mary Grain, Jr., Mary J.
Clute, May Scales, Mary Bell Morton,
Mary Jones, Mary E. Wight, Marion
Moore, Mary J. Caskey, Mary Dem-
arest, Mary Tulloch, Mary J. Lagrow,
Marie Geary, Mary J. Spry, Mary
Gesa Spry, Edna May Spry.

Subscriptions are received at the
banks, and also by the local Treasurer,
Mrs. (Dr.) Potts.

A Sudden Death

A very sudden death took place on
Sunday evening last. As Mrs. Bush,
widow of the late Benjamin Bush,
was about to enter the Methodist
Church she was seized with a paralytic
stroke, and would have fallen had
she not been supported by some per-
sons near. She was first taken into
the church, and as it was seen that
the attack was a severe one,
was at once taken to the home of her
sister, Mrs. Peter Martin. A physician
was summoned, but nothing could
be done to restore her, and she gradu-
ally sank and passed away about
11.30, some four and a half hours after
the stroke was felt. She leaves but
one son, Mr. Judson H. Bush, of Salt
Lake City, Utah, who is expected to
arrive here to-day. The funeral takes
place this afternoon. The deceased
was of a very quiet and retiring dispo-
sition, and highly respected by all.
Besides her son, she also leaves three
sisters, Mrs. P. Martin and Mrs. De-
mill of this village, and Mrs. Smith
of Cobourg to mourn her sudden taking
off. Her husband, the late Benjamin
Bush, died in August last, just eight
months previously.

Stirling Auxiliary of W. M. S.

The annual meeting of Stirling Aux-
iliary of W. M. S. of the Methodist
Church, which was held in the lecture
room on Tuesday afternoon, was
largely attended. An interesting
Easter program was presented, being
"The events of Passion Week."

The Easter Thankoffering amounted
to \$20. A special donation of \$5 was
brought in from the Youthful Volun-
teers Bible Class for Deaconess work,
Toronto.

Provision was made for two life
members, Mrs. Sylvanus Hubbell and
Miss Evelyn McCutcheon.

The Auxiliary has made marked
progress during the year, having in-
creased in membership and also in
their giving, the total amount raised
being about \$165.

The following officers were elected:
Pres.—Mrs. Wm. Montgomery.
1st Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Coulter.
2nd Vice-Pres.—Mrs. Kingston.
Cor. Sec.—Miss E. Curry.
Rec. Sec.—Miss A. McManus.
Treas.—Mrs. T. J. Smith.
Supt. of Systematic and Proportion-
ate Giving.—Mrs. A. McCutcheon.

Mission Band—
Hon. Pres.—Mrs. (Rev.) L. S. Wight.
Pres.—Miss Annie Clarke.
Assistant—Miss Ethel Coulter.

The Society packed and sent a bar-
rel of fruit and clothing to the Dea-
coness' Home, Toronto.

Dairy Inspection

The dairy inspectors for Eastern On-
tario will again make it hot for farm-
ers who adulterate their milk and
send it to the cheese factories. The
Eastern Ontario Dairyman's Associa-
tion has instructed the inspectors to
stop the old practice at all costs. Last
year there were a number of prosecu-
tions, and farmers were heavily fined.
All dairymen will be urged to send in
a better quality of raw material, so
that the best possible cheese may be
manufactured.

Obituary

On Friday, March 31st, there passed
away at West Huntingdon, Nelson H.
Scales, at the age of 73 years. The
immediate cause of his death was a
hemorrhage of the brain.

Deceased was married forty-six
years ago to Miss Mary Gardiner, of
Prince Edward County, who survives
him. A sister, Mrs. Chas. Gardiner of
Belleville, five sons and two daughters
are left to mourn his demise: J. W.
Scales, of Stirling; Elijah, at home;
Gilbert, of Trenton; Thomas, of King-
ston; Frank, of West Huntingdon;
Mrs. Edward Welch, of Moira; Mrs.
Benjamin Dickens, of Stirling.

In religion the late Mr. Scales was a
Baptist, in politics, a conservative,
and for over fifty years was a member
of the Orange order.

The funeral took place on Monday,
and the service was conducted by
Rev. Mr. Tonkin, of West Hunting-
don. Interment took place in the
new cemetery at West Huntingdon.—
Madoc Review.

FRESH LIME.—A Wellman, Belleville,
will run two kilns for burning lime dur-
ing the season, and will have first-class
lime for sale at all times. Will deliver
any place required. 219.

Stirling School Board

The regular meeting of the Stirling
Board of Education was held on Tues-
day evening, April 4th.

The members present were:—W. S.
Martin, Chairman, Dr. Faulkner, F. T.
Ward, M. Bird, W. J. Reynolds,
C. W. Thompson, Dr. Blissette, J.
S. Morton, and Dr. Alger.

Minutes of the last regular and special
meetings were read and approved.
On motion of Mr. Ward, seconded
by Mr. Reynolds, the report of the fi-
nanced committee was adopted.

A communication was read from
Mr. J. T. B. Shaw relative to his ill-
ness, and Dr. Faulkner reported on be-
half of the property committee.
It was moved by Dr. Faulkner, sec-
onded by Dr. Blissette, that the caretaker
of the High School receive an increase
of \$5 per year and furnished brooms.

A report was made in regard to the
use of the lecture room of the Method-
ist church for class room, and upon
motion of Dr. Faulkner, seconded by
Mr. Bird, the same was accepted.

Moved by Dr. Blissette, seconded
by Dr. Faulkner that the following ac-
counts be paid:

Dr. Faulkner \$5.50
Intelligencer Printing Co. 2.30
News-Argus 3.00
G. R. Spry 10.50

The following tenders were received
for sewage, water and plumbing for
the new High School:

R. G. Sturgeon \$1274.00
McGee and Lagrow 1540.00
McKelvey and Birch 1505.00
McPherson & Co. 1477.00

Moved by Mr. Thompson, seconded
by Mr. Morton, that the tender of Mr.
Sturgeon be accepted if ventilation
pipes are included in the tender, and
also vent pipes, according to specifica-
tion of committee; also, that contract
be signed by the chairman and secre-
tary if approved by the building com-
mittee. Carried.

On motion the Board adjourned.

Better Attractions for Fall Fairs

Toronto Telegram: That the associa-
tions conducting the fall fairs in
many places throughout the province
are tired of taking "leavings" of the
Canadian National Exhibition was
manifested at a meeting in the Palmer
House. Representatives from Belle-
ville, Peterboro, Bowmanville, Lind-
say, Collingwood and Barrie gathered
together for the purpose of engaging
special attractions for their fall fairs.

"We are tired of taking what is left
of the Toronto Exhibition," stated one
delegate, "and want to make sure of
good things."

These different places have amalga-
mated, forming a circuit, the first dis-
play opening at Belleville and finish-
ing at Collingwood. Representatives
of attraction companies met the fair
men, and shows were arranged. Sev-
eral thousand dollars will be spent to
better the country exhibitions.

Just fifty years ago the American
Civil War, started by the determina-
tion of seven Southern States to with-
draw from the Union, commenced
with the siege of Fort Sumter, Virgin-
ia. On April 26th, 1865, the war was
declared ended.

The Coronation of King George,
which will take place in June, will be
marked by a feature that will demon-
strate the wonderful strides of the 20th
century. The coronation of a British
king is always marked by ceremonies
dating far back into the dim past, but
King George, instead of riding to the
coronation in the state coach that has
lone duty for nine former monarchs,
will travel in a six-cylinder automobile
of the latest type, which has been pur-
chased especially for the coronation.
The historic stage coach, in which the
last nine monarchs have journeyed to
the coronation, was accidentally burned
some time ago while undergoing re-
pairs.

Your tongue is coated.
Your breath is foul.
Headaches come and go.
These symptoms show that your stom-
ach is the trouble. To remove the cause
is the first thing, and Chamberlain's Stom-
ach and Liver Tablets will do that. Easy
to take and most effective. Sold by all
dealers.

Married

BURKHOLDER—WHITLEY.—At the residence
of the bride's parents, Frankford, on April
12th, by Rev. P. B. Brown, M. A., Frederick
W. Burkholder of Toronto, to Miss Rose Eliza-
beth, second daughter of Mr. James Whitley.

Dressmaking

Dressmaking done on short notice the
same as usual at
MRS. STEWART'S
Henry St.

For Sale

A Mare 11 years old and a Colt two
years old.
W. E. BICKFORD,
5th con. Rawdon
Old Outwater Farm, Spring Brook.

Potatoes Wanted

Will pay 70c. per 90 lbs. for first class po-
tatoes delivered at the evaporator, Stirling,
on Saturday, April 15th and Saturday,
the 22nd.
OAKLEY VANDERVOORT

Notice of Meeting

A regular meeting of I. O. F. Court
Graham No. 1290 will be held in their
lecture room over Anderson's store on
April 21st, 10.11, at eight o'clock p. m., for
the transaction of general business. We
expect Bro. G. H. Glendenning. Dep-
ended.
JOHN T. SCOTT
Rec. Sec.

Easter Novelties

LADIES' COLLARS

The plain, close-fitting linen Collar is worn extensively
this year. We have them at only 15c. each
Ladies' close-fitting embroidered Collars cannot be beaten
for style. Prices are only 20c. and 25c. each.

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Our Spring shipment just arrived. Colors are Black,
Gray, Navy, etc. Prices range from \$1.00 to \$1.75 per pair.
No better glove made. Every pair guaranteed.

DUTCH COLLARS, BOWS, JABOTS, ETC.

Our stock of these lines is simply unsurpassed. It con-
tains almost everything to be desired. Drop in and look at
them. Prices are moderate.

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Have you seen our new Frillings? Our stock is more
complete than ever before. We have tourist frilling, 10c. per
box. See our special coral and beaded frillings at only 25c. each.

G. W. ANDERSON

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This is a family Shoe
Store. With our large
and well assorted stock
we are prepared to
supply your Easter
needs and are sure
that we can please
you. Our stock is
now complete with the
most modern styles of

footwear for Men, Women and Children.

Our Empress Shoes for Women are perfect fitters. We have them in all
sizes and widths in patent button high and low Shoes, two bar patent Pumps,
lace Oxfords. See our all patent one strap Pump at \$2.00.
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hardwood floors, curtains, draperies, walls and upholstered fur-
niture by the vacuum process. It is simple but substantial in
construction, and thoroughly practical and efficient in operation.
Machines for sale or rent.

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and barn on the premises. Apply to
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prices before buying.

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there to wait on customers. We also
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and Health Insurance Companies.

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

FAVORITE RECIPES.

Lily Salad.—Remove the shells from as many hard-boiled eggs as there are persons to be served. Beigh at the small end of each egg, cut the whites lengthwise in five sections. Cut almost to the base, taking care to leave the yolks whole. Turn back the petals thus formed so as to make each egg simulate an open lily. Roughen the surface of the yolk with a fork. Place these imitation lilies, not too near together, on small crisp lettuce leaves spread on a shallow flat dish of clear glass. Serve with mayonnaise and bread and butter crisps.

Lemon Sandwiches.—Mash the yolks of five hard-boiled eggs, add one tablespoon of butter, one-fourth teaspoon salt, one teaspoon of chopped parsley, and grated rind of one lemon. Mix into a paste with three tablespoons of lemon juice. Spread upon slices of whole wheat bread and cut into fancy shapes or fingers. Fix with narrow yellow ribbon.

Yellow Cream Soup.—Cook three carrots in a tender. Press through colander. Beat two egg yolks well and add a cupful of condensed cream. Into this mixture stir four cups of boiling water and the carrots. Add one level teaspoon of celery salt, a pinch of salt, two tablespoons of oyster cocktail dressing and serve hot.

Bunnies.—One small cupful of light brown sugar, one tablespoonful of butter or lard, one pint of pastry flour. Rub the butter and sugar into the flour with the fingers. With beaten egg flavored with vanilla wet to a paste, sufficient to roll out thin. Cut into shape with cardboard form, insert bits of raisins for eyes and bake to a light brown.

Croquettes.—Take some fresh mashed potato, well seasoned, fry to a golden brown in hot fat, croquette shaped. Remove carefully to a hot platter. With a tablespoon make a deep depression in each one and fill with highly seasoned minced chicken. Strew the grated yolks of hard-boiled eggs over the tops.

Sunshine Cream.—Rub one can of apricots through a sieve into a basin, add one cupful of sugar, one and one-half heaping tablespoons of dissolved gelatin and one cupful of whipped cream, one-half cupful of cold water. Pour into individual molds. Turn out when set and garnish with yellow flowers. Place a large spoonful of whipped cream on top of each mold just before serving.

Rhubarb Short Cake.—Cut one small bunch of rhubarb into small bits. Cook in a stone crock with one cupful of sugar and half a cupful of water. Make a dough of one quart of one-half cupful water, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of sugar, two teaspoons of baking powder, and milk to make a soft dough. Lay on a greased baking tin and bake in a hot oven for twenty minutes. When cool, separate into two parts (upper and lower) without cutting; spread with the rhubarb sauce. Place together and serve with cold sweet cream.

Pork Tenderloin.—Select thick tenderloins and place in roasting pan with a little bacon fat or butter. Have in readiness the sweet potatoes, pared, and parboiled, and place them around the meat. Bake in a hot oven for nearly an hour, basting frequently with hot water and butter. Season well and when done make a gravy in the pan with milk instead of water, and thicken it with flour. Boil five minutes and then pour around the meat.

Chicken Dumplings.—Use plump year old fowl if possible. Cut up as for boiling. Put plenty of butter or, if you have it, chicken grease, into a hot double boiler. Roll each piece of chicken in well salted flour and put in roaster in rather hot oven. Brown each piece, turning once, and then cover well with boiling water. Put on roaster lid and cook about two hours. To make dumplings: One cup flour, one-half teaspoon salt, one heaping teaspoon baking powder, sift well; add one teaspoonful butter, work well into flour; add enough milk to make a soft dough. Remove chicken from roaster to covered platter. Now drop into the broth a spoonful of dough at a time. Cover tight and cook in oven about twenty minutes. Dumplings will be light and chicken tender and juicy.

BISCUITS AND BUNS.

Biscuits.—One quart of flour, one level teaspoonful of salt, two level spoonfuls of butter or lard, milk or milk and water to mix (about one and one-half to two cups). Stir together the flour, salt, and baking powder. Rub in the pan lightly with the fingers, working until it is well blended with the flour. Then pour a soft dough, with the milk, water, or a soft dough, always use a

knife for mixing, as it cuts the dough more thoroughly. Turn the dough on to a well floured board and par with hand until about three-quarters of an inch thick. Cut into biscuit and bake in a quick oven twelve or fourteen minutes. The chief requirements for good biscuits are a soft dough, almost sticky, little handling, and a quick oven. If not allowed to touch each other in pan they will be lighter and more delicate than when they are placed close together.

Buns.—One and three-quarter pounds of flour, one ounce of compressed yeast, one ounce of mixed spice, four ounces of butter, four ounces of brown sugar, four ounces of sultanas or currants, two ounces of chopped mixed peel, two eggs, three-quarters of a pint of milk; the spice into a bowl, mix the yeast and a teaspoonful of sugar together with a wooden spoon until both are liquid; heat the milk until it is just lukewarm, then mix it with the yeast; make a well in the middle of the flour, then gradually strain in the milk, etc., stirring it in smoothly with the wooden spoon. Cover the top of the bowl with a piece of paper and put it in a warm place for half an hour or until the top of the "sponge" is covered with bubbles. Sift the rest of the flour into a large bowl, rub the butter lightly into it, then add the chopped peel, cleaned fruit, and sugar. When the "sponge" in the first bowl is ready, that is, when the surface is covered with bubbles, begin beating some of the ingredients from the second bowl into it. Use the hand for this. Continue this mixing and beating until all the dry ingredients are mixed with the sponge; add the beaten eggs gradually as the mixture seems getting dry. Beat vigorously until the dough can be pulled right out of the bowl in a thick, rope mass. If it crumbles, add a little tepid milk. Now cover the bowl, put it in a warm place until the surface is covered with little cracks; it will probably take one and a half hours. Have ready some greased baking tins. Flour the hands, take small pieces of the dough and form into small balls. Put these, well apart, on the tins. With a knife cut or mark the shape of a cross on the top of each. Place the tins in a warm place for the buns to rise for twenty minutes. Then bake them in a quick oven for about half an hour. This quantity makes about two dozen medium sized buns.

LAUNDRY HELPS.

Starch Making.—One-half cup good brand box starch (never use bulk or flour), three-quarters cup cold water, mix with starch; three-quarters teakettle boiling water, stir constantly while mixing and while cooking. Boil slowly for twenty minutes. Teaspoonful of shaved paraffin should be added while boiling. While the starch is cooking prepare a bluing water to add when the starch comes from the stove. Make one starch thinner than the other for articles needing but a little stiffness. Cover both vessels with cloths to keep out the cold air, as this prevents caking on the top which will be sure to spoil your starch.

For linen articles, table linen, dresser scarfs, or sheer linen waists add a tablespoonful of starch to two gallons water, and they will iron with a stiffness like new; remember always to iron linen on wrong side first. Wash starch vessel in hot suds, never cold water; use pieces of old underwear with a few buttons on to save finger nails from bruises.

For scorched articles use peroxide. Wet two cloths; place one beneath and one on top and watch the space become clear in fifteen or twenty minutes. Let stand this long without disturbing.

Removing Grass Stains.—Before wetting rub the stain with molasses and wash in the usual way. Use on either white or colored material.

Removing Any Obstinate Stains.—Place tablespoonful of sulphur on plate, moisten with pure alcohol, and ignite; cover with tin funnel, wet the stain, and hold over small hole in funnel; rinse in clear water with a little ammonia added.

Cream of Tartar for Rust.—Boil the article with the rust stain for about an hour in three gallons of water. To each gallon add one tablespoonful of cream tartar. The stain will disappear, no matter how old.

Cornstarch for Iodine Stains.—Cover the stain with the cornstarch, wet in cold water or milk. Let stand until stain disappears. Change cornstarch if necessary.

"Men worry more than women." "Yes; they not only have every thing to worry about that women have, but they also have the women to worry about, too."

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
APRIL 16.

Lesson III.—The Resurrection
Morn, John 20, 1-18. Golden
Text, Luke 24, 34.

Verse 1. The first day of the week early. The women had reverently watched the burial late on Friday. The near approach of the Sabbath had made possible only a temporary embalming, and they had had time on the Sabbath to prepare spices and ointments, and with these they returned at the break of dawn on Sunday. Besides Mary Magdalene, from whom, as Mark reminds us, Jesus had cast seven devils, there were the two women mentioned by Mark; whose presence is indicated by John in the next verse (we). It is characteristic of John to pass over what has already received ample attention from the other evangelists, and to bring out in strong light what they have omitted or somewhat slighted. His purpose here seems to be to thrust the Magdalene into prominence.

2 Simon Peter.—The tomb was in a garden, near the cross, and therefore outside the city gates. It is to be presumed that Peter and the other disciple (John) were in the city.

They have taken away the Lord.—Either she had not seen (which is more likely) what convinced John so quickly, or else she was too bewildered to make any interpretation for herself. Apparently, the sight of the stone rolled away was immediate evidence that the enemies of Jesus had borne his body to some other place.

4. They ran.—The excitement of these followers of Jesus is written upon the face of the story (compare Mary's running in verse 2). John, being a younger man, would naturally outstrip Peter. But his excitement does not invalidate his testimony. His stooping and looking in is in the temper of a thoughtful man who misses none of the details. The impetuosity of Peter, entering at once into the tomb, is in marked contrast, but exactly like the irrepressible disciple who drew his sword in the garden, and was ever eager to make bold confession of loyalty to his master.

6. The linen clothes lying.—The minuteness of designation here is impressive. John seems to be insisting that there are no signs of haste and stealth, but everything indicates deliberation. The napkin (7), which had been bound around the head of Jesus, had been carefully folded and laid in a place by itself, "suggesting the leisurely manner of a person changing his clothes."

8. He saw, and believed.—What did he believe? The report of Mary? Then why this care in describing the exact position of the graveclothes? Plainly, no human hands had removed the body of the Lord. There was only one conclusion, that here had occurred a miracle, a resurrection. Up to this time the words of Jesus about his rising had had no meaning for them, and the scripture, which he had quoted concerning the necessity of his rising from the dead (9), had been received into dull, irresponsible hearts. But now all was clear. Even though as yet he has made no revelation of himself to them, they are convinced, and, without seeking further, they depart quietly to their own home (10) in the city. If they had seen nothing more in the succeeding days, their confidence would doubtless have been shaken, and John proceeds to describe how their faith in the resurrection was made impregnable.

11. Mary was standing without at the tomb.—The two disciples had come and gone, and she had probably missed them in the streets of the city.

12. Two angels.—John is particular to describe their exact posture and position. To ascribe this appearance of Jesus to some mental vision is to overlook the fact that Mary was in no state of expectancy such as would make a vision natural. She was weeping. She believed her Lord's body had been taken away, and she was overwhelmed with grief (13). Her loving intention to perform those last kindly offices upon the dead body had been thwarted. In the self-absorption of her grief she fails to show any astonishment at the presence of these angelic messengers, and even takes it for granted that they and the "gardener" know instinctively to whom she refers in her sorrow.

13. Supposing him to be the gardener.—There was something about our Lord's resurrection body that made it both possible and impossible for his most intimate friends to identify him. It was the same body, but there was about it a mystic wonder, and it was given a strangeness of powers, that made it altogether different (Matt. 23, 17; Mark 16, 12; Luke 24, 16 and 37; John 21, 4).

10. Mary.—She had not waited for

a reply to her anxious question, but had turned again toward the empty tomb. One word was sufficient to cause her to turn herself about, for that was not the voice of a mere acquaintance. Only one voice could pronounce it with that never-to-be-forgotten tenderness. Her answer, "Rabboni, conveys more of reverence and affection than is found in the word Teacher. No doubt we should interpret it literally, "My Master."

KING GEORGE'S MUSIC.

Handel Manuscripts in the Library
Lent to British Museum.

King George has consented to lend to the British Museum the whole of his private musical library, which contains roughly speaking, about 1,000 manuscripts and about 3,000 printed books and music, says the Queen. As regards numbers, therefore, it is a comparatively small library, yet in it are to be found not a few priceless treasures, and of these the Handel autographs claim first mention.

They consist of thirty-two volumes of operas, twenty-one of oratorios, seven of odes and serenades, twelve of miscellaneous sacred music and eleven of cantatas and sketches. Handel promised to bequeath all his manuscripts to John Christopher Smith, his faithful amanuensis, but afterward proposed a sum of money in lieu of the autographs.

Smith, however, earnestly begged for the fulfillment of the promise, and Handel kept his word. Had Smith accepted the composer's proposition all the manuscripts at the death of the latter would have gone to the University of Oxford. Smith, who, by the way, refused an offer of £2,000 made by Frederick the Great for them, bequeathed them to George III. to show his gratitude to the King for continuing the pension which had been granted to him by the Princess Dowager of Wales. These volumes were used by special permission of Queen Victoria by Dr. Chrystander for the critical edition of Handel's works published by the German Handel Society.

There are also two splendid volumes of virginal music which belonged to Benjamin Cosyn and William Forster, both written during the first quarter of the seventeenth century. Then there is a most interesting volume of "Airs and Phantasies" for the organ, composed for Charles I. by John Cooper, who having Italianized his name was known as Coperario. He was the master of Henry and William Lawes.

But a still older book of music is in the library, namely one by John Baldwine, "a singing man at Windsor." This not only contains compositions of English music of the sixteenth century but music by Henry VIII. Coming down to a later period mention may be made of the very copy of Mozart's early sonatas for violin and pianoforte which the none-year-old composer presented to Queen Charlotte in 1765. Of Mendelssohn there are many volumes containing autograph inscriptions. The trustees of the museum will place the collection for the present in a separate room. On the completion of the new galleries in Montague place it will be put into a specially constructed room, where it will be available to students under the conditions which now apply to valuable works in the departments of printed books and manuscripts.

INVENTIONS AND WAR.

It has been said that there is no invention which has ever been made, which would not have some bearing on the art of war. A few recent examples are balloons, airships, aeroplanes, automobiles, motor-bicycles, condensed foods, and wireless telegraphy. And the wireless telegraphy and telephony bid fair to be the most important modification of the nerves of the fighting brain ever made.

AEROPLANE CHICKENS.

"When I order poultry from you again," said the man who quarrels with his grocer, "I don't want you to send me any of those aeroplane chickens." "What kind do you mean?" "The sort that are all wings and machinery and no meat."

MENDING A MISTAKE.

"Ma, in ancient times, did the men do the mending?" "Why do you ask that, child?" "Well, my Bible teacher was reading about husbandmen sewing tares."

Many a man grasps an opportunity to make a fool of himself. Consider the silent man and the reputation he has for being wise. Vocal teachers are always howling about their work.

Orange Juice. Orange juice can be made to serve as a most delicious drink for luncheon if only a little thought and time be spent upon it. Serve chilled in tall glasses with some diced banana, a scrape of nutmeg, a bit of pineapple or any seasonable fruit is an agreeable drink to sip throughout a luncheon in lieu of wine.

POPULATION OF COUNTRIES USES OF CARRIER PIGEONS

VITAL STATISTICS FOR TEN
YEARS ENDING 1909.

European Countries Show an Increase—Figures of Large Cities.

A British blue book has been issued giving vital statistics for the principal foreign countries for the ten years ending 1909. The figures relating to population are particularly interesting. They show the following total populations of the countries named, in 1909:

Germany	63,879,000
France	39,276,000
Italy	34,270,000
Spain	19,495,000
Belgium	7,452,000
Netherlands	5,911,000
Portugal	5,340,000
Switzerland	3,584,000
Sweden	5,476,000
Denmark	2,692,000
Norway	2,370,000
Austria-Hungary (1906)	49,163,000
Russia (1906)	157,079,000
United Kingdom (June 30, 1909)	45,006,000

For some of the countries outside Europe the following figures are given:

United States	88,566,000
Japan	49,905,000
Argentina	5,881,000

WORLD'S GREAT CITIES.

The population of the world's great cities show some interesting comparisons with London, the figure for which at the last census (1901) was over 6,500,000:—

New York (1900)	3,437,000
Paris (1906)	2,763,000
Tokio (1906)	2,186,000
Berlin (1905)	2,040,000
Chicago (1900)	1,699,000
Vienna (1900)	1,675,000
Philadelphia (1900)	1,294,000
St. Petersburg (1897)	1,265,000
Osaka (1908)	1,227,000
Moscow (1897)	1,039,000
Buenos Ayres (1905)	1,026,000

Perhaps one of the most interesting features is a comparison of the respective growth of populations in the ten years, 1898 to 1908, which works out as follows:—

United Kingdom	4,166,000
Germany	8,574,000
France	522,000
Russia	28,614,000
United States	14,222,000
Japan	5,048,000
Austria-Hungary	4,034,000

TO PROLONG LIFE.

Happy Marriage, Daily Bath, Certain Foods, Rest, Fresh Air.

To prevent old age coming on too soon, the first condition necessary is the possession of healthy glands (chief among them being the thyroid, the adrenals, the pancreas, and the liver), and this depends upon heredity.

Marriage is an invaluable aid in the struggle against old age. If married life is one of the best means of resisting the approach of old age, on the other hand, it is positively certain that unhappy marriages are the surest means of hastening its oncoming.

To avoid premature old age and early death we have to follow these rules:

Wear loose collars, because a tight collar prevents obstacles to the free circulation of the blood through the thyroid.

Do not take too much meat, because abundance of meat alters the ductless glands.

Take large quantities of milk, this being the extract of various glands, and especially that of the thyroid.

Be as much as possible in the open air, and especially in the sunshine; and take plenty of exercise, taking care to breathe deeply and regularly.

Take a bath daily, and, in addition, once a week or every two weeks take a Turkish or vapor bath.

Wear porous clothing, light hat, and low shoes.

Go early to bed and rise early. Sleep in a very dark, very quiet room, and with a window open; and do not sleep less than six or more than 7 1/2 hours.

Have one complete day's rest in each week, without even reading or writing.

Avoid mental disturbances or worries.

Be temperate in the use of alcohol and also in the use of coffee and tea.

Avoid places that are overheated, especially by steam, and badly ventilated.

Replace or reinforce the functions of the organs which may have become changed by age or disease, by means of the extracts from the corresponding organs of healthy animals. But, of course, the application of this precept must always be adapted to the individual case.—British Medical Journal.

TAKING CHANCES.

Some men are just as reckless with their money as other folks are with their automobiles.

HAVE BEEN USED IN WAR AND IN PEACE.

Italy First Developed the Birds as Messengers for Military Purposes.

For centuries good and bad news, prayers for help, secrets of state, tidings of war's victories and defeats have been sent under a pigeon's wings. Egyptian records show that they were used in the land of the Pharaohs thirteen centuries before Christ. Ovid tells us that they carried the news of the Olympic games to the distant friends and relatives of the victors.

First-class carrier pigeons are very expensive, some "stud" birds costing as much as \$300, and they can attain the remarkable speed of nearly 1,500 yards a minute. The birds were trained all along the coast and intercommunication between dockyards was maintained by this means.

A few years ago the Japanese Government obtained all possible information on the subject of pigeon breeding and purchased a large number of birds from English fanciers. Although Italy belongs the credit of having first recognized the utility of training pigeons as messengers of war, France, Germany, Russia and Denmark were not slow to take advantage of this mode of sending news in time of strife.

USED IN WAR TIME.

It was during the Franco-German war that pigeons proved their utility as Government letter carriers. When Paris was invested by the enemy and all the ordinary channels of communication with the outside world were cut off the attention of the authorities was directed to the fact that the carrier pigeons in the city could be brought into service. At first the suggestion was ridiculed, but the practicability of the plan was soon demonstrated and in a very short time birds were conveying news into and out of the besieged city almost hourly.

During the South African war, when Sir George White was beleaguered at Ladysmith, a few pigeons belonging to English fanciers, which had been taken into the town before the siege, proved of inestimable value to the gallant commander in conveying messages to the base at Durban.

The organization of pigeon posts for military purposes in Germany is of an extremely practical character. In addition to the various Government lofts in the fortresses and at important strategic points most of the homing clubs place their birds in case of need at the disposition of the State, and in return for this the same protection is afforded their pigeons as to those which are the property of the Government. They bear an official mark and it is a criminal offence to trap or shoot them or to detain them should they stray into a private loft.

A MILL MESSENGER.

A Manchester firm of mill owners is reported to be possessed of a pigeon which has been employed as a messenger from one mill to another for over ten years. During that period it has made over 2,000 journeys and travelled over 29,000 miles. It is calculated that to have sent the messages by wire would have cost \$1,500.

Homing pigeons are not only endowed with marvellous speed, but with great endurance. A few years ago a bird belonging to the late King Edward, who was a pigeon enthusiast, as is King George, won the national race from Lerwick, covering 510 miles at a velocity of 1,307 yards a minute.

This stands in the records of the English Flying Club as one of the best performances ever accomplished in connection with its races. The speed naturally depends largely on atmospheric conditions. With a strong wind behind a speed of 1,500 yards a minute is fairly common. Whether pigeons return to their homes by means of sight or instinct is a disputed point, but as long as life lasts the bird will seek to reach home.

ARTIFICIAL DAYLIGHT.

In an address before the Society of Illuminating Engineers in London, Mr. A. P. Trotter said that the only practical production of "artificial daylight" with which he is acquainted has been achieved by Mr. Cooper in the experiment room of the Brighton railway. It is done by passing the rays from an acetylene lamp through a bright blue screen. The resulting light gives a spectrum that cannot be distinguished from that of daylight. It is not economical, because the screen absorbs half the light of the lamp, but it solves the problem so far as effect on the eyes is concerned. Where economy is no object, says Mr. Trotter, a similar result may be obtained without regard to the source of the light, provided that a suitable screen is used.

NEW STRENGTH IN THE SPRING

Nature Needs Aid in Making New,
Health Giving Blood

In the spring the system needs toning up. To be healthy and strong you must have new blood. Just as the trees must have new sap to renew their vitality. Nature demands it, and without this new blood you will feel weak and languid. You may have twinges of rheumatism or the sharp stabbing pains of neuritis. Often there are disfiguring pimples or eruptions on the skin. In other cases there is merely a feeling of tiredness and a variable appetite. Any of these are signs that the blood is out of order that the indoor life of winter has lessened your vitality. What is needed to put you right is a tonic, and in all the world of medicine there is no tonic can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills actually make new, rich, red blood—your greatest need in the spring. This new blood drives out disease, clears the skin and makes weak, easily tired men, women and children, bright, active and strong. You can prove this by your neighbors, for there is not a nook or corner in this great land where some weak, ailing man or woman has not been made well and strong by this great medicine. Mr. H. Wilson, Stonewall, Man., says: "Some years ago I was run down, languid and depressed and felt as though I was only fitted for great scrap heap. A friend who had life's faith in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills gave me a box. Before they were all used I felt some better, and thus encouraged, got a further sunnier, and it was not many weeks until I was again enjoying my former good health. I think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a boon to every weak person."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail, post paid, at 5 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

CHARGED WITH BAYONET.

Soldier's Deadly Cholera Caused
Unusual Stir in Barracks.

A remarkable affair took place recently at the Infantry Barracks, York, England. A private soldier was taken before Col. King for a minor military offence and admonished, but not punished. When commanded to leave the room he drew a bayonet from one of the guards and made a determined rush at the colonel. He was stopped by Captain Peel (adjutant), who had a desperate struggle for the possession of the weapon. It was not until several members of the Guards had intervened that the man was overpowered. Colonel King and Captain Peel were uninjured, but the man had a finger broken in the struggle. He was confined in custody.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

"My mistress isn't at home, ma'am," said a domestic to a caller. "Oh, indeed," was the sweetly sarcastic response. "Will you please tell her that when I saw her peeping from the front window as I came up I felt very much afraid she was!"

Sore Throat is no trifling ailment. It may carry disease germs to any part of the body through the food you eat. When you feel sore throat coming on, use Hamline Wizard Oil.

CANADA'S BUFFALO PRIZE.

Largest Herd in the World Thriving
in Immense Enclosure.

The largest herd of buffalo in the world is now owned by Canada. They form a picturesque group as they roam over the new national reserve set apart for them near Wainwright, a city that has sprung up 125 miles east of Edmonton on the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway. Canadians recognized the need of action if the bison were to be preserved, and before the Americans realized it, says the World Today, they had purchased practically the entire herd of 600 or 700 from Michael Pablo of Montana, who had carefully gathered them together and protected them on his great ranch near Ravalli.

In the Wainwright National Park were placed more than five hundred buffalo, which were transported across the international boundary line by train from the Pablo ranch. The rounding up and loading of the cars of this large number of untamed animals and their young was no light task, and after a long period of hard work more than a hundred and fifty of the most unruly had to be left behind, having stampeded every time an attempt was made to drive them toward a corral.

An especially well organized ef-

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals
the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

fort will be made to ship these a little later. In addition seventy-five buffalo now confined in a park at Banff will be sent to the Wainwright reserve. The natural increase of the herd has brought up the number to nearly a thousand. In the present favorable environment it is expected that they will multiply rapidly.

Although kept within the boundaries of the reserve, the bison can hardly be said to be in confinement. Their stamping ground covers an area of 107,000 acres, 105 square miles. It is twenty-five miles in an air line the longest way across. A wire fence eight feet high and seventy-three miles long completed it.

When the fence was completed it was found that twelve wild deer and one wapiti had been fenced in. Eighteen small lakes and a number of streams are within the park. Prairie chickens, ducks and other game find a resting place here undisturbed by the hunter.

The park is truly a buffalo paradise. The grounds bear every evidence that in other days they have been a favorite haunt of the lords of the plains. Everywhere are outlines of old buffalo trails and wallows.

These wallows are being reopened by the new denizens and once again the trails are being marked by the hoofs of the bison. The grasses are the kind that the buffalo specially like. As the ordinary span of a buffalo's life is a hundred years it may be that some of the herd are revisiting scenes of their youth.

Michael Pablo, from whom the Canadian government purchased the herd is a pure blooded Indian, and one of the wealthiest of the red men. He received \$200,000 from the Dominion for 600 head of buffalo.

Aroused by the loss of these buffalo, the United States has established a national bison range in the Flathead Indian Reservation, in Montana, comprising twelve thousand and eight hundred acres near the towns of Ravalli and Dixon, and it will be stocked by the American Bison Society. Some animals for a nucleus may be obtained from a herd of about eighty, owned by the Conrad estate near Kalispell.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS CURE CONSTIPATION

Few other troubles afflict the little ones as does constipation. Every change of diet seems to bring this trouble on and baby suffers from headaches, fever, disturbed sleep and often vomiting. No baby who suffers from constipation can thrive well. Constipated babies are cross all the time and give mothers constant worry. The one sure relief for baby constipation is Baby's Own Tablets—they never fail to cure this trouble and can be given to the little one with absolute safety. Concerning them Mrs. W. S. McKenzie, Prairie Grange, Alta., writes: "I used Baby's Own Tablets for my baby who was constipated from birth and they rapidly helped her and left her bowels in a natural condition." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE REAL TROUBLE.

Native—"Why did you leave the civilized east and come out here to the wild, unsettled west to live?" Newcomer—"Because the folks around where I lived slandered me and said mean things about me." Native—"Why didn't you make them prove what they said?" Newcomer—"They did."

Complete in itself, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator does not require the assistance of any other medicine to make it effective. It does not fail to do its work.

Little Ikey came up to his father with a very solemn face. "Is it true, father," he asked, "that marriage is a failure?" His father surveyed him thoughtfully for a moment. "Well, Ikey," he finally replied, "if you get a rich wife, it's almost as good as a failure."

In its initial stages a cold is a local ailment easily dealt with. But many neglect it and the result is often the development of distressing seizures of the bronchial tubes and lungs that render life miserable for the unhappy victim. As a first aid there is nothing in the handy medicine line so certain in curative results as Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the far-famed remedy for colds and coughs.

Many a young lawyer fails to make good because he practises at the wrong bar.

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY
for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Murine Eye Salve, in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, \$1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail.
©Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

"I have always worked ten or fifteen hours a day," said the boastful man. "Well," replied the perverse philosopher. "It must be remarkably easy work, or you couldn't do so much of it."

CURED THE WIFE AND HUSBAND TOO

GREAT WORK DONE BY
DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS IN
ONE QUEBEC FAMILY.

Thomas Lauriault had Kidney Disease and his wife Bright's Disease, and Dodd's Kidney Pills made them both well.

Lac Chapman, Que., April 16 (Special). "There is a world interest in the simple story of Madame Thomas Lauriault of this place. In her own words, it is as follows:

"Dodd's Kidney Pills cured my husband of Kidney Disease and myself of Bright's Disease. We recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all who suffer from Kidney or Bright's Disease."

This is a splendid example of the grand work Dodd's Kidney Pills are doing among the plain people of Canada. Kidney Disease is the commonest of all ailments among those who have to work hard, because the kidneys are the first part of the body to feel the wear and tear of heavy work.

When the kidneys go wrong the blood goes wrong, and the whole body goes wrong. Rheumatism, Dropsy, Diabetes and Bright's Disease are the usual results. Dodd's Kidney Pills cure these by simply curing the kidneys.

WHAT THEY SAY.

Some women say they want to vote, Some other say they don't; Some men say we'll see them vote, Some others say we won't.

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over SIXTY YEARS BY MILLIONS OF MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE GUMS, ALLAYS PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

WOMAN TRAVELS AFRICA.

Her Only Escort Was Her Black Bearers.

Mrs. Roby, wife of an American brain specialist now residing in Japan, is the first white woman who has ever travelled the wilds of Central Africa without a white escort. Mrs. Roby, who has just returned to London, went to Australia in October, 1909, then to New Zealand, the South Sea Islands and thence to South Africa, arriving at Durban last May.

She followed the route taken by the Duke of Connaught in her tour of South Africa, but continued right up to Equatorial Africa, making an especial study of native conditions in the Congo.

"For hundreds of miles," says Mrs. Roby, "I was alone except for black bearers. When the bearers became mutinous I would deal with them unaided."

"I had one very good boy of the name of Thomas, who saved my life when I had a bad attack of fever. My temperature rose to 107 degrees. The boy persistently kept pouring cold water over my head after letting down my hair. I was quite unconscious and slept for five days."

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals
the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

"They say that when an ostrich is surprised he hides his head in the sand." "I wish to thunder he'd everlastingly hide his tail there," observed the man who had just settled a heavy millinery bill.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Young Lady—"You say you were on a raft for six weeks, and had nothing to eat but mutton. Where did you get the mutton from?" Old Salt—"Well, you see, miss, the sea was very choppy!"

Only one "BROMO QUININE"
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day.

In going down the stream of life the average man tries to make a noise like a motor boat.

A Remedy for Bilious Headache.—To those subject to bilious headache, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are recommended as the way to speedy relief. Taken according to directions they will subdue irregularities of the stomach and so act upon the nerves and blood vessels that the pains in the head will cease. There are few who are not at sometime subject to biliousness and familiar with its attendant evils. Yet none need suffer with these pills at hand.

Try discounting your burdens by counting your blessings.

A punctured grafter now and then is relished by all honest men.
Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Episo'st THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & COLDS

EIKER-HOFF REMEDY
ASTHMA
CATARRH
HAY FEVER
CAN BE CURED
THE SAVAGES OF CONSUMPTION MAY BE EXTERMINATED
WRITE FOR SAMPLE
WILLIAMS' MEDICINE CO.
108 FULTON ST. N.Y.

A WEALTHY CABINET.

Six Members of the New French Government are Millionaires.

France's new Cabinet has an interesting personal side. There are six millionaires in it—millionaires in France. They are M. Monis, M. Berteaux, M. Caillaux, and three of the minor Ministers. A curious fact, seven of the new Ministry is that seven of the Ministers and three Under-Secretaries of State have never been in power before. Another peculiarity is that there are eight representatives of the south of France, five of the centre, one of the west, and two of the east, in the Cabinet, and that the north of France is not represented at all.

All Paris is laughing at the narrow escape of M. Masse, the new Minister of Commerce. Just before he received the offer of his portfolio from the new Prime Minister, M. Masse wrote an article for the *Lanterne*, in which he was extremely plain spoken about M. Monis and his attempt to form a Cabinet. In the evening M. Masse arrived in great haste at the office of the *Lanterne* to ask for his husband's article, which, for private reasons, he did not wish to be printed. Since writing it M. Masse had been offered a portfolio in the Cabinet he had attacked so eloquently and he had accepted it.

"WHY BE SO THIN?"

Thinness is Embarrassing, Unhealthy and Not Natural—Formula Now Used Which Adds From One to Three Pounds a Week.

Everyone ought to have some extra flesh on the bony structure of the body, and for the sake of health and self-esteem. Most thin people are sensitive to the harsh, unfeeling criticisms which are constantly being hurled at them by the more fortunate well-fleshed persons. Everyone pines a thin, bony horse, but horses don't know it while thin people are both pined and ridiculed. It ought not to be so. A well-rounded figure, be it man or woman, excites admiration; not only for the strength, health and beauty and sound flesh, but for the bright eyes, pink cheeks, red lips, and vigorous carriage which accompanies a well-nourished body. Everyone pines a thin, bony horse, but horses don't know it while thin people are both pined and ridiculed. It ought not to be so. A well-rounded figure, be it man or woman, excites admiration; not only for the strength, health and beauty and sound flesh, but for the bright eyes, pink cheeks, red lips, and vigorous carriage which accompanies a well-nourished body.

This prescription aids nature; helps absorption, digestion and assimilation; helps distribute the blood and nerve elements which make sound flesh. Get the ingredients and make it at home, and see how very fast you gain in weight. In a half pint bottle, obtain three ounces of essence of papain, three ounces of essence of rhubarb, then add one ounce compound essence cascara, shake and let stand two hours; then add one ounce tincture camomile (not camomile). Shake well and take a teaspoonful before meals and one after meals. Also drink plenty of water between meals and when retiring. Weigh yourself before beginning.

PROBABLY WOULD.

"That sentence is not incorrect," said the professor, "but it sounds odd to the English-speaking ear."

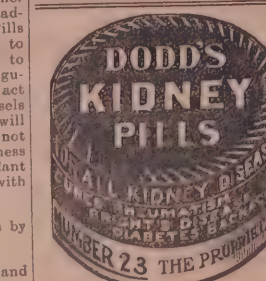
Useful in Camp.—Explorers, surveyors, prospectors and hunters will find Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil very useful in camp. When the feet and legs are wet and cold it is well to rub them freely with the Oil and the result will be the prevention of pains in the muscles, and should a cut, or contusion, or sprain be sustained, nothing could be better as a dressing or lotion.

It says one not say, "I am going to real Ceylon tea?" Well-informed Young Assistant—"Certainly, sir. Mr. Ceylon's name is on every package."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

A DEADLOCK.

Johnny—"Grandpa, do lions go to heaven?" Grandpa—"No, Johnny." Johnny—"Well, do ministers?" Grandpa—"Why, of course. Why do you ask?" Johnny—"Well, suppose a lion eats a minister."



ISSUE NO 15-11.

SNIPS OF WISDOM.
Men who have never failed don't believe in luck.
Hard work is the best antidote for hard luck.
It's as useless to worry as it is to tell people not to worry.
Flattery is the tribute that vanity exacts from friendship.
A liberal minded woman isn't always giving her husband a piece of it.
Fortunately for most of us, we are not compelled to follow our own advice.
The man who lives right, lives the longest—if not in years, in satisfaction.
One day of noble thinking and generous acts is worth a life of selfishness and deceit.

HOW TO SAVE MONEY.

A Pointer to Housekeepers.
Look at the financial side of Zam-Buk's use. A cut sustained in the home, the store, or the workshop, results, say, in fostering or blood poisoning. You have to lay off a day or two. What does that mean when pay day comes round? Zam-Buk insures you against that loss! A little Zam-Buk applied to such an injury prevents all danger of blood poisoning, takes out the smarting and heals.

Heads of families know how costly doctoring is. Be wise and act on the preventive line. A box of Zam-Buk in the home is so all-round useful. The baby's rashes, the older children's cuts and bruises, the inevitable burn, cut, or scald—for all these, as well as for more serious ailments, such as piles, ulcers, eczema, ringworm, etc., Zam-Buk is without a rival.

Dangers of Shaving.—You get a cut at the barber's shop. A little Zam-Buk smeared on the wound prevents all danger. If any ailment has been contracted, Zam-Buk cures.

Zam-Buk Soap is as good as the balm, but in a different way. Washed in Zam-Buk Soap the skin is disinfected and disease germs lying upon it are killed. Mothers will find it unequalled for baby's bath.

Zam-Buk Balm and Zam-Buk Soap are sold by all druggists and stores at 50c. for the balm and 25c. for the soap.

VICE VERSA LATER.

Knicker—"What is a swimming-hole?"

Bocker—"A body of water entirely surrounded by boys."

To Men Who Live Inactive Lives.
—Exercise in the open air is the best tonic for the stomach and system generally; but there are those who are compelled to follow sedentary occupations and the inactivity tends to restrict the healthy action of the digestive organs and sickness follows. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills regulate the stomach and liver and restore healthy action. It is wise to have a packet of the pills always on hand.

"BY THEIR FRUITS."

She—"They say that an apple a day will keep the doctor away."
He—"Why stop there? An onion a day will keep everybody away."

I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT the BEST Liniment in use. I got my foot badly lamed lately. I rubbed it well with MINARD'S LINIMENT, and it was as well as ever next day.

Yours very truly,
T. G. McMULLEN.

"I'm going to the dentist's to have this tooth out. Just mind the baby till I come back." Husband (with alacrity)—"You mind the baby, Jessie; I'll go and get a tooth pulled out!"

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
Your druggist will refund money if PAIN OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Teacher—"You don't know what this word is?" Pupil—"No." Teacher—"What is your coat made of?" Pupil—"Father's old pants."

Warts will render the prettiest hands unsightly. Clear the excrescences away by using Holloway's Corn Cure, which acts thoroughly and painlessly.

SOME REMARKABLE NESTS.

In Australia are to be found the largest, heaviest and most peculiar nests in the world. These are called, and are built in the form of a great mound, the average measurement in height being fifteen feet and the circumference one hundred and fifty feet. The nests are erected in secluded, sheltered spots; and, as in the case of the small nests of birds, they are skillfully interwoven with leaves, grass and twigs, and such other suitable material as the fowl may be able to procure. Large families of jungle fowl inhabit these strange nests.

Instead of hoping for the best, get busy and hustle for it.

Mentholated Vaseline

Allays Neuralgic Pains
Nervous Headache
Cold in Head.

12 Vaseline Remedies in Tubes.
Camphor Ice, Borated,
Carbolated, Camphorated,
White, Oxide of Zinc, etc.
Each for special purposes.
Write for Free Vaseline Booklet.

FARMS FOR RENT AND SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne St., Toronto.

ALBERTA, KASKATULAWAN, and MANITOBA LANDS.
CONSULT me before buying again.

TWENTY ACRES FRUIT FARM, good buildings. Five thousand.

TEN ACRES FRUIT FARM, good buildings. Thirty-five hundred.

HUNDRED ACRES, County Peel, Seven thousand.

HUNDRED ACRES, County Halton, good locality. Eight thousand.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne St., Toronto.

ALL KINDS OF FARMS—Fruit farms a specialty. W. J. Carey, Grimsby.

150 ACRES, Township Enniskillen, County Lambton, 80 rich clay loam, 25 acres timber, frame house, number of out-buildings, 2 1/2 miles to Oil Springs. Will exchange for smaller farm. THE WESTERN REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, LTD., London, Ont.

5 TON SCALE, special price. Wilson's Scale Works, Esplanade, Toronto.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED.—\$5.00 a day easy. No experience needed. Sells on sight. Absolute necessity to farmers. Does work of thirty men. Apply for itself in one hour. Write to-day. MODERN MACHINERY CO., Dept. 5, Sarnia, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED.—Experienced agents only, for two new popular lines: good salary and commission. Apply BRITISH CANADIAN INDUSTRIAL COMPANY, Limited, 228 Albert Street, Ottawa.

FOR SALE.

FARM SCALES, special price. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

If you are looking for the best PREMIUM proposition in Canada, one that appeals to everyone, apply to SELLERY, Advertising Dept., 228 Albert St., Ottawa.

EASY MONEY without capital; gathering ferns, flowers, roots and herbs anywhere. We pay \$80.00 for evergreen branches E.O.B. cash. 15c. per bush in price lists, samples, and advice. BOTANICAL BUREAU, 7 Columbus and Redfield, New Haven, Conn.

SASKATOON'S splendid English-speaking agricultural community has won phenomenal prosperity from a wonderful soil. What are the farmers in your district doing? Why not participate in our prosperity? Come here if you want to make the most and best of your energy and ability. Pay no rate, do it for your children's sake. Write for all information to Commissioner, Board of Trade, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan.

LEARN THE BARBER TRADE—NEW system—constant practice—careful instruction—a few weeks' complete course—tools free. Graduates earn twelve to eighteen dollars weekly. Write for catalogue. Moier Barber College, 221 Queen East, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

French Corsets.

To introduce our latest Parisian model we will for the next thirty days on a special sale of 25c. each, our "DIEZELLE" French Corset. REGULAR PRICE \$1.50. Made in white French coutil with all those supporters, sizes 25 to 30.

C. E. FOSDICK, Agent, Diane French Corsets, 228 Yonge St., Toronto. Reference: Any Bank or Express Co.

You'll Save Both Time and Money—as Well as a Good Deal of Trouble if You Use

"POWDRPAINT"

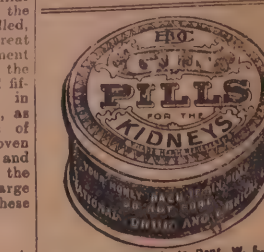
—PAINT WITHOUT OIL—
Easily applied, gives you a hard permanent finish that will wear for years. Send for Color and full particulars. Please mention this paper.

The Powderpaint Co. TORONTO

THE EARTH'S CRUST.

It is now believed that the solid crust of the earth cannot be thicker than 32 miles. From the earth's internal reservoir the heat radiations are believed to be passing away into space continually, but this loss is compensated for to some extent by the heat received from the sun.

The man who does nothing himself is never at a loss when it comes to advising others what to do.



Send for free sample in Dept. W. L. Mc Donald Drug & Chemical Co., Toronto.

EASTER SHOES

Just now everyone is figuring on a pair of

NEW SHOES FOR EASTER

and naturally looks to this store as the best place to get them. At no time have we been so well prepared to satisfy such demands. The best way to prove us is to come and make personal examination of our LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S FANCY SHOES in all the leading shades and at the popular prices.

INVICTUS

Geo. A. Slater Shoe
For Men

They fit better, hold their shape and wear better than any other shoe at the price, and our assortment includes all the leading styles in every color, size and width for the Spring and Easter wear.

NOTICE.—We have now on hand a complete line of Spring and Summer Hosiery in all shades for Women, Misses and Children. See our prices before purchasing.

Welcome whether you buy or not.

GEO. E. REYNOLDS,
SHOE KING

Decorate Your Home This Spring

Our Wall Paper department for this season comprises a world of new ideas in paper hangings. All the latest effects in combination decorations, cut out borders and panels, artistic designs and striking beauty of colorings—things you can not find at any other store as they are all novelties that are exclusive to us. You will find here a showing of beautiful wall decorations that will make choosing easy.

Let us do your decorating and you will get up-to-the-minute styles at the price of old fashioned ideas.

S. A. MURPHY

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Paints, Varnishes and Brushes.

THE YEAR 1910

Was one of pronounced success for the

MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA

The amount of new business written was \$9,250,000, being an increase of \$1,125,000 over the previous year. The general results for the year show:

- (a) A decrease in death losses.
- (b) An increase in the rate of interest earned on investments, and
- (c) A low expense rate.

These factors ensure satisfactory dividends for the Company's policy-holders.

BURROWS, of Belleville.

Agents Wanted.

General Agent.

CAIN STILL SURVIVES.

One Historic Villain Who Has Not Been Placed Upon a Pedestal.

It is the fashion now to pull down the idols of the past and set up new and hitherto comparatively unknown ones in their places, to rehabilitate the degraded and to reverse the decisions and the decrees of history. Speculation and criticism seek out dark spots and drag new heroes into light, while those who stand in the light of fame are scrutinized so closely that they seem but common things after all. If we go on at this rate much further we shall not have a villain left, nor a beguile, nor a hero.

There was an old hag past sixty at the beginning of the Trojan war. Judas is already on his feet. Nero is absolved from his murders. Henry VIII. has become a noble, free bearded spirit, and, as for his wives, the new version is, "Served them right." William Tell has vanished into the darkness of myth. Eugene Aram is a sentimentalist who could not help himself. No one but maniacs in their fits of madness is now guilty of murder.

Almost no villain is left us except Cain, and let us grapple him with hooks of steel. Let no man try to take Cain from us—Story's "Conversations in a Studio."

Exhibiting a Poet.

Matthew Arnold was sitting in his study one morning when the butler showed in an American lady and a small boy. The lady said: "Glad to make your acquaintance, Mr. Arnold. I have often heard of you. No, don't trouble to speak, sir! I know how valuable your time is!" Then, turning to the boy, she said, "This is my Lenny, the leading critic and poet—somewhat fiercer than we had been led to expect."—A. C. Bonson in Atlantic.

Prompt relief in all cases of throat and lung trouble if you use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pleasant to take, soothing and healing in effect. Sold by all dealers.

AN ARCTIC RESCUE

The Finding of the Survivors of the Greely Expedition.

STAYED THE HAND OF DEATH.

The Seven Starved and Half-Crazed Dying Men Were Warily Waiting For the End When Came the Shout That Told Them Relief Was Nigh.

In his story of the rescue of the remnants of the ill-fated Greely expedition at Cape Sabine in 1884 Frank B. Copley in the American Magazine gives a dramatic description of the actual finding of the starving survivors.

On June 21 a furious gale blew down the tent, which the despairing men had not the strength to raise again. On the 22d the gale continued, and the men felt that the end of their long struggle had come.

In the evening all the men were in their bags, waiting for death. Greely, Frederick, Bledrick, Elison and Connell were under the fallen canvas of the tent. Brainard and Long were under the fallen canvas of the adjoining shelter. It remained light, of course, the sun at this season being continuously above the horizon. Connell passed into the unconscious state which was the prelude of death. The other six men, supremely indifferent to everything, lay idly dozing.

But the evening still was young when, seemingly from a distance, there came a sound that forced itself upon their attention. Once came the sound! Twice came the sound! Three times came the sound! Each time it was a long, insistent scream.

At first it was annoying, as any sound is that gradually forces one to leave one's pleasant dreams and awake. But with the second repetition of the scream Brainard and Long sat up and looked at each other.

From under the canvas of the tent came the complaining voice of Greely, "Brainard, did you hear it?"

"Yes, sir."

"What was it?"

"I think—I am pretty sure—that it was the whistle of a steamer."

There was something of a stir under the fallen canvas of the tent. Bledrick had aroused himself and seized the bag containing their last bit of brandy. Two spoonfuls were left. Bledrick forced one down the throat of the dying Connell. If they actually were going to be rescued Connell should have a chance to live. The other spoonful of brandy Bledrick offered to his commander. When Greely declined it Bledrick sent it to follow the other spoonful down the throat of Connell.

Greely now asked Brainard and Long if they could get out from under their canvas and report if anything was to be seen. They said they felt able to climb to the high, rocky point on the ridge where Brainard had set a signal flag.

"Do your best," said Greely.

Slowly and painfully Brainard and Long crawled up the narrow path in the snow to the point which commanded a broad view of the sea. There was much open water, but nothing was to be seen on it save the old monotonous flocks and herds.

Long said they must have been mistaken in the nature of the sound they had heard. Brainard agreed. After a few minutes Brainard, chilled through, said he would go back and report to Greely. Long, who was more warmly clad, said he would stay up there a while longer.

When Brainard, in reporting to Greely, again expressed the opinion that they had been deceived the opinion seemed to be accepted by all the men under the tent. Brainard crawled back into his bag, fully believing that he never would leave it again and fully resigned to the prospect.

Presently Bledrick began to argue that the fact that no ship was to be seen from the point above them did not necessarily indicate that they had been deceived in believing that the sounds they heard were those of a ship's whistle. He suggested that the ship might be in Payer harbor, which could not be seen from their ridge.

Greely aroused himself sufficiently to say that he did not consider this probable. Bledrick, however, went on arguing in his persistent German way that help was near. At length Greely, whose nerves were a wreck and whose mind was fast giving way, turned on Bledrick and cursed him for making a disturbance.

"Shut up," he ordered, "and let us die in peace!"

So once more there was quiet.

Lying outside in his bag, Brainard vaguely wondered if he ever again would see Long.

Presently he heard footsteps.

Some one was coming.

It could not be Long.

Whoever was coming was running.

God be running!

Then came a shout the shout of a hale and hearty man.

"Greely! Greely! Are ye there?"

There was no mistaking the voice with its Scotch Irish accent. The voice was that of James W. Norman.

Ice master on the Proteus when that steamer transported the Greely expedition to Lady Franklin bay three years before.

As Norman shouted two big ships of the United States navy were anchored just at the foot of the ridge.

Seven men out of twenty-five lived until the evening of June 22. Another hour and probably only six would have been found alive. Two days more and in all probability the last man would have been found dead.

THE TRIBE OF MAC.

It Has the Clans of the Smiths and Joneses Beaten a Mile.

The tribe of Mac is greater even than the Smiths, the Joneses or the Cohens, and you never will mistake them for anything else. You might accidentally address a man whose real name was Smith as Cohen, but you would not do it to a Mac, and you would not commit the blunder of thinking a man whose name is Mac something other than a Mac. The Macs have the advantage of being able to come from everywhere, and most of them do. Furthermore, most of them go everywhere. They may be descended from the pioneers who settled in America, or from the persons who were forcibly settled at Botany Bay, or from kings or chieftains, or almost anything.

It is the easiest part of a name there is, and it is an open question as to whether the collective Macs do not exceed the Smiths, Joneses and Cohens of the rest of the world. One thing is certain, the Macs have such a flying start that they never can be overtaken. Even now the directories and other lists have to divide them into sections under Mac, or Mc, or M, but they are all Macs.

If you walk along the streets of most Nova Scotian cities and yell "Hey, Mac!" two-thirds of the people will turn around to look, because you have pronounced at least a part of their name. In St. John perhaps half have been interested, and in the streets of every other city and town of Canada there will be some. Just now it is a safe bet that there are Macs in the Mexican rebel army and other Macs in the regular army are chasing them around or being chased about.

But while it is a satisfying thing to belong to such a multitudinous and ubiquitous family, it has its disadvantages. A person who does not have the name finds it easy to walk up to one who has the name and say: "Mac old man, let me have \$10 until to-morrow, will you?" Now you couldn't act in the same familiar, easy, confident way with a man whose name was M. Whiddicombe, or Jamieson, or Peterson, or Berkowitz, or Simkovich, or Mandelsohn.

Any name that inspires you to put Mr. before it robs you of confidence, and very few persons with a Mac to their name ever hear the whole of it pronounced, and the Mr. is prefixed still less often. They go through the world as Mac from boyhood till they forget what their name really is. Another disadvantage of the Mac family of Macs is that it is easy for a tempter to say: "Come on, Mac; let's go out and get something." It is also easy for one who has but slight acquaintance with the person to say, "Got a smoke about you, Mac?"

Mabee Carried It.

There is a good story told of Chairman Mabree of the Railway Commission. It has to do with a certain bylaw which was to be submitted in Stratford, the purport of which is a matter of no moment. Mr. Idington was city solicitor. He was violently opposed to the proposition. He was to address a public meeting, and the friends of the bylaw were almost panic-stricken, for they had no material heavy enough to oppose him. At this critical moment, however, a member of the Board of Trade had an inspiration. He imparted his idea to a few of his colleagues, and they at once sought out Mr. Mabree. He took little interest in civic affairs, had no knowledge of the question at issue, but he loved a "scrap," and he quickly fell in with the plan. The meeting was held, and after Mr. Idington had fired all his big guns, Mr. Mabree appeared on the platform. To all but those concerned in the plot, his arrival was a surprise. Then, for the space of an hour or so, to the infinite delight of his hearers, he proceeded to twist Mr. Idington inside out. It cannot be said that he had his "case" well prepared. He did not know the intricacies of the situation, but he did know how to make it of his opponent's. After that night there was nothing to it but the bylaw.

"Go It, Dad."

Rev. Jesse Gibson, the traveling secretary of the British and Foreign Bible Society, delights to tell this good story on himself. He is a member of Jarvis Street Baptist Church, and occasionally takes one of his young hopefuls with him to prayer-meeting. On one of these momentous occasions, the lad noticed that his father was seeking a chance to get to his feet and make a contribution to the devotions of the evening, but each time some one else got the floor. He said to himself: "There was a lull, and quick as a flash the boy leaped over, poked his side in the ribs, and in a stage whisper that could be heard all over that side of the room, said: 'Go it, dad! Now's your chance!' Next less to say, it was up to Mr. Gibson, and he had to make his little speech.

Paterson's Career.

Hon. William Paterson, Mr. Fielding's colleague in the reciprocity negotiations, the proprietor of an extensive and thriving industry, had had an interesting business career. Born in 1839, he was but ten years old when his parents were both carried off by cholera. He was adopted by Rev. Dr. Ferrier, a Presbyterian minister, and only entered the law through the influence of Cockshutt, Brantford. When 24 years old he went into business for himself, as one of the founders of the enterprise which he now owns. In his bakery and confectionery business he was first in partnership with Mr. H. B. Leeming, but on that gentleman's retirement in 1870, he became sole proprietor.

Literally.

"How do you think that bust compares with the other ornaments?" "It is head and shoulders over all of them."

Electric Light Rays.

Ranking next to the sun's rays in stimulating and germicidal effects are the rays from electric light.

HARDWARE

JUST ARRIVED—

A CAR OF LEHIGH CEMENT

We keep a large stock of Tree Pruners, 6, 8, 10, 12 feet long. Also a fine line of pruning Shears, and Saws. These are carefully selected and the very best on the market.

We keep CONNOR'S BALL BEARING WASHER and CONNOR'S IMPROVED, and a number of other makes. Prices right.

L. & R. W. MEIKLEJOHN

Phone No. 13

BLUFFS AND PLAYS DEAD.

But There's a Fatal Flaw in the Hog Nosed Snake's Acting.

When you find a hog nosed snake flattened out upon the soil in his anxiety to absorb all the sunshine that he can he immediately adopts a policy of "bluff." He first inflates his body by a deep draft of air. Then he flattens his head and expands his neck to three times its proper width. Next he strikes angrily toward the intruder and hisses with malignant fury. The average pedestrian naturally retreats with a feeling of gratitude for the danger signals so unmistakably imprinted by a kindly Providence upon the deadly members of the reptile race.

A good field naturalist will quietly advance his bare hand to the reptile's head, because he knows that this snake can neither be inflated to give a poisonous bite nor a bite of any kind. Seeing that the observer cannot be intimidated, the snake then opens his jaws and acts as if he had been injured. Convulsive spasms ripple down his spine. He writhes and twists as if transplanted by the agonies of death, and, turning over on his back, the last convulsion dies away along the tail. Now, nothing in nature looks more dead than a snake lying with the ivory white of his belly plates turned upward to the sky, and the hog nosed snake will simulate death so patiently that you may carry him by the tail or hang his body on a fence and he will swing in the wind and give no sign of life for an hour or more.

But this clever acting has one fatal flaw. If you place him on the ground with the belly downward he will twist over on his back again. He has such a fixed idea that "belly plates skyward" is the correct pose for a serpent's corpse that, although supposed to be lifeless, he will turn over on his back a dozen times if you as perseveringly persist in laying him on his crawling surface. His zeal for the perfection of mimicry blinds him to the obvious truth that dead snakes stay where they are put.—Century Path.

TWO DUELS.

The Second One Was to Avenge the Victim of the First.

A certain English gentleman who was a regular frequenter of the green-room of Drury Lane theater in the days of Lord Byron's committee and who always stood quietly on the hearth rug there with his back to the fire was in his usual place one night when a narrative was related by another gentleman, newly returned from the continent, of a barrier duel that had taken place in Paris.

A young Englishman, a mere boy, had been despoiled in a gaming house in the Palais Royal, had charged a certain gaming count with cheating him, had gone out with the count, had wasted his fire and had been slain by the count under the frightful circumstances of the count's walking up to him, laying his hand on his heart, saying: "You are a brave fellow—have you a mother?" and on his replying in the affirmative remarking coolly, "I am sorry for her," and blowing his victim's brains out.

The gentleman on the hearth rug paused in taking a pinch of snuff to hear this story and observed with great placidity, "I am afraid I must kill that rascal."

A few nights elapsed, during which the greenroom hearth rug was without him, and then he reappeared precisely as before and only incidentally mentioned in the course of the evening, "Gentlemen, I killed that rascal."

He had gone over to Paris on purpose, had tracked the count to the same gaming house, had thrown a glass of wine in his face in the presence of all the company, had assembled there, had told him that he had come to avenge his young compatriot and had done it by putting the count out of this world and coming back to the hearth rug as if nothing had happened.

Russia's Butterfly Belief.

Small boys and girls in Russia often do not have the joy of butterfly chasing or collecting, for the popular and pretty belief of the peasants is that these swarms of fragile, lovely insects are the earthbound souls of the dead, compelled to linger for some minor use of the peasant class, they impress on them an early age how wicked it would be to catch and torture a soul and thus imbue them with a superstition that lasts until they are well grown.—New York Tribune.



PERFECT FITTING GARMENTS

Are what you expect from the tailors hands. Perfection of fit is assured

WHEN WE MAKE YOUR CLOTHES

High-class tailoring, thoroughly reliable goods, and superior fit and finish, are the points upon which we have built our business.

Call in and have a look over our Fall Suits, Overcoats and Odd Pants.

We also carry a good line of Men's Working Shirts, Overalls and Heavy Pants.

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Billheads, Circulars,

Cards, Posters,

—AND—

ALL KINDS OF PRINTING

—AT—

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Anyone sending a sketch and description in my office will receive a free opinion of its patentability. I am a practical inventor and have extensive experience in the preparation of all kinds of patent applications. I am also a writer of legal notices, and have been successful in many cases. My office is at 60 Nassau Street, New York City.

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Advertisement in this journal is the best way to get a large circulation for your product. It is also the best way to get a large circulation for your business. The Scientific American is the largest and most influential journal in the world. It is read by millions of people in every country. It is the best way to get a large circulation for your product or business.

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Write today for a free copy of our interesting book "Inventors' Rights" and "How to get a patent." We have extensive experience in the preparation of all kinds of patent applications. I am also a writer of legal notices, and have been successful in many cases. My office is at 60 Nassau Street, New York City.

THE
Stirling News-Argus

Is published every THURSDAY at the office of publication, North street, Stirling, just door north of Morton's drug store.

JAMES CURRIE.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per year if paid in advance. If not so paid, \$1.25 will be charged.

Correspondence is invited on all legitimate subjects, the real name of the writer to be furnished the editor in every case. This rule can have no exceptions.

ADVERTISING RATES.
For ordinary business advertisements: PER LINE PER WEEK WHEN INSERTED FOR 1 YEAR, 3 MONTHS, 1 MONTH, 2 WEEKS, 1 WEEK, 4 DAYS, 3 DAYS, 2 DAYS, 1 DAY.

Whole col. down to 10 lines, 75c. per line. Half col. down to 10 lines, 50c. per line. Quarter col. down to 10 lines, 25c. per line.

If inserted less than three months 1 cent extra on above rates. If less than two months 2 cents extra on above rates. If less than one month 3 cents extra on above rates.

These rates to be confined to the ordinary business of the commercial houses, and for such they will not be held to include Auction sales, Real Estate, Co-partnership Notices, Liquidation of firms, Property to let or for sale, etc.

Two inches, \$10 per year; \$4 for six months; \$2 for three months; \$1 for two months; \$1 for one month. One inch, \$5 per year; \$2 for six months; \$1 for three months; \$1 for two months; \$1 for one month. A column measures twenty inches.

Advertisements may be changed at the option of advertiser without extra charge. Transient advertisements, 10c. per line first insertion, 5c. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specific instructions inserted till forbidden, and charged accordingly.

Births, Marriages and Deaths inserted free. JOB PRINTING of every description executed in the best style, and on short notice.

1.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
1.25 IF NOT PAID IN ADVANCE.



\$1.50 50c.
\$2.00 75c.
\$2.50 \$1.00
\$3.50 \$1.25

The Correct New Hat
For Spring Now Being Sold Here

All the styles that are right, all the colors that are liked, in all the grades that are popular, and just the Hat you want is here.

FRED. T. WARD, Men's Wear Man

COOK & FOX

"THE STORE OF QUALITY"

Fashion's Facts, Fads and Fancies
For Easter and the Coming Season

Our showing of Spring Goods in all departments was never so large. Throughout our entire store Spring beauty presents itself in latest styles, best quality and newest fabrics. Before you do your spring purchasing have a look at our lines. Come early and get best choice.

Dress Goods and Silks

The leading fashions for the coming season indicate an extensive use of soft, clinging silks and light weight material. Beautiful in color and designs are our fabrics in Basket-cloth, Tricotine, Ottoman, Drape de Paris, Panama, Voile, Satin, Silk Foulards, Silks in Jacquards, Paisley, Paillette, Messaline, Shantung, etc. Prices 50c. to \$1.50 per yd.

Wash Goods

Don't fail to see our range in this department, especially the latest Shot Linens, Repps, Delaines, Foulards, Dimities, Muslins, Vestings, etc. Prices 15c. to 50c. per yd.

House Furnishing Department

Everything new and up-to-date, comprising the latest in Lace Curtains, Art Muslins and Draperies, Sateens, Scrims, Madras, Cretonnes, single and double reversible cloths, Floor and Stair Oilcloths, Linoleums in all widths. Don't fail to see these, it will be a liberal education.

Lace Curtains—50c. to \$5.00 per pair
SPECIAL—Fine Brussels Net Curtains, neat designs, 3½ yds. long, 42" wide, extra value. \$1.25
Fine Art Sateens reg. 20c. and 25c. values, only. 15c. yd.
Get our prices on Linoleums and Floor Oilcloths. We can save you money.

Specials

DRESS GOODS.—Black and White Checks, very fashionable, 38" wide, only. 19c. per yd.

KID GLOVES.—Every pair perfect. Colors Black, Tan and Gray. Sale price. 75c. per pair

BLACK SATEN UNDERSKIRTS.—Reg. 75c. sale price. 38c.

TORCHON PILLOW LACE.—3½ in. wide, good value at 10c. yd.

SALE PRICE. 5c. per yd.

FINEST SEEDLESS MUSCATEL RAISINS.—3 lbs. for. 25c.

FULL DINNER PAIL SODAS.—Special. 25c. per pail

SEEDLESS NAVEL ORANGES.—2 for 5c. or 25c. doz.

Millinery Department

Secure your Spring Millinery now. Our stocks are up-to-date in every way and we guarantee you the best service and workmanship obtainable. Our range of Children's and Misses' Hats has never been equalled.

Highest price allowed for produce. Phone 43 Goods promptly delivered

Clubbing List.

The News-Argus will club with the following papers at the rates mentioned:

The Weekly Globe.....\$1.80
The Weekly Mail & Empire, 1.80
The Family Herald & Weekly Star.....1.80
The Weekly Witness.....1.80
The Weekly Sun.....1.80
The Toronto News (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Star (Daily).....2.25
The Toronto Globe (Daily).....4.50
Farm and Dairy.....1.75
The Farmers Advocate, weekly 2.80
The Home Companion, Toronto.....1.50
Youth's Companion, Boston.....1.75

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE

The subscriber offers for sale that most desirable frame residence on Wright St., in the Village of Stirling, and a few minutes walk from the centre of the village. The house is in good repair, and fitted with modern conveniences, with good furnace for heating. There is a good lawn in front and a number of fruit trees on the lot.

There is also in connection a good blacksmith shop on Front Street. As the owner is going away, the premises will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply on the premises to

MRS. JOHN A. JOYCE.

Spring Brook

The Bazaar and Sugar Social held by the Ladies Aid in the L. O. O. F. Hall last Friday night was a very successful affair. The hall was crowded to the door—all the world and his wife was there, and a small contingent from Marmora.

The O'Connell Brothers sold their herd of milk cows here on the 13th inst. by public auction. Some of the animals went as high as \$72.

Mr. W. Liddell left last Monday for Brandon, Man.

During the past winter the W.M.S. have given a series of teas at different homes. The hostesses furnished the tea. The last one of the season was held at the home of Mrs. Wes. Heath. A charge of 10 cents admission was made. The entertainment at these meetings consisted of missionary readings, singing etc. Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Moore kindly presided. The proceeds have amounted to \$70. Mrs. Miles Mason was president for the past year.

Wallace C. Welch, formerly of this place, who has been for the past 9 years in the Band of United States 15th Infantry, is with his Regiment in Texas during the Mexican trouble.

Miss Jennie Rosebush of Toronto spent Easter at Mr. Rosebush's.

Epworth League was held on Sunday eve presided over by Miss Lottie Mason of Albert College who was spending Easter with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Miles Mason.

Mr. Vowles of Albert College, spent Easter at Mr. Mason's.

Mr. T. J. Thompson gave an old fashioned maple sugar party in the woods last week with about 40 young people partook of the delicious maple wax.

The W. M. S. held their meeting in the church on Tuesday afternoon. The election of officers for the following year were—Pres. Mrs. Miles Mason, Vice Pres., Mrs. John Morgan, Treas., Mrs. T. J. Thompson, Cor. Sec., Mrs. Joshua Green, Rec. Sec., Mrs. R. W. Thompson.

The aim of this Auxiliary has been to raise \$100 this year for missionary funds. So far it has raised \$80, and hopes to complete the \$100 before the 1st of May.

Mr. Caleb Lloyd gave a Maple Sugar party on Tuesday afternoon, when many enjoyed themselves eating warm sugar taffy.

Mr. G. Barrager of St. Ola, with his sister Mrs. Gordon King, spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. Rosebush.

Mrs. Wannamaker of St. Ola visited at Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bateman's Easter Sunday.

Miss Jennie Green of Stirling spent a few days here with her mother during Easter.

Foxboro Notes

The League of the Methodist church are holding a Mock Trial this evening, April 17th, when the Christian Church, (in the person of Mrs. Cragg, our minister's wife) is on trial for not carrying out our Saviour's command, "Go ye into all the world and teach all nations." There will be witnesses from China, Japan, India, Africa, Galicians and Indians from the far north, all in costume, to prove that the command is not carried out. It will be very interesting and instructive.

We are very sorry to announce the departure from our midst of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Badgley, who have bought a place in Stirling from Mr. Gould, just at the rear of the Methodist church. They will be very much missed here as they have made many friends during the seven years they have resided here.

Foxboro has been visited with a lot of sickness this winter and lately with scarlet fever. A couple of young children succumbed to the dreadful disease, Mr. Seeley's little boy and Mr. Brooker's baby.

Mrs. Lillie Henderson has returned from a five weeks' visit in Toronto with her daughter, Mrs. Louis Doney.

Mrs. (Dr.) Bert Faulkner spent Easter in Toronto, the guest of Mrs. Raimie.

Mr. Melzer Homan has joined the bridge gang of the G. T. R.

Miss Sutherland, of Whitby, is spending Easter with Miss Clara Youker.

Mrs. Walter Ferguson spent Easter at Mrs. Miller's where her husband is expected to join her on his return from the northwest.

Mrs. Geo. Wickett and Miss Grace Palmer have both recovered so as to dispense with their trained nurses.

Mrs. Arthur Demorest and Mrs. Boyd paid a flying visit to Toronto last week.

Mr. Aught, of Toronto, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Rev. Cragg.

Mr. and Mrs. Ranor (nee Miss Totten) spent a few days last week in our village.

Miss Wellburn's sister, of Keene, spent Sunday with her.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets assist nature in driving all impurities out of the system, insuring a free and regular condition and restoring the organs of the body to health and strength. Sold by all dealers.

Bank of Montreal

Established - 1817

CAPITAL, ALL PAID UP.....\$14,400,000.00

REST.....12,000,000.00

UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....961,789.11

A General Banking Business done.

Stirling Branch,
Bank Corner

Electricity on Farms

It is rumored that the Provincial Government will be asked to consider a proposal to send experts to Europe to investigate the development of electricity as applied to its uses on the modern farm. The suggestion is that the Department of Agriculture and the Hydro-Electric Commission each appoint commissioners, and Mr. W. Bert Roadhouse, secretary of the former department, and Mr. P. W. Bothman, the chief engineer of the Hydro, are mentioned in this connection. A representative of the Ontario Agricultural College may also be of the party, which, if the plan is carried out as suggested, would sail on the 25th of this month. Hon. Adam Beck would perhaps join the commissioners at the international conference on electricity as applied to modern farming, which is to be held at Munich and Cologne.

Harold

The Rev. J. E. Moore re-organized the Sabbath School here on Monday evening last with the following officers:

Supt., C. B. McGuire
Assistant Supt., R. Bailey
1st Bible Class, Mrs. E. Kunnals.
2nd Bible Class, C. Lloyd.
3rd Bible Class, Miss F. Heath.
4th Bible Class, Miss S. Armstrong.
5th Bible Class, Mrs. G. Snarr.
Sec. Mr. Harry Heath.
Organist, Miss K. Bailey.
Ass't. Organist, Miss E. Snarr.
Librarian, Willie West.
The school will open the 1st Sunday in May at 10:30 a.m.

Madoc Junction Items

(From our own Correspondent)

Mr. and Mrs. John Smith of Campbellford spent Easter with her sister, Mrs. Jas. Juby.

Mrs. M. Hoard and Mrs. S. Hatton of Stirling, and Miss Winnie Hoard of Toronto, spent Easter Monday the guests of Mrs. J. M. Clarke.

Mrs. Jas. Juby and grandson, Master Melville French, spent the last of the week with her niece, Mrs. Miller, of Madoc.

Mrs. A. H. Seeley, of Stirling, spent a few days with her mother, Mrs. J. Clarke.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Juby, of Shanville, spent Good Friday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Juby.

Mrs. Wm. Fitchett is visiting her mother, Mrs. Alexander, of Picton.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Stapley have returned to their home in Lindsay after spending their holidays with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Minchin, of Stirling, spent a day the guests of Mrs. L. Davis.

On the evening of the 14th several from here attended the button social at Halloway.

Mrs. Geo. McCutcheon spent Easter Monday with her mother, Mrs. R. Warden.

From another Correspondent.

Miss Winnie Hoard of Toronto, Mrs. Hoard, Mrs. Hatton and Mrs. Seeley of Stirling spent Monday with Mrs. Hattie Clarke and Mrs. Mason Clarke.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Smith, of Campbellford, are spending a few days with Mrs. Jas. Juby.

Miss Maggie Hamilton paid a short visit to her home in Sidney this week.

Miss Salisbury, our school teacher, left on Thursday evening to spend Easter at her home, "Stone Cottage," Madoc.

Mrs. Wm. Fitchett is spending the holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander, near Picton.

Mr. Willie Sexsmith, a former pastor's son, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Andrews one day during the holidays, also Miss Grace Harris, of B. B. C. Belleville.

Our pastor, Rev. E. A. Tonkin, gave us a splendid sermon from Matt. 23, 1, on Easter Sunday, showing us that now, as in Christ's time, women were sometimes first and nearly always the majority in our churches. He spoke especially of the great work being done by the W.M.S., and would like a W.M.S. at this appointment. Miss Mildred Clarke and Miss Mabel Eggleton took charge of the organ and were a great help to the service as well as a credit to their music teachers.

People who consult their moods or their preference or their ease never make a great success in life. It is the man who gets a firm grip on himself and forces himself to do the thing that will ultimately be best for him, who succeeds.

Your tongue is coated.

Your breath is foul.

Heavens come and go.

These symptoms show that your stomach is the trouble.

To remove the cause is the first thing, and Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will do that. Easy to take and most effective. Sold by all dealers.

Sterling Hall's SPECIAL EASTER OFFERINGS

SPRING JACKETS



Fawns, Grays and Blacks, 32 and 50 in. lengths at.....

.....\$5.00 to \$15.

RAINCOATS

in Parametta and Cravenettes, colors Black, Fawn, Gray, at....\$7.00 to \$10.

Black and Navy Vicuna Skirts, special at \$1.98 and \$2.50

BLACK Voile

Skirts, silk braid

trimming, extra

special value at...

.....\$5.00

BLACK PAN-

AMA Skirts, silk

braid trimmed, special at.....\$5.00

Misses' White

and Colored Mull

and Gingham

Dresses at.....

\$3.00 to \$5.00

Ladies' White

and Colored Lawn

Dresses at \$3.00,

\$4.00, \$5.00, \$6.00

Special Black

Taffeta Silk Waists

worth \$4.00, on

sale at.....\$3.00

SILKS AND DRESS GOODS A SPECIALTY

A new Silk Dress or Coat for Easter might brighten the situation. Take a look at our offerings:

Black Bengaline Cord

Silk for Coats, 20 inches

wide, special value at....

.....\$1.00 yd.

20 in. Black and Colored

Paillette Silk at.....

.....50 and 75c. yd.

40 in. Black and Colored

Paillette Silk at.....

.....\$1.25 and \$1.50

Natural Shantung Silks

at.....50 to 85c. yd.

SHEPHERD CHECKS



EVERY WOMAN knows "Shepherd Checks" will be fashionable this Spring. Paris and New York and the big Canadian Cities endorse them.

You can select from our Stock of

Shepherd Checks

just as well as if you were in a big City.

LADIES' AND GENT'S SHOE SECTIONS

These are replete with the latest productions of "Miss Canada" and "Bell" Shoes for the Ladies, and "Beresford," "Bell" and "Doe-tor's Special" Shoes for Men. Qualities, values and styles are the best.

FOR THE LADIES.—Patent Pumps, Patent Oxfords and Patent Blucher Bais at.....\$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00

FOR GENTLEMEN.—See our new Gun Metal Blucher Bais in "Beresford" and "Bells" at.....\$4.50, \$5.00

"Regent," Fine Dongola Blucher Bais \$5.00 style and value for \$3.50

MEN'S WEAR SECTION

New arrivals in "Progress" Suits claim attention. Have a look at our special Worsted Suits at.....\$12.50

Also Gray Twill Tupper Overcoats at.....\$10.00, \$12.50

AERO and WATERLITE Black Stiff Hats are the very perfection in style and comfort at.....\$2.25

EASTERN CAPS with new Duck Bill Peaks and Silk linings, leather sweat bands, at.....50c, 75c, \$1.00

The approaching milk drawing season will call for OIL SKIN CLOTHING. We offer Short Coats at \$1.50; long Coats at \$3.00 and \$3.50; Rain Coats at \$3.00 to \$10.00.

SMALLPRICED SMALLWARES

COTTON THREAD.—200 yd. spools, best quality, 3 spools for.....10c

SIX PAIRS Hook Laces for.....5c

TWO DOZEN Dime Dress Fasteners for.....10c

TWO HAIR NETS of good quality for.....10c

HAND BAGS for Girls and Misses, Black, Tan, Green, embossed leather, regular 35c. for.....15c. on 1

BUTTON MOLDS, all sizes, a dozen for.....15c

PIN KNIVES, pearl handles, 25c. value for.....10c

IRON SETS, detachable, for vests and blouses, white and smoked pearl, 25c. value for.....10c

EMBROIDERY SILKS 4 skeins for.....10c

BERRY BUNCHES TOILET PINS at.....10c

SCISSORS, various styles and sizes, special at.....10c

PAPER NAPKINS, Dennisons, 10c. value for.....10c

VARNISH BRUSHES, 11 in. wide for.....10c

2 1/2 in. wide for.....10c

TALCUM POWDER, extra large 25c. tins for.....10c

W. R. MATHER

H. R. BOULTON,

Manager.

FORTUNE FAVORS THE BRAVE; OR, A LOOK INTO THE PAST

CHAPTER XIII.—(Cont'd)

Mrs. Darnley put out her hand, and offered her cheek to her son. "You are a tardy traveller, Derrick," she said, with a cold smile. He just touched her fingers, but did not bend his head to kiss her cheek.

"A tardy traveller on a useless journey. I suppose you had some good reason for sending me to transact your imaginary business, mother; but I confess I don't see it so clearly."

"I don't understand you, Derrick," Mrs. Darnley's voice was surprise and hauteur combined.

He gave her a sharp look, then, without another word, turned aside.

"I will sit here for a little while, Dolly," he said, wearily, as he saw that he could not, must not, try to escape indoors yet, if he would prevent awkward speculation about him. "And then, dear, after I have been refreshed by the night air, and your sweet company, I think I will go to bed."

"You shall do exactly as you like," Dorothy answered, of course, drawing up a tiny chair, and sitting close to him. "But tell me, Derry, what did you mean just now by saying that there was no real business to take you away?"

"I meant that I had been made a fool!"

He spoke so hotly, so bitterly, that Dorothy started. She had never seen him in such a mood before, and she was a little frightened; but the young man seemed to have forgotten her very presence; he was gazing to his right hand, at that other man who had robbed him of all that made life dear and sweet; for whose sake he had been pushed aside, jilted, despised! For whom his whole love had been trampled under foot as the dead leaves of autumn are crushed into the mire.

For an hour he had been wandering about the grounds, trying to school himself to meet the others, to grow calm, and act as though this horrible thing had never been.

Had he but known! If she had sent him one line, one word of warning, he would never have come back! But now he was here, and he must go through the ordeal, at least, this evening. On the morrow he would go. But the morrow was not yet born, and the night was only new.

What had he suffered no one but himself could ever know. The blow had a double effect; it struck at his heart and at his pride.

Love, that levels all things, had erased from his generous mind all question of inequality between himself and Nancy. It was nothing to him that she had passed years of her childhood in a common home, that her surroundings had been vulgar, her connections plebeian.

He had loved her, that was enough; against all the world he would have upheld her; she was pure, good, a true gentlewoman, it was sufficient for him, and he loved her. It seemed to him, looking back now, that he had loved her from the very first—from the moment when she had clung to his arm that bygone January night, and he had struck her cowardly tormentor to the mud. Had not her sweet eyes haunted him, and could he ever forget the quick rush of pleasure that filled him when she had put her small hand in his that celebrated evening in Sir Humphrey's "den," and whispered she would be his friend. Friend! ah! how could her lips have been so false—so cruel!

Darnley ground his nails into his clinched palms. What act of friendship was it that broke his loyal heart and cast aside his tenderness and love! He could not believe it at first.

He recalled every trait in the girl's character, he had watched so closely he thought he knew it well; how pure, how gentle, how full of womanly sympathy; yet what a treasure of human passion had seemed to him there!

And now she was giving herself willingly, nay, eagerly, to be the wife of such a man as Thomas Crawshaw! His wife! Derrick Darnley bit his lips to keep back the groan that would have escaped him. Never more would her lips meet his—never more should he clasp her slender form to his heart—never more would her eyes smile up at him—she was no longer his, she belonged to Thomas Crawshaw—to that vulgar brute, whose very presence near her seemed a desecration.

The sight of the men snatching to and fro, with the glow of triumphant possession shining over their greedy faces, was more than he could bear.

With a smothered oath he started to his feet, forgetful, heedless that Dorothy was gazing at him in startled surprise, and without another word he strode away to the house.

"If I stay longer I shall kill him! I shall not be able to restrain myself," he muttered, fiercely, madly.

He reached the Hall and made his way to Sir Humphrey's "den," he knew he would be safe here from intrusion; but, nevertheless, he took the precaution of carefully locking the door, and once alone, he flung himself in a chair, and buried his face in his folded arms on the table.

He felt faint and sick from the violence of the anger he had experienced, and now came the dull, dead ache of despair to take its place.

Strong man as he was, he trembled in every limb; love, that had been so sweet, had turned to such bitterness as he had never dreamed of. He recalled the brief ecstasy of his first love. As he sat there alone in the empty room and the gray dusk, he remembered with a wild throbbing at his heart the indescribable joy that had run through his veins as his arms first enfolded her, and he caught her whispered love on her sweet, fresh lips. Love! no, no, it had never been love. He flung out his arms suddenly, and started to his feet.

"I can't stay here," he said to himself, hoarsely. "I must go at once—where? What does it matter where? One place is as good as another now my hope is gone—my ambition dead. Why need I work for the future—why struggle? Everything is base and false and miserable!" Then his mood changed.

"How white she was," he said, hurriedly, to himself; "her face was drawn as if with pain. Did she really suffer? Or—Pshaw! it was acting. If she felt anything, it must have been shame—shame at her wrong, her cruel deception."

He passed his hand over his brow, it was wet with perspiration. "Yet," he mused, as he paced on, "there is something in the whole affair I do not understand. Why should my mother have sent me on that useless journey? Is there some mystery here?" Unconsciously his heart beat quicker. "Can there be any connection between this and—"

He paused, then shook his head. How could his mother have anything to do with Nancy's affairs? She had spoken the truth with her own lips; she had told him she did not love him!

In his excitement he forgot that poor Nancy had never uttered such a falsehood.

"Ah!" he cried, passionately, "I am rightly punished for humbling my pride to the dust that bygone night in this very room, and entreating her to forgive me and remain at the Hall; had I been firm, she would have gone, and I should have been spared this misery."

The vision of her face rose before him; he saw her as she had stood under the rose-hued umbrella in the early morn; he felt again the fascination steal over him as his eyes met the fancied gaze of her marvellous blue ones. Even in imagination he could hear her soft breathing, and see the delicate color come and go in her face.

Then, with a gesture of passionate despair and defiance, he started upright again.

"I will be strong," he said; "she shall see that I can laugh and bear it. She is no longer the woman I love—she is my enemy—I hate her—I hate her!"

He unlocked the door and walked steadily into the garden, knowing nothing, seeing nothing, only wrapped about in a hot flood of passion that was born of his recklessness and despair!

CHAPTER XIV.

The summer moon was at its full height as the young man emerged from the house and went slowly on to the lawn.

"What, not gone to bed, Derry?" cried Dorothy, rising alertly and going to meet him. "I thought you were in dreamland by this time!"

"I suddenly remembered an important letter I had to write," he replied, with a faint smile playing over his face for an instant.

"Could you not have done that in the morning, eh, sir?"

"I did not want to risk losing any of the delicious moments I shall indulge myself in to-morrow."

Darnley laughed shortly; his

eyes went slowly round the lawn, but she was not there—he felt it, rather than saw it.

"What a lovely night," he said, abruptly; he must say something, and this came mechanically to his lips. Dorothy gave a soft little sigh. The beauty of the night had certainly been lost on her; it is now; but now she mentally agreed that he was right; it was lovely. He turned to her suddenly.

"Why are you sitting alone?" he asked.

"I prefer to," Dorothy answered, truthfully; "there is no one here, except you, now, that I care to talk to. Nancy has disappeared; I can't find her high and low; I should not be the least surprised if I suddenly discovered she had walked to see Mrs. Wortley all alone she has been so strange all day—but then she has been ill, poor dear."

"Has she been very ill?" Derry's voice was only faintly interested.

"Very. I saw her just before luncheon, and she looked awful. I really was alarmed, but she must be better, or she would not be out of her room, would she?"

"I—I should imagine not." Derry passed his hand over his hot eyes. His sore heart felt a pang pass through it as he heard of her suffering; and once again came that curious doubt—a doubt that was mingled with strange hope and pain; but it was so vague, so unsatisfactory, he dismissed it almost immediately from his mind.

"Shall we go for a stroll?" Dorothy said, laughingly.

"Merchfield will stay me," Mr. Darnley replied, echoing her laugh, in a hollow, forced way.

Her face flushed.

"Merchfield is so foolish." "Take care; he has a title."

Despite his efforts, Derrick could not yet be quite natural.

Dorothy looked at him nervously. "I think, after all, you had better go to bed; you seem thoroughly knocked out, Derry."

But the man made no answer, for at that moment he saw a slender, white-robed form coming toward them in the moonlight.

"It is Nancy," cried Dorothy; "let us go and scold her, naughty girl!"

She ran away swiftly, and Derrick Darnley set his teeth and clinched his strong hands.

So she had come to brave him,

and she? The comedy was about to begin! Well, with all his heart! She would play her part to perfection, of course, but if she thought to see him flinch and falter she was mistaken.

How pale she was; and were those deep, black marks beneath her exquisite eyes, or did the moon throw queer shadows across her face and bring them there?

How strange it seemed; here she stood, the woman who had filled his dreams with such unspeakable beauty; he had but to stretch out his arms and he could touch her, yet she was lounging there quietly, to all appearances as indifferent as though she were a block of stone; it was very strange; she had clung to him, nestled in his arms, and now a chasm stretched between them, and to clasp hands across the gulf was impossible—to murmur his love-words a dishonor.

How fair and girlish she looked in the moonlight! The power of her beauty stole into his brain and awoke his passion.

"She is mine—she belongs to me!" clamored his heart. "I will not give her up!"

He heard Dorothy's voice gently chiding her, and he listened hungrily for her reply.

How dull and heavy her tones were! She whose voice had been as light and joyous as a bird's notes! But he was forgetting! Of course this was acting; she had seen him on the terrace, and she was playing for his benefit. He was roused suddenly from his troubled thoughts.

"What are you staring at, Mr. Darnley?" laughed the Hon. Maude from below.

He looked down, and his brow darkened; he had not noticed that any one was near, far less that Crawshaw was at hand.

"Looks as if he had seen a ghost, don't he?" observed that gentleman, without troubling to remove his cigar from his mouth.

His head was adorned with a soft slouched hat, his hands were plunged in his trousers pockets; he looked even more vulgar and pretentious in his spick-and-span evening dress than in his rough riding attire.

Darnley's right hand clinched itself, but he made no reply to this, though Miss Chester evidently found it so witty that she laughed immoderately.

"Oh! but there are no ghosts here, are there, Mr. Darnley?" she cried.

"There's some one who looks like one, anyhow."

(To be continued.)

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Over 2 Million Packages Sold Weekly.

AN ITALIAN WAS MURDERED

Two Others Wounded in a Stabbing Affray at Toronto

A despatch from Toronto says: Jealousy over a woman was the cause of a row on Friday night at the rear of 40 Agnes Street, which ended in one man being killed and three others badly wounded. The dead man is John Russell, laborer, who lived at 40 Agnes Street. He had his throat badly gashed with a large butcher knife, and the man who is under arrest charged with the murder is Donato Panzini, of 93 Elm Street. Vincent Accioli, who also lives at the Agnes Street house, is under arrest on a charge of carrying firearms. Andy Male, who had his head badly cut, is being held as a material witness. Frank Russell, the brother of the murdered man, is in St. Michael's Hospital. He has a bad cut in the head and the thumb of his left hand is almost severed.

It appears that Panzini and the

dead man were infatuated with the same girl, a young woman by the name of Fratortti, whose father has a boarding-house at 40 Agnes Street. A number of people had gathered at the Agnes Street house, and according to the story told the police by Anthony Fratortti, Panzini, with some others, came to his place on Friday evening with the intention of making trouble.

The question of their affections for the one lady naturally came up and it was decided to fight it out in the back yard. This is one of the versions the police were able to obtain on Friday night, and they think it is correct in many details. The Italians are loth to speak on the subject and it was a considerable time after the murder before the correct name of the dead man was found out.

JARDINE WILL BE HANGED

Last Chapter in the Murder of Lizzie Anderson at Goderich

A despatch from Goderich says: Edward Jardine will be hanged on Friday, June 16. He was found guilty by the jury on Friday afternoon of the murder of Lizzie Anderson, after a trial lasting two days and a half.

Except for a slightly heightened color, the prisoner displayed no signs of agitation. He stood in a slouching attitude in the prisoner's box during the passing of the sentence by Chief Justice Falconbridge and afterwards walked from the courtroom, unfalteringly, ahead of and unsupported by the constable. He was taken to the jail. The jury returned shortly before noon, and when the court met again at 1.15 they were ready with their verdict. The foreman simply announced that they had found a verdict of guilty. Jardine, sitting in the box with

George Vanstone, the other man to be tried for murder, was ordered to stand up.

"It is not my practice, under these circumstances, to dwell upon the enormity of the crime. If you have not by this time realized the terrible nature of your offence, it is impossible that any words of mine could make you do so. In passing sentence on you," the Judge said to him, "I warn you not to have any hope of commutation of the extreme penalty of the law for the crime you have committed. I would, however, recommend you to spend the rest of your days on earth in preparation for your entry into the world to come. On Friday, the 16th of June, you will be taken to the place of execution, there to be hanged by the neck until you are dead. May God have mercy on your soul."

SOUTHERN TORNADO.

Buildings Blown Down and Many Persons Injured.

A despatch from Leavenworth, Kansas, says: A tornado which struck this city at half-past five o'clock on Tuesday did thousands of dollars worth of damage to buildings and growing crops. Hailstones, as large as pigeon eggs, practically ruined every greenhouse in the city and broke out hundreds of windows in residences. Scores of sheds and outhouses were overturned and telephone wires blown down. Reports from west of the city and from Platte County indicate that great damage was done to farm buildings and crops. The storm lasted about half an hour. At Whiting sixty houses were blown down and thirty persons injured.

SLAYER OF SON.

George Vanstone Found Guilty and Sentenced for Life.

A despatch from Goderich says: George Vanstone was on Friday night found guilty of manslaughter in connection with the death of his son, whom he beat to death with a stick because he was either slow or obstinate in making figures on his slate when the father was seeking to instruct him. He was sentenced by Mr. Justice Falconbridge to life imprisonment. The prisoner's wife burst into tears when she heard the sentence. The trial lasted less than four hours, the defence being insanity. The lawyers of the prosecution and defence left the address to the jury in the hands of the judge.

WESTERN ELECTRIC LINES

Transportation Enterprise to Operate From Niagara Falls to London.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: Mr. Malcolm J. Kent, a director of the London Electric Railway Company, on Wednesday afternoon gave the first definite statement regarding a merger which may mean a change of management for the London Street Railway Company. Mr. Kent stated that an option had been given on the street railway. This has not been taken up as yet, but the deal, he said, will likely be closed one way or the other, within a week.

Mr. Kent did not feel himself in a position to state definitely the purpose of the proposed change, but he gave this general idea: The movement here is one of many

which aim to bring street railways and radials under one management. When this is done the districts between here and Niagara, which are not already served by radials, will have such lines constructed. These and the street railways brought in will get their power from the main company.

The merger, it is believed, is but the widening of the movement which started in Toronto during the past few days. It will give the power companies, behind which are Mackenzie & Mann and a number of New York capitalists, a market for their power, and will enable the companies to serve the people along the transmission lines which will be erected.

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

Canada, the Empire and the World in General Before Your Eyes.

CANADA.

The Ontario Government may build a custodial institution for the care of the insane.

Mr. David Wilson, a prominent contractor, of Gananoque, died from blood-poisoning on Friday.

The Government is permitting an American training ship to pass through the canals to Lake Michigan.

The Government will not pay for dredging done without authority by the Loggie Company at Bathurst, N. B.

Sir Alan Aylesworth announced in the Commons that he may reconsider his determination to retire from public life.

The Quebec, Montreal & South Shore Railway bridge at Yamaska, Que., was damaged by ice and is expected to fall into the river.

J. Y. Murdoch of Jarvis pleaded guilty to charges of forgery and theft and was remanded to the 25th. He promises to make such restitution as lies in his power.

Belleville Council has asked the County Judge to investigate the charge against ex-Mayor Marsh and City Treasurer Price in connection with the sale of tax lots.

Three men dropped into the canal at Iroquois when a scaffold on which they were working collapsed, on Friday. Elgin Servis was drowned, but the other two managed to get out.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Liberal member for Exeter, England, has been unseated on a re-count.

UNITED STATES.

A cotton clearing house has been established in New York.

Denman Thompson, the well-known actor, is dead.

President Taft has warned Mexican belligerents that border fighting must not jeopardize American citizens on U. S. territory.

GENERAL.

Aviator Pierre Prier made the trip from London to France, 290 miles, in a monoplane without a stop.

MATTHEWS ACQUITTED.

Not Guilty of the Murder of Johanna Brimacombe.

A despatch from Cobourg says: Henry I. Matthews, jun., was acquitted on Saturday night of the charge of murdering Miss Josephine of Johanna Brimacombe. The Court assembled shortly before 11 o'clock, and the court room and the halls leading to it were crowded. The juryman almost noiselessly filed into their places, and they all looked haggard. One or two were visibly affected by emotion. The prisoner preserved a quiet demeanor and appeared unmoved in countenance. Only the deeper lines about his face revealed the ordeal of suspense which he has undergone. He glanced at his counsel, the Crown Attorney, and the representatives of the press, and then looked straight at the foreman of the jury.

"Gentlemen of the jury, have you agreed on a verdict?" asked the Clerk of the Court.

"We have," answered the foreman.

"And it is?" "Not guilty," was the answer.

The throngs in the rear of the court room behind the prisoner's dock and at the entrance broke into cheers that were echoed to the streets, and told the waiting crowds outside of the happy outcome of the trial for the accused.

CUT OFF HUSBAND'S HEAD.

Woman in Hospital for Months from Wounds He Inflicted.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: Peter Napolitina, an Italian, living near James street, Little Italy, known here as Peter Napolitnik, was killed on Sunday evening by his wife, Margery. The woman admits having committed the murder and is now in jail. Napolitina was employed on the night shift at the steel plant, and was asleep in bed when his wife attacked him with an axe. The first blow struck him on the forehead and nearly severed the crown of his head. Four blows followed, the last one all but severing the head from the body. The woman then proceeded out on to the street and told passers-by what she had done. The murder is the echo of the case last fall, when Napolitina returned home unexpectedly, and stabbed her several times. She was for some months in the hospital. It seems she had awaited the opportunity to get even.

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PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 13.—Flour—Winter wheat 90 per cent, patents, \$3.35 to \$3.40 at seaboard. Manitoba flour—First patents, \$5.40; second patents, \$4.90, and strong bakers', \$4.70, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 97c cash, and 95c May delivery, Bay ports; No. 2 Northern, 94c cash, and 92c, May delivery, Bay ports.

Ontario Wheat—No. 2 red and white 82 to 83c, outside.

Barley—Malting qualities, 66 to 68c, and feed 53 to 57c, outside.

Oats—Ontario, 32 1/2 to 33c, outside, and 35 to 35 1/2c, on track, Toronto. No. 2 W. C. oats, 37c, and No. 3, 35c, Bay ports.

Corn—No. 3 American, 56 to 56 1/2c, Toronto freight.

Peas—No. 2 at 80 to 81c outside.

Buckwheat—No. 1 at 49 to 50c outside.

Bran—Manitobas, \$23, in bags, Toronto, and shorts, \$24.50, in bags, Toronto; Ontario shorts, \$24.50 to \$25.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Spys, \$5 to \$6; Baldwins, \$4 to \$4.50; No. 2 assorted, \$3.50 to \$4.50 per barrel.

Beans—Car lots, \$1.75 to \$1.80, and small lots, \$1.80 to \$2.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 10 to 11c per lb.; No. 1 comb, wholesale, \$2 to \$2.50 per dozen; No. 2 comb, wholesale, \$1.75 to \$2 per dozen.

Baled Hay—No. 1 at \$11.50 to \$13 on track, and No. 2 at \$9 to \$10.50.

Baled Straw—\$6.50 to \$7, on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Car lots, 90 to 95c per bag, and New Brunswick, \$1 to \$1.05.

Poultry—Wholesale prices of dressed poultry: Chickens, 15 to 16c per lb.; fowl, 11 to 13c per lb.; turkeys, 19 to 21c per lb. Live, 1 to 2c less.

LOCAL DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Dairy prints, 19 to 20c; inferior, 16 to 17c. Creamery quoted at 27 to 28c per lb. for rolls, 24 to 24 1/2c for solids, and 22 1/2 to 23c for separator prints.

Eggs—Case lots 18c per dozen.

Cheese—Large, 14c, and twins at 14 1/2c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 11 to 11 1/2c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, \$20 to \$20.50; do., short cut, 23.50 to \$24; pickled rolls, \$20.

Hams—Light to medium, 15c; do., heavy, 12 to 13c; rolls, 11 1/2 to 12c; breakfast bacon, 15 1/2 to 17c; backs, 18 to 18 1/2c.

Lard—Tierces, 11c; tubs, 11 1/2c; rails, 11 1/2c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 13.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 38 1/2 to 39c, car lots ex store; extra No. 1 feed, 38 1/2 to 39 1/2c; No. 3 C. W., 37 1/2 to 38c; No. 2 local white, 36 to 36 1/2c; No. 3 local white, 35 to 35 1/2c; No. 4 local white, 34 to 34 1/2c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.30; seconds, \$4.80; winter wheat patents, \$4.50; strong bakers', \$4.60; straight rollers, \$4 to \$4.25; in bags, \$1.75 to \$1.85. Rolled oats—Per barrel, \$4.15; bag of 90 lbs., \$1.95. Corn—American No. 3 yellow, 59 to 60c; Mill-feed—Bran, Ontario, \$22 to \$23; Manitoba, \$21 to \$23; middlings, Ontario, \$24 to \$25; shorts, Manitoba, \$3 to \$25; mouillie, \$25 to 30. Eggs—Fresh, 17 to 19c. Cheese—Westerns, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4c. Butter—Choice, 25 to 26c; seconds, 23 to 24c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Buffalo, April 13.—Wheat—Spring No. 1 Northern, earlows store, \$1.04 1/8; Winter scarce. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 54 1/8c; No. 4 yellow, 53c; No. 3 corn, 52 to 52 1/2c; No. 4 corn, 50 1/2 to 50c; all on track, through billed. Oats—No. 2 white, 30c; No. 3 white, 28c; No. 4 white, 26c.

SPRING OPENING IN THE WEST

Telegram From Immigration Commissioner Gives Strong Facts

A despatch from Ottawa says: The following are extracts from a telegram from Mr. J. Bruce Walker, Commissioner of Immigration, Winnipeg, to the Superintendent of Immigration at Ottawa:—"Seeding is general this week throughout the whole of western Canada. The seed bed is in fine condition, while the moisture is everywhere abundant."

"Five thousand overseas immigrants, most of them from England, arrived in Winnipeg during the first three days of this week."

"The Canadian Northern Railway is calling for tenders for the construction of the mountain section in British Columbia, running through the Fraser and Thompson canyons, its cost approximately fifteen million dollars."

"During the year ending March 31st last 33,853 head of live stock entered Canada from the United States. Of this number 12,853 were horses. During the first ten days of April of this year one thousand cars of settlers' stock and effects passed through the gateway at North Portal, destined to Saskatchewan and Alberta. New settlers are entering western Canada during March and April at the average rate of fifteen hundred per

day. These are being absorbed by western communities rapidly and satisfactorily."

"Real estate values in farm and city property in the Province of Manitoba have advanced materially during this month. The increase in western lands in the prairie provinces runs from two to three dollars per acre since the first of March."

"Five special trains have passed through Emerson during this week, travelling via Chicago and Winnipeg, thence by Grand Trunk Pacific to Edmonton, carrying overseas immigrants and a large number of repatriated French-Canadians from the New England States."

"The Grand Trunk Pacific is calling for tenders and is ready to commence the erection immediately of a new palatial hotel in Winnipeg city."

"Building permits in Winnipeg, Vancouver, and Calgary during the month of March aggregate three million dollars."

"The work of reconstructing the Brandon Asylum for the Insane, which was burned down in the early part of last winter, has commenced. The contract has been let to a local firm and the new structure will cost one and a half million dollars."

HAT PIN COSTS HIM AN EYE.

Woman Passing Gate at Station Maims Him for Life.

A despatch from Omaha, Nebraska, says: Henry Pepper, a gateman at the Union Station, lost an eye as a result of coming in contact with a hat pin on Tuesday morning, and came near losing his life. He was punching tickets at the gate when a fashionably dressed woman pushed her way through the crowd, and as she passed the gateman the pin in her hat pierced his eye and, dragging across his temple, tore an ugly gash. The eye was badly mutilated and the sight destroyed. The police tried to find the woman, but failed.

WHAT DID HE MEAN.

Mrs. Blenkinsop—"Poor man, perhaps you have seen better days?"
Tramp—"Yes, indeed, lady. I never tasted such soup as yours before."

CHAMPAGNE RIOTS IN FRANCE

7,000 Men March on Epernay--Troops Charge With Bayonets

A despatch from Châlons-sur-Marne, France, says: The rioting in the wine district threatens to assume the proportions of the widespread disorders in the champagne districts four years ago which resulted in the proclamation of martial law. Wine presses and wine cellars in several towns have been demolished, and hundreds of thousands of bottles of champagne destroyed.

At Damery six wine houses were wrecked, and the streets so littered with broken bottles and a mixture of mud and wine that traffic has been impeded.

At Ventuill the rioters destroyed several large wine presses, and the troops were forced to charge with fixed bayonets before the mob could be dispersed.

Seven thousand wine-makers, well organized, were marching on Epernay, the champagne entrepot, from Damery with the intention of destroying the Epernay wine cellars. Several thousand troops have been concentrated at Epernay and at other threatened points in that vicinity. The troops are awaiting the advancing manifestants and

have received orders to use every endeavor to preserve order and prevent the destruction of property.

A despatch from Damery, Department of Marne, France, says: The "champagne" riots, which began in this department on Tuesday morning by the excited populace. Wine cellars are being destroyed and the disorder is spreading in spite of the presence of troops called out to preserve order. During the progress of the advance they sang revolutionary hymns and waved red standards. This they did to disown the Government, which they affirm has abandoned them to ruin. They declare the Government acted as a result of the steps taken by the makers of inferior grades of wine. The column had reached the town of Ay at noon. Co-operating with another band, which had reached Ay from a different direction, the rioters proceeded to Ventuill, where they destroyed the huge wine presses.

Troops, which had hurriedly been despatched to Ventuill, charged and dispersed the mob, but not until the manifestants had accomplished their purpose.

The Control of Bovine Tuberculosis

The issue of the Report of the International Commission on the Control of Bovine Tuberculosis is of significant interest at the present time particularly in view of the active demand for some definite and authoritative pronouncement in consideration of the whole situation in its relation to the welfare of the Live Stock Industry and to its influence on public health. The economic importance of the subject has occasioned a very great deal of discussion in scientific and agricultural circles and has led to the adoption by various legislative and municipal bodies of measures for the suppression and eradication of this great scourge of domesticated animals and for the protection of the people against infection through the consumption of diseased meat or polluted milk. It has long been felt, however, that for the North American continent a really efficient and satisfactory programme could only be arranged and undertaken with any prospect of uniform and permanent success through concerted action on the part of the governments of both the United States and Canada and only also when the legislation enacted or policy adopted was in substantial agreement with the expressed views of representative authorities of both countries.

The Report referred to embodies the deliberate conclusions of just such an official and representative delegation, and both farmers and the public generally are to be congratulated in having now placed before them in most concise and readable form a statement containing an epitome of the recommendations of the Commission and of the recommendations which it has at length determined to make. The decisions which have been reached are eminently conservative in their nature and for this reason, if for no other, they will exercise a much stronger appeal than would otherwise be possible, particularly in the case of those who may for any reason be prejudiced against legislative interference. The prevalence of the disease and the consequent loss to the breeders, as well as the now acknowledged danger to public health are not minimized but gravely acknowledged and seriously considered. In the recommendations which have been given to the great practical difficulties which must of necessity be encountered in the conscientious carrying out of any policy likely to be of use in combating the malady.

Compulsory slaughter of the infected animals is not advocated, though the destruction of those showing clinical symptoms of the disease is advised. Compulsory testing even is not insisted on except in herds where the disease is known to exist, though the usefulness of tuberculosis as a reliable diagnostic agent, when properly administered, is confidently affirmed. The Commission bases its great hope of ultimate success in accomplishing the intention of whatever legislation may be enacted on the co-operation of the breeders of live stock in the policy of rearing healthy herds by protecting the young from contagion of any sort. A sufficient explanation is given of the methods advocated, and in order to safeguard the interests of those now possessing clean herds and of those making an honest effort to establish such herds, stringent precautionary measures are recommended regarding the shipment, sale and interchange of stock. The policy as presented is in every way reasonable, and cannot but commend itself to any fair thinking man.

It is unnecessary to enter into a further discussion of the details of the Report of the Commission, as a copy may be easily obtained by any reader. The fact that this report is likely to form the basis of a new policy shortly to be adopted by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa should give its contents a special interest for Canadian owners of cattle and swine. The time is evidently ripe for such a departure and the Minister's hands will no doubt be strengthened by the steadily growing sentiment on the part of the public in favor of such action. In the meantime and until a definite policy is announced, a careful study of this publication should be made by every farmer and breeder in the country. Whether or not it may be to his advantage to lay his plans forthwith, in accordance with the proposed scheme as therein outlined, will remain for him to decide, but the information which the report contains is of immediate practical value and should not be neglected. It may be obtained by addressing the Veterinary Director General, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Ont.

Pertinent Questions About Dairying

What will I get for my milk this coming summer? What will my cheese sell for? These questions pervade the thought of every farmer who milks cows. Are answered in so far as possible by people in touch with our various markets who write in the Third Annual Special Dairy Number of FARM AND DAIRY just from the press. In it Mr. J. A. Riddick, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, and several British importers of Canadian cheese review the market and give you the advantage of their information.

News Notes From the West

Winnipeg, April 15th, 1911.—A splendid rain general throughout the West, wound up a snowstorm, which, driven by a strong wind, made a bad break in the spring weather that had prevailed up to the twelfth. As a matter of fact, the storm was an excellent thing for the country, but it put things under a wintry coating for the time being.

Business generally was never better. The early spring and the big rush of settlers into the West, have produced a rush of business that is a record, even for the West. Winnipeg bank clearings increased four million dollars for the week ending April 12th, over the corresponding week of last year.

Thirty-two hundred settlers from the United States entered Canada at Emerson in March. They brought personal effects to the amount of \$800,000 and live stock valued at \$350,000, besides a large sum in cash.

The rush from Great Britain is even greater. Fourteen hundred entered Winnipeg and the West on the 12th, and 3,000 on one day on the 14th. This is a record for a single day in the history of the great rush into Western Canada, which has been going on for the past five years.

Winnipeg is making splendid industrial growth. Twelve factories are to be erected in one section of the city, nine of them being already under way. The cost of the nine is \$500,000 and the other three will make up at least \$200,000 more. In this section of Winnipeg there are 92 industries located.

Alberta

Seeding around Edmonton is late but prospects are excellent. Winter wheat is in fine condition and the land is in splendid fettle for farming operations.

Mr. J. K. Cornwall, member of the Provincial Legislature for Peace River, always enthusiastic in regard to the resources of Edmonton's great hinterland, has obtained permission from the City Council to pave a portion of a city street with asphalt to be brought from some of the great deposits of the north country. The asphalt to be used will be brought from the neighborhood of Fort McMurray, 300 miles to the north of the Athabasca River at a cost of 6 cents a pound. Mr. Cornwall's idea is to force attention to the great resources of the North country and eventually to induce the Government to take steps to provide transportation facilities to permit these great resources to be developed.

There were 6,723 homestead and pre-emption entries made at the Medicine Hat Land office during the fiscal year of 1910, which took up, altogether, 1,075,880 acres.

Calgary will make Victoria Park a place of beauty and an ideal spot for sports, games and recreation by a new layout of the grounds and embellishments of shade trees, shrubberies and lawns. Grounds for baseball, football and lacrosse will be laid out and playgrounds fitted up for children.

Salaries of civic officials are to be materially raised by the City Council. These increases vary from \$200 to \$1,000 per year.

Three Macdonalds in the Senate.

In the Senate there are three veterans of the Clan Macdonald, whose combined ages total 239 years. There is Andrew Archibald, from Charlotte, town, who has seen 82 summers and as many winters. William is a political strapping of 70 years. He hails from Cape Breton, and can address the Upper House in Gaelic. Lastly comes William John, of Victoria, B.C., who is 78 and has a son old enough to be a commander in the new navy. The Hon. William John gave his colleague a rude shock recently when he suggested that the only thing the matter with the Senate was that the majority of its members had become too wearied with the burden of years to take any interest in public affairs.

This humorous expression of opinion was called forth by a motion of Senator David, himself 71 years of age, who, when he is not writing pamphlets eulogizing Sir Wilfrid Laurier, or acting as clerk of the City Council of Montreal, is trying to solve the problem of better distribution of work between the Commons and the Senate. Mr. David, therefore, moved that a committee of both Houses be appointed to discuss this matter, but the champion of "more work for the money" was obliged to go about his task with that diplomacy brought to a high state of perfection during his long experience with the aldermen of the metropolis.—Saturday Night.

Just Like the Men.

The discussions of the question of votes for women which have taken place in Toronto of late as a result of the visit of Miss Sylvia Pankhurst recalls a story of a retort once made by Sir Wilfrid Laurier to a member of a party of ladies which waited upon him at a deputation, asking for several things.

The main point was the necessity of enacting anti-cigarette legislation. The members were well-posted W. C. T. U. workers, and they presented their arguments with force and ingenuity. But presently one of the ladies strayed from her subject, in an attempt to bring tact as well as argument to bear an appeal to the Premier.

"If you would only do this for us and then give women votes, we would be glad to do something for you," she said.

"Ah," observed the Prime Minister, with his courtly smile, "you are as bad as the men," after all. Before you will give anything, you want something for yourselves."

HUNTING YANKS.

Adventures on a Canadian Fisheries Patrol Boat.

Any man who ever carried a gun in the woods or "wet a line" in pursuit of any member of the tribe of fish and fowl, will find delightful reading in a volume of hunting and fishing stories by Stephen Chalmers which has just been issued, the Canadian edition being published by the Canadian Book Company of Toronto. The volume is called "The Trail of a 'Landerfoot.'" It can be read through easily at one sitting. All the stories are related as any jolly sportsman would tell a story to a group of congenial companions.

The last chapter of the book is especially interesting to Canadians. It's called "Out With a Fish Patrol." It tells of a new fish patrol on one phase of a big question—the enforcement of fisheries regulations along the Canadian-American boundary line. Mr. Chalmers was at Campobello Island on the Canadian side of Passamaquoddy Bay when The Hague Tribunal held that Great Britain had the sovereign right "to make fisheries regulations without the concurrence of the United States." So he made friends with a Canadian patrol captain with the idea of seeing how the "sovereign" power was backed up. He got up one morning at five o'clock, in the midst of a Fudgy fog, and went out with Captain Silas Mitchell, of Dominion Fisheries Patrol No. 2. He saw how things are done. Also, he heard some good stories.

Patrol No. 2 is a fast little boat, "dreadfully" called "The Pup" by those who fear it. It figures in many adventures. This one was told to Mr. Chalmers by Charles Cline of the crew concerning the handling of some Yankees, who were not only on the wrong side of the line but were breaking the laws of both countries.

"We had a ticklish encounter not long ago. There were half a dozen dynamiters from the Maine shore that had been awful annoying to Silas—fellows who skipped over the line just as he came up. Silas hates to use a gun, but one day he got mad clear through. He heard the explosion and saw them take the fish. He grabbed on all speed and seemed as if he'd get to them before they got to the line. But presently it looked like another getaway. Silas couldn't stand for it. He whipped out one of his Sniders and sent a young cannonball right over their heads, then another one between their boats. Still they didn't stop. Silas didn't fire again, because there might be a war if you hit an American who was one-eighth of an inch over his own side.

"But the funny thing—as that they stopped right over the line and began swearing something awful. Silas came up, mad clear through. But what'd you suppose? A couple of them got up with dynamite in their hands and lifted their arms in a way that made a man's scalp creep.

"You blankety blank blank!" they cursed. 'You'll shoot at us, will you? Now you put down that gun quick or—'

"Silas didn't put it down. He put it up to his shoulder.

"Look here," says Silas, 'the minute that leaves your hand, the man I'm covering's a dead one.'

"If you pull that trigger," says one of them, 'the rest of us will send you skyhigh to glory.'

"So there was a deadlock. They held up the dynamite ready to throw, and Silas never took his finger off the trigger or his eye off the man he was covering. But the Pup was drifting off, and when she was at a bit 'sail' distance, he says: 'Now, listen to me. If you throw that dynamite, you'll miss our hull, or the concussion won't be hard enough at this distance to set it off. If any of you attempt to light a stick we'll riddle you. 'Charlie,' he sang out to him, 'are you ready with that other Snider?'

"I'll throw it, and so was Polkenhorst with the big Colt. They talked a lot, but finally rowed away. You see, the line was between us and them and we couldn't even resent their language!"

The Real "Buffalo."

Most towns are like other towns—as a rule. Wainwright, Alberta, breaks the rule. Wainwright is just as much unlike any town in America as could be. She has a park. So has New York, Central Park; Toronto, High Park. But because Wainwright has a park she is different.

Wainwright's park is the whole town. That explains partly why it is different. Who would think of naming Toronto or New York or Paradise? Wainwright is Paradise. Wainwright, the park, is different from Central Park or High Park. It's bigger. Wainwright is 11,000 acres surrounded by a wire fence 25 miles long, which cost \$1,000 a mile to put up.

And Wainwright has over a thousand of the rarest animals on the globe—over a thousand buffalo. Really it is why Wainwright, Alberta, is different—the buffalo. The Albertan never mentions Wainwright he speaks of "Buffalo Park."

Stone-bored Well.

In Sherbrooke, Que., a power company began work on a dam and in the bottom of the river discovered a perfect well, round and smooth as the lining of a barrel, and it was found the well was 30 feet deep and still boring. A land mine, which had been buried for how many millions of years, it was still boring, in fact, and still boring.

Metropolitan Berlin.

Berlin is getting to be more like New York every day. Just imagine two plays and two picture shows doing a land office business on one night. So says one of the town's papers.

Tobacco in Lambton.

The interest in tobacco has spread to Lambton and next spring will see fields of tobacco growing in the vicinity of Forest.

MONUMENTS TO WOMEN.

Canada Has Very Few Memorials of Feminine Valor.

The custom of expressing public sentiment and appreciation for the deeds of individuals by means of great images, statues, of coins and medals is almost as old as time itself. In the ancient days few women were thus honored and then it was only queens who received the mark of distinction because of their power and glory, says Edith Carew in Saturday Night.

In modern times the custom has become more common and we now have monuments, tablets, statues and buildings erected to honor one whose life is considered worthy of such distinction.

Three monuments and one building have been erected in Canada to keep alive the memory of dead women and hold in perpetuity the remembrance of historic events.

In the Place d'Armes at Montreal stands a monument to Maisonneuve, the founder of the city. Among the subsidiary figures on the corners of base of this monument is one which seldom fails to attract the attention of the passer-by. It represents a woman tenderly stooping to bind up the wounds of a captive boy. This woman was one of the pioneers to Canadian soil and here was a life of self-sacrifice to the fugitive Indians, whom that little company, led by Maisonneuve, had come to Christianize. There are few lovers of Canadian history who do not honor and love the name of Jeanne Mance.

In February, 1906, a fire occurred in a school at Montreal, which occasioned a terrible loss of life. All Canada was thrilled by the heroism of one of the teachers in that building, a Scotch girl. She had charge of the primary department on an upper floor and succeeded in conducting forty of the small pupils to safety. She went back to the sixteen remaining ones in the face of certain death, and when the flames were subdued she was found dead with her little charges about her. Much enthusiasm was aroused by her act of heroism and self-sacrifice, and a children's hospital of that city was erected and dedicated to her memory.

Further down on the banks of the St. Lawrence is a simple stone telling of the dauntless courage of a fourteen-year-old girl, who is ranked among the bravest of our early pioneer heroines. The story of Madeleine de Vercheres is familiar to every student of Canadian history. Her brave command and defence of a lonely fort manned by two soldiers and one young brother against a band of blood-thirsty Indians, her fearless rescue of the settler's family from a canoe in the very face of imminent death, have been recounted over and over by the even-fresides. A true follower of Joan of Arc, this little French maiden of barely fourteen years was able to keep up the courage of her little company, which included two cowardly soldiers who would have blown the fort up rather than make a defence if she had not deterred their hands and spurred them on to action. Her act of heroism merits more recognition in the way of public memorial than it has yet received.

One of the most prominent historical figures among Canadian women is unquestionably Laura Secord, who would have been honored by public memorials, one, a bronze bust at Lundy's Lane, where she is buried, and the other a bronze tablet on a marble monument at Queenston Heights, near Brock's monument, but recently completed.

All who knew Laura Secord in her time testified to her noble character, and there were none who did not rejoice to see her honored before her nation as, perhaps, its bravest woman. She was of fair face and kind brown eyes, and a sweet, loving smile hovered about her mouth. The bust at Lundy's Lane more justly represents these characteristics of her features, while the recently completed tablet at Queenston Heights represents her in old life wearing her quaint white cap framing a face lined with care.

There are plans in a more or less completed state to honor other Canadian women in the near future, and there has been some very recent talk of a memorial to the mourning queen mother, Alexandra. Only a few days since a huge deputation were sent to ask the Government for funds to erect a monument to the men who fell in the war of 1812, and in summing up their appeal they asked that it be not only to commemorate the men who fought and fell in that war, but also to the women who aided them so valiantly, many of whom loaded their husbands' muskets and helped in every way in their power to carry the war on to victory. "They," said the speaker, "merit honor quite as much as the men."

Canada's Battleships "Dry."

The Canadian navy has just taken a step unprecedented in its history. The two cruisers Rainbow and Niobe are to be refitted men-of-war, contrary to all marine traditions.

Grog has always been a part of the standard ration, being a concoction of one part rum to three parts water, but no such luxury is to be permitted on the two ships above mentioned. In the old days—in fact, down to 1830—the daily allowance to each man was a gallon of ale and half a pint of rum. The quantity has been greatly reduced, but it is still being offered any tar's head that the time was coming for total abstinence.

Using the Raw Material.

When the late Hon. A. G. Blair was leading the local Government of New Brunswick, he was once defeated in his home county of York, and subsequently returned for the County of Queens.

During the succeeding sessions of the Legislature, Mr. H. H. Pitts, who had been on the winning ticket in York, never missed a single opportunity of assailing Mr. Blair, and on one occasion he began a particularly savage attack with these words: "Mr. Speaker, having killed 'the elephant of York,' I shall now proceed to tan his hide."—Saturday Night.

Seasonable Goods

Garden and Flower Seeds
Dutch Sets
Oil Cake
Linseed Meal
Kalsomine
Floor and House Paints
Wall Paper

Our goods are of the highest quality, prices are right and stock complete. It pays to buy from us.

J. S. MORTON

Dealer in Drugs, Paints, Wall Paper, Seeds, Etc.

The Corporation of the Village of Stirling

Abstract Statement of Receipts and Expenditures for the Year 1910.

RECEIPTS	
Taxes received.....	\$ 7928 11
For Schools.....	1001 94
Licenses.....	8 00
Rents.....	255 00
Debitures.....	164 50
Miscellaneous.....	11752 52
Cemetery.....	32 54
Interior wiring.....	102 00
Electric Light and Power.....	2380 76
	2075 52
	\$23807 80

EXPENDITURES	
Balance due U. E. Bank.....	\$ 352 16
Bills Payable.....	4900 00
Salaries, etc.....	779 56
Printing, etc.....	91 65
Interest.....	101 51
Law costs.....	58 02
Roads and Bridges.....	112 11
Charity.....	152 10
Schools.....	3525 15
Debitures.....	1922 08
Fire Protection.....	623 43
County rate.....	1440 75
Electric Light maintenance.....	537 81
Street lighting.....	658 40
Town Hall.....	179 61
Miscellaneous.....	341 96
Cemetery.....	75
Electric light construction.....	4449 47
Interior wiring.....	1903 08
	\$22120 80

Receipts.....\$23807 80
Expenditure.....22120 80

Bal. Dec. 31, 1910 \$ 3087 00

J. T. BELSHAW } Auditors
E. T. WILLIAMS }

Feb. 14, 1911.

Stirling Board of Education

Abstract statement of Receipts and Expenditures for the year 1910.

STIRLING HIGH SCHOOL RECEIPTS	
Balance on hand, 1909.....	\$ 636 12
Government grant.....	688 32
County grant.....	1538 68
Local Municipal grant.....	1381 15
Rec'd from Geo. E. Kennedy.....	32 44
Rec'd from Wm. Mackintosh.....	31 60
U. E. Bank interest.....	0 92
	\$1250 65

EXPENDITURES	
Teachers' salaries.....	\$2730 00
Other salaries.....	111 00
Fuel, etc.....	91 00
Repairs.....	2 75
Examinations.....	78 70
Printing, etc.....	53 04
Equipment.....	74 44
School Building, etc.....	28 61
Sundries.....	126 01
	\$3520 40

Total receipts.....\$1250 65
Total expenditure.....3520 40

Bal. Dec. 31, '10 \$ 968 17

STIRLING PUBLIC SCHOOL

RECEIPTS	
Balance on hand, 1909.....	\$ 238 43
Government grant.....	153 00
Local Municipal grant.....	2107 00
Sundries.....	22 72
	\$2521 15

EXPENDITURES	
Teachers' salaries.....	\$1671 01
Other salaries.....	123 01
Fuel.....	112 08
Repairs.....	24 08
Printing and stationery.....	21 50
Sundries.....	12 00
	\$1960 55

Total receipts.....\$2521 15
Total expenditure.....1960 55

Bal. Dec. 31, 1910 \$ 521 00

J. T. BELSHAW } Auditors
E. T. WILLIAMS }

Feb. 14, 1911.

The Canadian Pearl Button Company, Ltd., have established a factory in Trenton and will give employment to a large number of hands.

Most towns and cities of Alberta assess only on the value of the land exclusive of improvements. The assessment of personal property or improvements is almost unknown.

SETTLERS' TRAINS
— TO —
MANITOBA, ALBERTA SASKATCHEWAN
The only through line!
LOW COLONIST RATES
For settlers travelling with livestock and effects
Special Trains
Will leave Toronto
Each TUESDAY
MARCH AND APRIL
10.10 P.M.
Regular Trains
Leaving Toronto
10.10 P.M. Daily
Through Colonist and Tourist Sleepers

Colonist Cars on all Trains
No charge for berths
Through Trains Toronto to Winnipeg and West
Ask any C.P.R. Agent for copy of "Settlers' Guide"

CEMENT

Cement Bricks always on hand, and Blocks made to order. Granolithic Walks, solid Walls, Brick, Plastering and Stone work done.

Planks and bolts to rent
W. U. GRAIN.
P.O. Drawer 336.

Good Printing

Is the art of putting into another mind what is in your own.

IT IS A SUBTLE METHOD OF SUGGESTION

It is a means of making a favorable impression. To have the best results, it must be the best printing. That we are prepared to give you.

WALK RIGHT IN

Boys and Girls

Should learn those subjects by which they can earn a living. SPOTTON BUSINESS COLLEGES are the largest trainers in Canada, and our graduates secure the best positions. You can study at home, or partly at home and finish at the College.

Individual Instruction
Enter Any Day

PETERBORO
BUSINESS COLLEGE
GEO. SPOTTON, Principal

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. PARKER,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES,
Stirling, Ont.

J. S. MORTON,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
Optician, Graduate Canadian
Association of Opticians.
Examined and imperfect sight cor-
rected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.
FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN
the study of the University of Toronto.
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
geons, Ontario.
Office—One door north of new Bank of
Montreal.
Open every day. Evenings by appointment
only.

G. G. THASHER,
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, etc. Office in W. S. Martin's
Block, Mill Street.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. W. Haight spent Easter in Tor-
onto.

Mrs. A. H. Bailey spent the Easter holi-
days in Toronto.

Master Jack Milne is spending the holi-
days with his sister in Belleville.

Miss Lou Judd and Miss Jessie have
been visiting friends in Belleville.

Master Roy and Miss Eva Eggleton are
visiting their brother on the farm.

Miss Alice and Robbie Patterson are
spending Easter week at Corbyville.

Mrs. J. S. Black and Miss Edna visited
friends in Napanee during Easter week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kingston spent
Easter with their son and daughter at
Madoc.

Mrs. R. P. Coulter and Miss Aloula
spent the holidays with friends at Mount
ain Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Williams spent
Easter with their sister, Mrs. (Rev.) G. W.
Andrews, Aylmer, Ont.

Mrs. R. H. Chambers is spending Easter
holidays with her mother, Mrs. Wm.
Best, and friends at Malone.

Mr. and Mrs. John Williams and Mrs.
Gibson, of Belleville, were guests of Mr.
and Mrs. T. G. Clute on Easter Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Russell Stapley (nee Nora
Bronson) have returned to their home in
Lindsay after visiting her parents, Mr.
and Mrs. Jos. Bronson.

Mr. T. Hume Bissanette, of Queen's
University, is home for a few days en
route to Lindsay where he begins work on
Monday next on the teaching staff of the
College Institute.

Miss Florence Bissanette comes home
this evening from Queen's University. She
will spend the next five months at
Guernsey, Sask., where she will "teach
the young idea how to shoot."

Miss Martha Farney, another graduate
of Stirling High School and undergraduate
of Queen's University, will spend the long
vacation at Gull Lake, Sask. This will be
her third summer as teacher in the west.

Miss Annie I. House, an honor graduate
of Stirling High School and an under-
graduate of Queen's University, has gone
to Alameda, Sask., to teach for the sum-
mer. If Miss Annie succeeds as well as a
teacher as she has done as a student there
will be no complaint coming from her
section.

Among the Easter visitors in town
were: Misses Winnie and Annie Board,
Toronto; Mr. R. H. Pearce, Madoc; Mr.
and Mrs. B. E. Butler and Miss Jeanie,
Miss Kingston, Mr. and Mrs. D. McGee
and children, Belleville; Mr. and Mrs. F.
A. Neale, Detroit; Mr. W. Spyr, Mr. R.
D. McComb, Miss Maude Ward, Miss
Evelyn Caverley, Mr. L. Anderson.

Serious Fire at Colborne

**Burglars Bound Man and Fired the
Place**

Mr. Leslie Burke, employed by Mr.
Keyes, editor of the Colborne Express,
was walking up King street, Colborne,
between 11 and 12 Sunday night when he
noticed a light burning in the print-
ing office. He decided to investigate and
let himself in at the side door. He found a
stranger in front of the open safe looking
through the papers. He said, "What are you
doing here?" The man jumped up and knock-
ed him senseless, bound him with a rope and
gagged him, and then set fire to the
interior of the printing office. The
young man regained consciousness, and
a liveryman, who was the first to be
attracted to the scene, rescued him after
he had been severely scorched.

Mr. Burke remembers the man saying
to a companion with him, "If I
don't find the papers I will burn the
whole place up," which he did. Nothing
remains of the whole splendid
brick block, at a loss of about \$35,000.

Colborne is greatly excited over this
new mystery, and the constables are
doing their utmost to locate the bur-
glars.

Burke's home is in Picton. He de-
scribes his assailant as tall and dark
and about 30 years old, with a mous-
tache.

Following is a list of the sufferers:
Express Printing Office,
Bank of Toronto,
Chase Bros. Nursery Company,
Stam, McCann, hardware,
G. E. H. Wilson, insurance office,
Residence of Walter Burleigh,
Residence of Mrs. J. S. Yeomans.

A later despatch states that Burke
has been arrested, charged with set-
ting fire to the premises. He is now
in Colborne jail.

John Miller of Trenton, who was
charged with assaulting two liquor
detectives when they were in Trenton
recently, was before Magistrate
O'Rourke found guilty of the charge.
He was fined \$20 and costs.

Diarrhoea should be cured without loss
of time and by a medicine, which, like
Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Rem-
edy, not only cures promptly but produces
no unpleasant after effects. It never fails
and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by
all dealers.

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows:
To Regular Advertisers.—Fifty cents and in-
crease, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,
75 cents per line. Matter not in larger than the or-
dinary type, 100 per line.
To Transient Advertisers.—One per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Trains leave Stirling station as follows:
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex., 6:05 a. m. Passenger, 10:27 a. m.
Passenger, 6:45 p. m. Mail & Ex., 8:41 p. m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, APRIL 29, 1911.

LOCAL MATTERS.

WANTED—An apprentice to learn
printing. Apply at News-Argus office
Stirling Lodge No. 230, I. O. O. F.
will attend divine service in the Meth-
odist church on Sunday next, April
29th. The pastor, Rev. L. S. Wright,
B. A. will conduct the service.

Mr. J. M. McGee has purchased the
house lately occupied by Mr. J. S.
Morton, on the south side of Albert
Street; and Mr. Morton has removed
to rooms over Mr. J. W. Brown's
Store.

Mr. German Sine has purchased the
property of Mr. George Smith on
Henry Street, and will remove there
shortly. Mr. Smith has been to the
West for some time, and his family
will go west.

If every property were taxed on
the fair market value of the ground
alone, and all buildings erected were
left free, there would be a strong in-
centive to the owner of central prop-
erty to improve it, and to replace out-
of-date buildings with modern ones.

A Sugar Social will be held in the
lecture room of St. Andrew's Church
on Monday evening, April 24th, under
the auspices of the Ladies' Aid. A
good programme is being prepared
and an abundance of good maple sugar
is promised. Admission 20c.

Following is an additional list of the
Marys contributing to the Queen's
Coronation Fund: Mary E. Lansing,
Mary E. Vandervoort, sr., Eva May
Vandervoort, Mary Viola Reid, Mary
M. Phillips, Minnie Maria Potts, May
M. Gallivan.

Mr. Fred Drewry, a graduate of
Stirling High School, and an honor
graduate in Electrical Engineering of
Queen's University, after spending a
year at Philadelphia, Pa., has accepted
a lucrative position in the practice of
his profession at Lachine, Quebec.

The Box Social given by the ladies
of Trinity Church Frankford in
Sweetman's Hall was a decided success.
The Frankford Orchestra was much
appreciated. The choruses were well
received, and "Uncle John" was much
enjoyed by the large audience. Re-
ceipts of the evening \$90.

The Census

The names of the enumerators for
West Hastings, for the taking of the
census in June next, has just been
handed us before going to press, and
will be given next week.

Sweets to the Sweet

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian
Church have completed arrangements
for their Sugar Social in the basement
on Monday, April 24th at 7:30 p. m.
A good program will be given, consist-
ing of Recitations, Songs, Lincolnton
vocalists, etc. Refreshments—Bread
and Butter, Cake and hot Sugar. Admis-
sion 20 cents.

June 3, the birthday of his Majesty
King George, and June 22nd, Corona-
tion Day, will be proclaimed as statu-
tory or legal holidays in Canada.
Victoria Day and Dominion Day are
now statutory holidays, and with June
3rd added as a fixed holiday from now
on and Coronation Day made an extra
holiday this year, the Dominion will
be well served with holidays during
the next few weeks.

Dairy farmers are rapidly awaken-
ing to the necessity of weighing and
testing each individual cow in the
herd. Twenty new cow testing asso-
ciations have been organized in Que-
bec since the beginning of this year;
twelve new ones have commenced op-
erations in Ontario; two more in Nova
Scotia, and one each in Prince Ed-
ward Island and New Brunswick.

This means at least four thousand
more cows being checked up each
month in addition to the 11,900 in 1910.
Probably many more members will be
added this month.

Mr. M. E. Maybee of Highland View
Farm has recently sold his Holstein
heifer, (May Echo Sylvia) to A. S.
Hardy of Brockville for \$1,000. Mr.
Maybee's heifer has recently completed
a 7 day official test of 494.5 lbs. milk,
21.05 lbs. butter, also 74.8 lbs. milk in
1 day. Trenton Courier.

Campbellford Herald: Several of the
houses along the canal route are be-
ing torn down and moved elsewhere.
Three of brick near the gravel pit
have been purchased by Mr. Levi Red-
den, and two—the farthest down the
gravel road—were sold to Mr. A.
L. Simpson.

Presbyterian Union

The annual convention of the King-
ston Presbyterian Union of S. Schools
and Y. P. Societies was held in Na-
panee on (last Friday). The delegates
were most hospitably entertained by
Dr. Howard and the ladies of St. An-
drew's. An excellent programme of
addresses on timely subjects was
given. The discussions led by laymen
were most interesting.

Rev. J. Binnie, Convenor of Home
Missions, spoke of the needs of North
Hastings and the difficulty of giving
winter services. He outlined a plan
to send an ordained man to take over-
sight of the work this year round.
Such a man would require a good
salary, a team and a manse. The
Union, after full discussion, decided
to endorse the proposal and assist to
the extent of \$500 per year. Many of
the Societies and S. Schools pledged
themselves to assist. A committee of
laymen, consisting of Mr. D. A. Shaw
of Kingston, who is also appointed
treasurer of the Union, Mr. Wm.
Mackintosh of Belleville and Mr. Link-
later of Gananoque, was asked to take
charge of the financial side of the plan.
The delegates went home delighted
with the proceedings and feeling that
the Presbyterian Union had taken a
new lease of life.

Practical Demonstration

The merchants of a certain town in
the United States decided that it
would be a good idea to give the peo-
ple of their own community a prac-
tical demonstration of how the mail or-
der business will finally affect local
conditions. They were perfectly sure
that they were giving better value for
the money of the residents than could
be obtained from the Chicago cata-
logue houses, particularly when the
cost of freight and postage is included
in the cost; but the number of express
parcels constantly arriving, proved
that the mail order houses were get-
ting considerable business from people
who would not take the trouble to
thoroughly investigate the matter.

They took steps to learn the names
of the patrons of the catalogue houses
and planned accordingly. Mrs. Blank
who had purchased a sewing machine
from one of the mail order firms, had
a daughter about to be married. As
her husband was a little short of ready
cash, she went to one of the local
stores to purchase linen and other
goods for her daughter's trousseau,
expecting to obtain the usual credit.
The dealer politely declined to part
with the goods except for spot cash,
stating that E. & Co. from whom she
had purchased her machine, would un-
doubtedly be glad to extend the de-
sired credit. She tried another store
and was met with the same polite sug-
gestion.

Mrs. Dash the farmer's wife drove
in with butter and eggs. The grocer
admitted that the butter was fine and
the eggs fresh, but stated that he did
not require any; that probably M. &
Co., of Chicago, would be delighted to
send her another box of groceries in
exchange for her produce. The other
grocers had the same story to tell.

When farmer Dash brought in a
load of oats, he was offered 5 cents
less than the market price. He pro-
tested, but was informed that S. & Co.
of Chicago, from whom he bought his
harness and blankets, might be will-
ing to take his oats. The clothing
firm and hardware man refused credit.
He took home his oats, but did not
take home some clothing, wire fencing
and nails that he required.

It was not very long before people
found how much depended upon the
business men of the town, and how
every individual suffered when any-
thing was done to injure local enter-
prise. It is understood that the ex-
press parcels arriving at that station
have appreciably diminished. If the
mail order houses really gave better
value than the local merchants, a man
might claim that he had the right to
buy at the cheapest and sell at the
dearest market, but experience has
demonstrated over and over again
that such is not the case. If you buy
in small quantities and expect credit
from our local merchants, do you ex-
pect to get the same prices that you
would by buying in large quantities,
cash in advance from some city firm?
Give our advertisers a chance to
figure on your requirements on the
same basis and see if you cannot do as
well here. In one case you will find
that you buy from a picture, and pay
in advance and then wait a week for
your prize package. In the other case
you buy from the people you know;
you see the goods before you accept
them or pay one cent. In one case
you hurt your own town, and in the
other you help the city, its schools,
its churches and its institutions. Give
the matter a little thought.

More than one hundred thousand
immigrants have landed at Halifax
and St. John during the winter, break-
ing all records.

The Trenton Courier says that a
proposition has been made to form an
Agricultural Society for Trenton and
surrounding country, and to re-estab-
lish a fall fair in that town.

Two sons of Mr. R. W. Melickjohn
have prospered financially in no small
degree by trying their fortune in the
Northwest. Three years ago they left
home and bought half a section of
land in the prairie province which
they have just sold for nearly \$8,000.
It is fortunate that falls to the few.
Campbellford Herald.

FRESH LIME.—A. Wellman, Belleville,
will run two kilns for burning lime dur-
ing the season, and will have first-class
lime for sale at all times. Will deliver
any place required.—214.

Spring Assizes

The Spring Assizes for the County
of Hastings are being held at Bel-
leville, commencing on Tuesday, April
18th, before Sir Wm. Mulock, Chief
Justice of the Exchequer. There are
no criminal cases on the docket, but a
number of jury cases, and one non-
jury case, being that of Phillip Scrim-
shaw vs. the Bell Telephone Company
of Canada and the Corporation of the
County of Hastings.

Advance Work with Tuberculosis

Out in British Columbia the Govern-
ment is taking advance steps in deal-
ing with the great tuberculosis ques-
tion. M. A. Jull, the Live Stock
Commissioner, in the special number
of Farm and Dairy, shows how the
Government has raised the standard
of dairies, how it is eradicating tuber-
culosis and paying compensation for
tuberculosis animals when slaught-
ered. Articles on how record making
cows are fed, how to grow a heavier
yielding crop of corn without addition-
al labor or expense, some plain truths
about that money making crop—alfalfa,
and practical, helpful articles on
how to make first class butter, how to
keep cream sweet for delivery to the
creamery only twice a week, and
many other things of dollar-and-cents
value to you, which you should know,
are featured in the special Dairy Num-
ber of Farm and Dairy, which is pub-
lished at Peterboro, Ont.

Items of Interest

The eye has 48 distinct diseases,
more than afflict any other human
organ.

Sweet potatoes are exposed to the
attacks of about a dozen serious in-
sects.

Louisiana produced more than half
the rice grown in the United States.
Oil of lavender sprinkled about the
shelves of a library will prevent the
books mildewing.

Brass bedsteads may be brightened
by cleaning with sweet oil and polish-
ing with a dry cloth.

Peat constitutes about one-third of
the fuel used in the central industrial
districts of Russia.

About three times as much heat is
wasted in internal combustion engines as
is converted into power.

The normal human eye is blue,
other hues being due to the presence
of colored pigments in the iris.

So perfect an insulator is dry air
that it takes 10,000 volts of electricity
to leap a gap of an inch.

A farming implement which does
the work of a plow, disk harrow and
roller in a single trip over a field has
been invented in Germany.

A newspaper editor in one of the
Manitoba villages had the joke on a
citizen of his burg not long since.
This citizen and his family are great
admirers of the departmental store,
and buy all their goods in Winnipeg.
A few weeks ago a daughter of the
citizen got married, and the entire
wedding paraphernalia, including the
invitations was purchased in the city.
The day after the wedding the bride's
father brought to the newspaper office
a long account of the event, but when
the paper appeared it contained no
thing about the wedding but an an-
nouncement of three or four lines.
Next day the citizen called at the
newspaper office to demand an expla-
nation why the report of the wedding
had not been printed. "O that's all
right," said the editor, "You'll likely
find it in Eaton's spring catalogue."

Andrew Carnegie gave \$80,400 to
the public libraries of Ontario during
the last year.

There is a great exodus of students
from Queen's University this week.
Many of them are going to Alberta
and Saskatchewan to teach during the
five months of vacation from class
work.

Shortly after one o'clock, Good Fri-
day morning, five completely destroyed
a valuable frame barn on Baldwin St.,
Belleville, owned by Mr. George Jar-
rell, and containing two valuable
horses, three buggies, a new cutter,
harness, and twenty-five white Or-
pington fowls, all of which were com-
sumed.

Every family and especially those who
reside in the country should be provided
at all times with a bottle of Chamberlain's
Lincture. There is no telling when it
may be wanted in case of an accident or
emergency. It is most excellent in all
cases of Rheumatism, sprains and bruises.
Sold by all dealers.

Auction Sales

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 26.—On lot 7, 2nd
con. Huntington, the Farm Stock and Im-
plements belonging to Mr. Wm. Alcorn-
brack. Sale at one o'clock, p. m. Wm.
Rodgers, auctioneer.

FRIDAY, APRIL 28th.—On lot 38, con.
7, Sidney, a herd of high grade Holstein
cows, the property of Mr. James Fitz-
patrick. Sale at two o'clock, p. m. Wm.
Rodgers, auctioneer.

SATURDAY, APRIL 29.—At the residence
of the late Mrs. Benj. Bush, Front street,
Stirling, all the Household effects, etc.
Also the House and Lots will be offered
for sale. Sale at one o'clock. Wm. Rod-
gers, auctioneer.

Births

CLEMENTS.—At Stirling, on Monday, April 17,
1911, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Clements, a daughter.

Stirling Cheese Board

The annual meeting of the Stirling
Cheese Board will be held in Stirling
on Tuesday, April 25th, at 4 o'clock p. m., for
the purpose of organizing for the season.
C. W. THOMPSON, Pres.
J. W. SAGER, Sec.

New Spring Goods

LADIES' COLLARS

The plain, close-fitting linen Collar is worn extensively
this year. We have them at.....only 15c. each

Ladies' close-fitting embroidered Collars cannot be beaten
for style. Prices are only 20c. and 25c. each.

LADIES' KID GLOVES

Our Spring shipment just arrived. Colors are Black,
Gray, Navy, etc. Prices range from \$1.00 to \$1.75 per pair.
No better glove made. Every pair guaranteed.

DUTCH COLLARS, BOWS, JABOTS, ETC.

Our stock of these lines is simply unsurpassed. It con-
tains almost everything to be desired. Drop in and look at
them. Prices are moderate.

FRILLINGS

Have you seen our new Frillings? Our stock is more
complete than ever before. We have tourist frilling, 10c. per
box. See our special coral and beaded frillings at only.....
.....25c. each.

We are paying 17 cts. per doz., in trade, for Eggs.

G. W. ANDERSON

Goods delivered promptly. Phone 29. Trade or cash for produce.

NEW SHOES FOR EASTER



This is a family Shoe
Store. With our large
and well assorted stock
we are prepared to
supply your Easter
needs and are sure
that we can please
you. Our stock is
now complete with the
most modern styles of



footwear for Men, Women and Children.

Our Empress Shoes for Women are perfect fitters. We have them in all
sizes and widths in patent button high and low Shoes, two bar patent Pumps,
lace Oxfords. See our all patent one strap Pump at.....\$2.00.

Low Shoes, Strap Slippers, Gun Metal Pumps, from \$1.25 to \$2.00.

We have also the most up-to-date Shoes for Men.

We are Headquarters for Hosiery for Women and Children.

We give special attention to repairing and Hand-made work.

J. W. BROWN

Reliable Boot and Shoe Merchant.

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

HARDWARE!

If you intend to paint this year use Martin-Senour 100%

Pure Paint for the following reasons:

1. It is composed only of Lead, Zinc, Linseed Oil and
Turpentine dryer, which are the best known ingredients for
Paints.

2. It is guaranteed absolutely pure and sold subject to
chemical analysis.

3. It is made of pure material, covers 25% more surface,
wears longer and is therefore more economical than adul-
terated Paint or lead and oil.

Call for a color card and see for yourself the fine assort-
ment we carry.

Just received a car of Cement.

Phone 25. **McGEE & LAGROW**

Dressmaking

Dressmaking done on short notice the
same as usual at

MRS. STEWART'S
Henry St.

For Sale

A Mare 11 years old and a Colt two
years old.

W. E. BICKFORD,
9th con. Rawdon

Old Outwater Farm, Spring Brook.

Potatoes Wanted

Will pay 70c. per 100 lbs. for first class po-
tatoes delivered at the evaporator, Stirling,
on Saturday, April 15th and Saturday,
the 22nd.

OAKLEY VANDERVOORT

Notice of Meeting

A regular meeting of I. O. F. Court,
Graham No. 1290 will be held in their
lodge room (over Anderson's store) on
April 21st, 1911, at eight o'clock p. m., for
the transaction of general business. We
expect Bro. James Greenleafing, Dep.
S.C.H. A full attendance of members de-
sired.

JOHN T. SCOTT
Rec. Sec.

CHEAP POWER FOR SALE

15 h. p. (day use only). Single phase
electric energy, at \$10 per h. p. per year.
CORPORATION OF STIRLING.

For Sale

House and lot on Front Street, near the
west end. For particulars apply to
MRS. ANNIE GREEN.

Farms and Village Property

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

FOREIGN DISHES.

German Coffee Cake.—Set a sponge with one-half pint of blood warm milk, one cake of compressed yeast, dissolved, and enough flour to make a sponge a little thicker than for bread. Set in a warm place to rise. When light add one-half cup of sugar and three well beaten eggs and one teaspoon of salt. Beat well and stir into it enough flour to make a soft dough, just stiff enough to allow handling. Now with the hand knead into the dough about three-fourths cupful of melted butter or butter and lard and when well kneaded set aside to rise. When it has doubled its bulk tip out on a well floured board, pat it out and sprinkle over it one-half cupful of sultana raisins, one cupful of chopped dates, and a few currants. Roll up and put into a large cake pan with a funnel which has been well greased with butter and over which a layer of light brown sugar has been strewn. Set aside until light or until almost double its bulk. Put into a moderate oven and bake about three-quarters of an hour, being careful not to burn. An aluminum pan is the best, as it will keep the bottom from burning. Grease the top of the cake before setting into the oven and take it from the pan as soon as taken from the oven, as the brown sugar will harden and then it will be impossible to get it out.

For cinnamon rolls use half of the amount of above dough after it has risen for the second time. Roll out on a board until one-half inch thick. Grease with melted butter and sprinkle with about one-fourth cupful of sugar, scant teaspoonful of cinnamon and a small cupful of sultana raisins or currants. Roll up and cut into lengths of about one and one-half inches; lay in a shallow pan which has been treated as the above for coffee cake or just a greased one, and in that case ice with vanilla icing on top of rolls. Set aside until light and bake in moderate oven for about thirty minutes. If brown sugar is used in pan turn on to a plate as soon as removed from the oven and in the other case turn out and ice the top while hot with an icing made of confectioner's sugar and cream with a little vanilla.

For breakfast twists use the other half of the dough. Break off pieces about the size of a large walnut and roll on the board until about five inches long and one-half inch thick, and twist and lay on greased pan one and one-half inches apart. Let rise.

When light grease and sprinkle with the following: Take one-half cupful of sugar and one-quarter cupful flour and one teaspoonful of cinnamon; mix these ingredients and rub into them one teaspoonful of butter. Sprinkle the twists with this and bake in moderate oven until a golden brown.

For low coffee cake take a shallow pan and roll dough one-half inch thick, let rise and grease and sprinkle over it the above mixture. Bake in a moderate oven about twenty minutes. An endless number of good things may be made from this dough and treated in different ways.

Roll it thin it may be used for apple cake with apples sliced on it and a few currants sprinkled over it. For breakfast rolls it can't be surpassed. I bake them on Saturday and reheat them for breakfast and for Sunday evening tea. I usually use double the amount in the recipe.—Mrs. F. W.

Hungarian Goulash.—Into the bottom of a well battered casserole put one pound of round steak cut in three inch squares. Pare and slice three medium potatoes, two parsnips, one large carrot, and one large onion. Put them on top of meat, season with salt and pepper, cover with warm water, and cook, closely covered, in a slow oven for three and one-half hours.

DESSERTS.

Nut Pudding.—Two cupfuls of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and one-half teaspoonful salt, sifted together. Then add one-half cupful of granulated sugar, add one cupful of milk to two eggs well beaten. Stir this into the dry mixture and add one-third of a cupful of melted butter, beat well. Stir into this one and one-half cupfuls of nuts (Hickory nuts preferable). Steam three hours. Serve with a sauce as follows: One and one-half cupfuls of sugar and three-fourths of a cupful of water, dissolved and boil to a thread as for icing. Have ready the well beaten yolks of three eggs. Then add gradually the hot syrup over the eggs, stirring briskly. Set aside in ice water to cool, stirring constantly. Add flavoring to taste. Before serving, on the pudding blend carefully two cupfuls of whipped cream.

Prune Pudding.—Wash one-half

pound of prunes, add two cupfuls of cold water, and let stand one hour. Let simmer until prunes are soft. Remove stones, obtain meat from the stones, and add to prunes. Add one and one-fourth cupfuls of boiling water and a cupful of sugar; also stick cinnamon. Dissolve one tablespoonful of cornstarch in three tablespoonfuls of cold water, add to prunes, and stir till thick, about five minutes. Remove cinnamon, turn mixture into mold, and chill. Serve with whipped cream.

CLEANING HELPS.

Irish Crochet.—Shave one ounce of white laundry soap into a bowl; pour over it one quart of boiling water and stir until dissolved. When lukewarm, put the lace in. Let soak three hours, washing it about occasionally. At the end of the time remove it, rinse it two or three times in clean water, then squeeze out the moisture, but never wring lace. Hang it in the sun and, when nearly dry, place a cloth wet with raw starch on a soft ironing board; put the right side of the lace on the iron and iron until perfectly dry. Pull the little picots into shape with the fingers. Lace treated like this invariably looks like new. Pendants and buttons should be washed in the same manner.

Beaded Waist.—Put two cupfuls of flour into one quart gasoline and stir well; leave the waist in this for a couple of hours; shake and stir around, but do not rub; give a second bath of clear gasoline; put a clean corset cover on a form or pillow, stretch waist on this to dry; then brush with a soft brush to take out any remaining flour. You will find your waist like new and the beads safe and bright. The seams only need pressing.

To Clean Wallpaper.—The following is a most excellent and simple method of cleaning wall paper and can be used with confidence in every house: Take one quart of flour and stir in five cents' worth of ammonia and enough water to make a stiff dough; work and knead until smooth, then wipe the paper with this batch of dough, working it so that a clean surface will be presented with every stroke. Go over the paper in this way and your paper will be clean.

SEASONABLE HINTS.

For Gardeners.—When using eggs, break off the tops, empty contents and fill with soil. Plant in each shell a seed of cabbage, tomato, pansy or anything you want to start early, and set in egg case fillers in a warm, sunny window. The long egg boxes (one dozen carton) will set nicely in window sills. When plant is large enough, break shell and set in garden.

Overshoe Help.—How to dispose of overshoes in wet and muddy weather is a serious problem to a hostess. If not removed before going to the dressing room the carpets and rugs soon become damp and dirty, over which surface the hand-some gowns of the guests are later dragged, and often ruined. A convenient and inexpensive way of solving this problem is for the hostess to buy at her grocery paper bags large enough to hold a pair of overshoes. One of these is handed to each guest, with a word of explanation, by the maid as she opens the door. There is then no excuse for any one wearing her overshoes to the dressing room. The names may be written on the bags before handing to each guest. This method prevents the loss and mistaking of overshoes.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

When darning certain kinds of material knitted underwear, among other things—it is a good plan to baste beneath any large hole a piece of soft net, and darn over and through this until the net is concealed. The net adds to the firmness of the darned piece.

To free the hands from disagreeable odors, such as that of onions, cod-liver oil, etc., mix a little ground dry mustard with warm water and wash the hands well with it. The saucers of scales, or vessels used in cooking, can be freed from odors by the same method.

Brushes and brooms would last much longer if they had an occasional bath. Four tablespoonfuls of household ammonia in two quarts of lukewarm water are the proper proportions. Let the brushes or brooms stand in the water for about half an hour; then rinse thoroughly and hang them in a cool place to dry.

The busy housewife is often called upon to attend to a pinched finger-nail, either of her own or of some member of her household. She should apply cold water, and cause the injured finger to be held upright for at least half an hour, not letting it hang down for one second. If this rule is adhered to

there will be no unsightly black mark left on the nail afterwards. A piece of wire gauze makes an excellent iron cleaner. A piece of old gauze window blind answers the purpose admirably. Run the iron to and fro across it, and you will be delighted and surprised at the result. The iron cleans perfectly. The dust from its surface falls through the meshes of the wire, instead of being ground between the iron and the cleaner as it is when sandpaper is used.

When potatoes are inclined to go black after boiling, the following is a good plan to improve the color and make them floury: Pare them an hour before cooking, and put them into enough cold water to entirely cover them. At the right time put them into fresh cold water, with some salt and a tablespoonful of milk; let them come to the boil, and then simmer for the rest of the time required for cooking.

If you wish your clothes to be of a dazzling whiteness try this easy way of laundering them: Put them to soak overnight in lukewarm water to which has been added one cup of soap jelly and one cup of melted paraffin. In the morning look over the clothes and rub any soiled spots lightly with the hands. Have ready a boiler of hot water to which has been added a cup of melted paraffin and one of soap jelly, put the clothes in, and boil twenty minutes; rinse through two or three waters, and hang on the line.

NURSING THE NEW CRAZE.

Fashionable Society at London Has Taken it Up.

The fashionable craze of the hour in London, England, is nursing. A good deal is being made of the fact that "Nurse Grimston," who has entered a training home at Bow in the East-end of London, happens to such force that she reeled, tottered, and then fell.

Backward she went, turning heels over head, and making several complete somersaults, but still holding on to her precious burden with both hands. She was soon landed in the cold and swift-running waters at the base of the cliff, and there she was compelled to let go of the hat-boxes, which floated down stream be the Earl of Verulam's daughter. As a matter of fact, the peerage has supplied a good many recruits to the profession of nursing in the last few years.

Lady Escher's first aid classes have given an impetus to the movement, while the practical interest in nursing institutions which Queen Alexandra has repeatedly shown is also largely responsible for the hold which the vocation has taken on the minds of women who are prominent socially. One of the best known society nurses is Lady Annesley, who became deeply interested in hospital work and spent much of her time in the wards of the City of Dublin hospitals. But for her marriage she would have adopted nursing as a profession, and in the end she founded a village hospital in the grounds of her home in County Down.

Lady Hermonie Blackwood, a marquise's daughter, and sister of Lord Dufferin, is president of the Irish Nursing Association, and among earls' daughters who have been to the fore in the nursing movement are Lady Katherine Stanhope, Lady Rosalind Northcote, Lady Griselde Cheape, and Lady Maud Keith-Falconer.

CHILDREN ON THE STREETS.

Bill to Prohibit Trading by Boys and Girls.

Lord Shaftesbury has drafted a bill which will prohibit any street trading by boys under 17 years and by girls under 18. The idea underlying the bill is that street trading destroys the potential capacity of children to become good citizens, turning the boys and girls who engage in it into hopeless unemployables, whose ultimate destiny is the prison and the workhouse.

The London County Council, which tried registration of juvenile street traders, has decided that the system of badges has not been a success, and it has just adopted new by-laws to deal with the evil. These by-laws will have the effect of taking off the streets 10,000 boys and 1,000 girls who are at present engaged in street trading. Among the changes are the following:

No boy under 16 to be employed to be employed in street trading. No boy or girl under 14, liable to be in street trading before 6 a. m. or after 9 p. m.

No boy or girl under 14, liable to attend full time at school, to be employed for more than three and a half hours a day.

No boy or girl under 14 to lather customers or do other work in a barber's shop.

"Here!" shouted the railway official; "what do you mean by throwing those trunks about like that?" The porter gasped in astonishment, and several travellers pinched themselves to make sure that it was real. Then the official spoke again: "Don't you see that you're making big dents in this concrete platform!"

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
APRIL 23.

Lesson IV.—Joash repairs the Temple, 2 Kings 11, 21 to 12, 16.
Golden Text, 1 Chron. 29, 9.

Chapter 11, verse 21, Jehoash—Popularly known as Joash. He was the eighth ruler of Judah, his grandmother Athaliah's brief usurpation being the only break in the Davidic line in the history of Judah. The revolution by which he was placed on the throne is the only one recorded in Judah's long history. There were more stirring times in Israel.

1. Jehoash—He will ever be remembered as the effective instrument in bringing to an end the house of Omri, according to the prophecy of Elijah. He was, with Bidkar, close to Ahab, and witnessed the official murder of Naboth, and heard as well the doom pronounced upon Ahab by the prophet. As commanding officer in the army of Jehoram, in the siege of Ramothgilead, Jehoash was selected by the revolutionary party under Elisha to succeed the king who had been severely wounded and removed to Jezreel. Hastening thither, he slew Jehoram, as well as Ahaziah, king of Judah, who was present, and, riding up to the palace, ordered the ruthless assassination of Jezebel, who had survived her husband, Ahab, twelve years. This bloodshed was followed by the destruction of all the princes of Ahab's line, and the slaughter of the Baal worshippers at Samaria. Jehoash then reigned for twenty-eight years.

Beersheba—A village in the extreme south of Israel, famous as the residence of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob.

2. Jehoash did that which was right—After the death of Jehoiah, who for some years after the coronation continued as guardian for the young king, Jehoash is said by the chronicler (2 Chron. 24) to have departed somewhat from the way in which he had been instructed in any rate, the revolution was not complete from a religious point of view, for Jehoash still permitted the high places (hilly sanctuaries of Baal), and leniently winked at the heathen sacrifices of the people (3).

4. All the money—There were three sources from which this was drawn: (1) current coin; (2) assessments, for the redemption of personal vows (see Lev. 27, 2); (3) free-will offerings in coin. According to 2 Chron. 24, the principal source of revenue was the half-shekel appointed by Moses to be paid by every Israelite for the maintenance of the tabernacle (Exod. 30, 11-16).

5. Every man from his acquaintance—The priests were in addition (according to the Chronicler) to raise a personal subscription from among their friends throughout the country, each priest having jurisdiction among certain of his own kin.

Repair the breaches of the house—Jehoash had been brought up secretly in a part of the temple, and it was natural for him to wish to restore its beauty and neglected worship. Under Athaliah the sacred treasures had been transported to the house of Baal, and both the walls and the foundations of the temple were sadly in need of reconstruction.

7. Jehoash called for Jehoiah—The plans of the boy king had mis-carried because of the shiftlessness of the priests. But now he had grown to full maturity, and he proceeded to take the whole matter out of the hands of those who had done nothing, for it pained him to see the house of God falling into such rank decay.

9-12. How Jehoash got together the money necessary to repair the temple, and how he disposed of it. The priest was ordered to place a chest at the entrance to the temple, beside the altar of burnt offering which occupied a commanding place in the midst of the outer court. Whenever the chest was filled the contributions were gathered into bags and carried into the palace and there counted by the high priest and the king's private secretary. The money was then carefully weighed out to the architects, and by them paid to those who were to do the work and provide the material.

13. The vessels necessary for the proper conducting of the sacrifices of the temple were not made with this money, it being devoted exclusively to the repairing of the fabric of the house. But there must have been a surplus of some sort, for the Chronicler tells us (2 Chron. 24, 14) that "of the rest were made vessels for the house of the Lord."

15. Reckoned not with the men—There were no specifications, the laborers and overseers being of the ideal sort that can be trusted to deal squarely.

16. Trespass-offerings—This money, and that received for guilt (sin) offerings (Lev. 5, 1-6), belonged to the priests, being paid to them, according to the Jewish regulation, for fines, and, possibly for the purchase of sacrifices.

GERMAN SAVINGS.

People of the Fatherland Put by One Billion Dollars a Year.

When the German Reichstag a few weeks ago discussed the introduction of foreign securities in that country there was general surprise at the amount of German capital which was shown to be invested in foreign paper.

But the Secretary of the Interior, Dr. Delbrueck, stated that the people of Germany are saving every year about \$1,000,000,000, and that necessarily a large part of this amount must go abroad to find profitable investment. These savings go into other avenues besides the mere purchase of securities.

In 1905, according to a writer in Moody's Magazine, German investment in foreign countries, outside of holdings of securities, amounted to about 9,225 millions of marks (2,201,6 millions of dollars), in which the United States and Canada were represented by at least 2,750 millions of marks (\$693,300,000).

The holdings of foreign securities were estimated at more than sixteen billions of marks or some millions less than four billions of dollars. The real aggregate of all investments, however, is higher still than these figures express, as not all German participation in commercial or financial enterprises in foreign countries could be taken into account.

Scarcely anywhere in the world is a large issue brought out without the German capitalists being invited to participate. Only a short time ago a large Hungarian loan was placed in Germany and oversubscribed for several times, a Turkish bond issue of large amount was willingly taken, and just when "the emigration of German capital," as they used to call it over there, was being discussed in connection with the proposed listing of St. Paul shares on the Berlin exchange papers reminded the banks that they had to be in readiness for the Chilean loan soon to be expected.

The large German banks have been repeatedly blamed for their assisting this emigration of capital, and the present situation, ostensibly directed against listing of some American papers, but really aimed at not keeping available funds at home, again is an attack on the banks.

WHY NEGROES ARE BLACK.

Food Determines Color, Says a German Professor.

What makes the Caucasian white, the negro black and the Indian red? One explanation is that the black races are made so as a result of continuous exposure to sunlight, but this theory does not seem to hold good throughout.

A German professor, Dr. A. Bergfeld, has just written a book in which he attempts to prove that it is all a matter of feeding. He points out that in the animal and insect world color is often determined by food, and he argues by chemical process the same results are shown in the different human races.

He thinks that the original man was black, as his principal diet must have been vegetarian. Fruit and vegetables contain manganese which ally themselves with iron, making a dark brown combination. Dr. Bergfeld says that negroes who add meat and milk to their vegetable fare are never as dark as those who only eat vegetables.

Indians are red because they have absorbed for generations hemoglobin, the red substance in the blood of animals killed for food. Mongols are yellow because they descend from dark fruit eating races who penetrated into the plains of Asia, became shepherds and lived to a great extent on milk, which contains chlorine and has a bleaching effect.

The Caucasians were another branch who became still whiter through adding salt to their dietary. Common salt is a strong chloride, and is a powerful agent in bleaching the skin. The effect, he declares, can be seen on negro children who have been brought up on a white dietary. They are never as black as their kindred who have not abandoned vegetarianism.

FACT AND FANCY.

When a man is taken in, he is put out.

A single Honduras mahogany tree will sometimes realize \$11,000 worth of boards.

Like a savage, the average man on having words with his wife, rushes straightway for his club.

Egyptian mummies sometimes have teeth quite cleverly filled with gold.

The reason rich men have so many friends is because they are capital fellows.

Banana juice makes a very fine indelible ink.

He who does what he can may soon be able to do what he would.

Occasionally a girl lets her parents select a husband for her so that she will have some one to blame or it

NEWS FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West Told in a Few Pointed Items.

Chilliwack is building a \$17,000 city hall.

Enderby, B. C., will be lighted by tungsten street lamps.

Phoenix, B. C., is to have a new and first-class skating rink.

Pottery clay is being shipped from Kiyuquut Sound to Victoria.

Revelstoke has this year struck a tax rate of twenty-five mills.

The C. N. P. R. has established an emergency hospital at Hope.

The Victoria hotel in Calgary has been sold for \$85,000 cash.

Edmonton is to have a new school building at a cost of \$74,492.

Civic assessments in Kamloops increased by \$800 during 1910.

Vancouver's civic budget for the present year totals \$3,000,000.

A lined oil and paint factory is being erected at Medicine Hat.

For a month this winter there was no fresh meat at Fort George.

The village of Eason, Alta., is applying for incorporation as a town.

The handsome new central school at Revelstoke has been formally opened.

Sturgeon is selling for 15 cents per pound in the New Westminster markets.

The City Council of North Vancouver has declared against compulsory vaccination.

Seven Slavs were recently deported from Rossland under the regulations of the Immigration Act.

A. Enderby, of Rossland, has the biggest barn in British Columbia, the total length being 254 feet.

White fish from the state of Washington are to be placed in Vancouver lakes during the coming summer.

A patrol of Girl Scouts, a sister organization of the Boy Scouts, was organized in Trail, B. C., recently.

The Kootenay Jam Company at Nelson, has sold its factory to the Doukhobors, and will move to the coast.

It is a common occurrence, says a Calgary paper, for men to ask for permits to build half a dozen houses at \$3,000.

So many gophers are ravaging the Okotoks district that a general killing day will probably have to be appointed.

That no less than 400 teams passed him within six days in the Peace river district is the statement of E. F. Cote, D.L.S. He says the influx into that portion of Alberta is almost beyond belief.

Robert Evans has sold 97 acres of land adjoining Oroville for \$20,000. The land will be cut up into several fruit farms.

Fur traders north of the Saskatchewan between Edmonton and Lloydminster report the fur catch as poor, owing to the heavy snow-fall.

The new sanitarium at Baltimore has been opened. It contains more than 60 bedrooms and the dining-room will seat more than 100 people.

Many settlers from the United States are taking up land in the San Joseph valley, on the west side of the northern end of Vancouver island.

The new Edson-Grande Prairie road, Manitoba, which joins at Sturgeon Lake with the old trail from Lesser Slave Lake, was lately opened.

Three young women were recently induced by an advertisement to come to Canada on the promise of immediate employment at Regina, but they were left stranded in Winnipeg, without money and without friends.

A party of nine Ashcroft district Indians has left for Australia under engagement to a Melbourne amusement enterprise on Wild West lines.

This summer \$140,000 will be spent by the C. N. R. in extending truckage and erecting additions to the roundhouse and freight sheds in Edmonton.

WHY TEACHER REFRAINED.

Teacher—"Why were you not at school yesterday?"

Willie—"It was my birthday."

Teacher—"But I don't stay home from school on my birthday."

Willie—"Well, I guess you've got used to 'em."

Success is a target with a mighty small bull's eye.

"Well, here I am," announced the fashionable physician in his breezy way. "And now what do you think is the matter with you?"

"Doctor, I hardly know," murmured the fashionable patient. "What is new?"

"Oh, Johnnie, Johnnie," said his aunt, reproachfully, "why is it you never remember to say 'Thank you'?"

"I expect it's 'cause I don't get things given to me often enough for practice," answered the young diplomat, happily eyeing a box of chocolate.

SPRING IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD

Make the Use of a Tonic Medicine a Necessity

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an all year round tonic blood-builder, and nerve-restorer. But they are especially valuable in the spring when the system is loaded with impurities as a result of the indoor life of the long winter months. There is no other season when the blood is really so much in need of purifying and enriching, and every drop of these Pills helps to make new, rich, red blood. In the spring one feels tired and weak—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills give strength. In the spring the appetite is often poor—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills develop the appetite, tone the stomach and aid weak digestion. It is in the spring that poisons in the blood find an outlet in disfiguring pimples, eruptions, and boils—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills speedily clear the skin because they go to the root of the trouble in the blood. In the spring anemia, rheumatism, neuralgia, and many other troubles are most persistent because of poor weak blood, and it is at this time, when all nature vigorously needs attention. To improve and fortify the blood is the special mission of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and that is why they are the best spring medicine in existence. If you feel the need of a medicine this spring give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial and you will rejoice in new health, new strength and new energy, and will be especially fitted to stand the torrid heat which comes a little later.

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50 by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

KING WINS BY HIS ORATORY.

His Gift as Capital Speaker Not Generally Known.

The strange fashion of diplomatic etiquette has rendered it necessary for King George and Queen Mary to proceed to India all the way by sea, since it would be impossible, according to European custom, for their Majesties to take either the Marseilles or Brindisi route before they have made their official visits to the capitals of the countries that lie upon these routes.

However favorable an impression King George may create upon his Indian subjects personally, he is certain to please them with his oratory, for the King is a fine speaker. The purity of his Majesty's diction when he opened his first Parliament is still commented upon, and one noble lord pointedly remarked that it is doubtful whether the "King's English" was ever better spoken from the throne.

While the King's oratorical abilities are familiar to his subjects it is not so generally known that he is a capital extemporaneous speaker. For example, on one occasion in opening a bazaar he began—

"When I came here I had quite a beautiful speech committed to memory, so that I thought I could repeat it backward, if necessary. But alas! these charming surroundings have driven every word out of my head, and I am as helpless as a ship which has lost its rudder. However, here goes," and forthwith he plunged into a spontaneous address so full of happy compliments and rollicking humor that his audience was alternately delighted and convulsed.

THE BEST MEDICINE SO MOTHERS SAY

Mothers say Baby's Own Tablets are the very best medicine they can give their little ones. It is the happy experience of one mother that helps others to keep their little ones well. Thousands of mothers have found the Tablets a never-failing cure for the ailments that afflict their little ones. Mrs. E. Sandwell, Littlewater, Ont., says: "I find Baby's Own Tablets the best medicine any mother can give her little ones. I tried 'soothing' mixtures, but they did not help my baby, but as soon as I began giving him the Tablets they made his teething easy and I would hardly know he was cutting a tooth. I would not be without the Tablets, and always recommend them to my friends." Baby's Own Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Cotton gloves to wear in doing housework are cooler and better in every way than old kid gloves. If bought especially for this purpose get a size larger than usually worn.

After an umbrella has been in use for a short time, put a drop of oil in the centre of the top about once a month. This prevents the ribs from rusting.

UNCLE HIRAM TO HIS NEPHEW

He Tells Him Not to be Too Hasty in Discarding Old Ideas.

"Stevy, my boy," Uncle Hiram said to his hopeful young nephew, "when you get going in business you don't want to discard old ideas because they are old; you want to keep on using them if they are good; don't forget that old ideas are new to new people."

"As a matter of fact we don't have many new ideas. Most of the ideas we are using now are as old as the well, maybe they are not quite as old as the hills, but they are as old as civilization."

"What do we get in young men for? It's to put new life into the business, isn't it? Why, certainly, and they do; they put in new ideas, and that's what we want. And then some day the new young man comes to us and says he has a new idea that he'd like to put into execution, and when you hear what it is you say to him: 'Why, that idea has been used a thousand times; that isn't new.' But the young man says to you: 'What of it? It's new to me and I'll bet you it's new to 10,000,000 people.'"

"And so it is, Stevy, and you want to let him go ahead and try it with his energy and determination; he'll make it go. Into old ideas he'll put new life, and that really is about all we do; but the old ideas will seem actually new, as in fact they will be new to many people."

"So don't discard old ideas, Stevy, because they are old; keep them if they are good; but to make them good you must keep life in them; use them not sluggishly as if you felt they were stale, but with life and energy; it is the way in which you do things that really counts."

"Keep what is good, Stevy, but don't fall into a rut; keep plugging and keep thinking. Upon the good old ideas you may graft variations, and a variation may be all but as good and fruitful as a new idea. Keep plugging and keep thinking, and some day there may come to you that scarcest thing in the world, an absolute new idea, and if you strike that, Stevy, you strike a fortune."

UNNATURAL THINNESS EASILY CORRECTED.

By Clever Prescription Which Can Be Filled at Any Drug Store.

No Need to Be Thin Now as Reports Show This Method Effective.

People who are very thin and scrawny ought not to be so. Undoubtedly they are more subject to disease and contagion than the fleshy. Thinness is usually accompanied by weakness, and weakness subjects anyone to colds, coughs, pneumonia, etc. It has been discovered, almost by accident, that tincture cadomene, when combined with a prescription of medicines known to science. It is especially beneficial to men and women between the ages of sixteen and fifty, who from lack of proper nerve force and digestion, remain undeveloped in body, limbs, arms and bust. In a pronouncedly muscular figure, a man or woman indicates health, magnetism, stamina and happiness.

The reader who wishes to add from ten to forty pounds should not fail to begin with this valuable prescription. First, obtain from your well stocked drugist, three ounces of essence of pepper and three ounces of syrup of rhubarb in an 8 oz. bottle. Then add one ounce compound essence cardiol. Shake and let stand two hours. Then add one ounce tincture of cascara sagrada (from a mom). Shake well and take one teaspoonful before each meal, one after each meal, drink plenty of water, between meals and when retiring. Keep up this treatment regularly and of a certainty from one to three pounds will be added to your weight each week, and the general health will also improve.

ENGLISH QUEEN'S BABES.

Esa of Spain Doesn't Like Her Daughter Kissed.

Queen Victoria Eugenie, of Spain, has given a fresh weapon to the anti-monarchists in her edict prohibiting anybody from kissing her children. It is a perfectly rational order on sanitary grounds, but it was issued with the unfortunate perceptiveness characteristic of the Queen, who is fast developing that temperament which has earned for her mother, Princess Beatrice of Battenberg, the reputation of being the "most tactless" royalty in Europe.

King Alfonso realizes the injury that has been done by the Queen's impulsive methods. A few days ago, hearing of a disagreeable scene in the Triana Gardens, when an English nurse snatched Baby Princess Beatrice away as the head gardener's wife stooped to kiss her, took his daughter himself to the Gardens the next day, and presented her to be kissed by the old woman, who was overcome by his condescension.

In the cafe chantants allusions are made to Spaniards not being worthy to touch the "English Queen's children, though they are expected to provide for them, and the affair is being distorted in every conceivable way."

The proof of the bluffer is in his failure to make good.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

SUFFERED SINCE

HE CHILDHOOD

BUT DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS MADE MRS. LAPRAIRIE A NEW WOMAN.

Nipissing Lady gives an experience that should prove of immense value to the suffering women of Canada.

Laprairieville, Nipissing District, Ont., April 17 (Special).—After suffering from various forms of kidney ills since she was a child, Mrs. O. Laprairie is a well woman and once more it has been proved that no case of Kidney Trouble is too severe or of too long standing for Dodd's Kidney Pills to cure.

Interviewed regarding her cure, Mrs. Laprairie said:

"Since I was twelve years of age I have suffered from Kidney Disease. I was always tired. My back would ache and I always had a sharp pain in the top part of my head. My heart also troubled me. Hearing of Dodd's Kidney Pills, I gave them a trial, and now I feel like a new woman."

Thousands of Canadian men and women are feeling just as Mrs. Laprairie does—as if life had started all over for them—just because they have cured their kidneys with Dodd's Kidney Pills. For the kidneys are the mainpring of life. If they are clogged or out of order the whole body is wrong. Dodd's Kidney Pills always put the kidneys in good working order.

They were discussing feats of endurance. "Yes," remarked the long-faced individual, "I lived three days on one bite." "Well, that's nothing," said his companion, "I have lived a month on one bite." "Do you expect me to believe that?" "It's true, anyway," came the reply. "I had a bite from my employer's dog, and the compensation kept me for a month."

Hope for the Chronic Dyspeptic.—Through lack of consideration of the body's needs many persons allow disorders of the digestive apparatus to endure until they become chronic, filling days and nights with suffering. To these a course of Parolee's Vegetable Pills is recommended as a sure and speedy way to regain health. These pills are specially compounded to combat dyspepsia and the many ills that follow in its train, and they are successful always.

Mother (at lunch).—"Yes, darling, these little sardines are sometimes eaten by the larger fish." Mabel (aged five).—"But, mamma, how do they get the cans open?"

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

for Red, Weak, Watery, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Drugists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Aspic Tubes, 25c, \$1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Jenny—"Jack, you ought to make some sacrifice to prove that you love me. Come, now, what will you give up when we're married?" Jack—"Jenny, I'll give up being a bachelor."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Violet—"So your uncle was ninety years old at the time of his death. Was he of sound mind when he died?" Jack—"I really can't say. The will has not been opened yet."

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PIAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Host—"Have you seen the wedding girls, old man?" Guest—"No, not yet." Host—"Well, wait a moment. I'll get one of the detectives to escort you through."

Revive the Jaded Condition.—When energy flags and the cares of business become irksome; when the whole system is out of sorts and there is general depression, try Parolee's Vegetable Pills. They will regulate the action of a deranged stomach and a disordered liver, and make you feel like a new man. No one need suffer a day from debilitated digestion when so simple and effective a pill can be got at any drug store.

From the point of view of happiness, the problem of life is insoluble, for it is our highest aspirations that prevent us from being happy.

A pin scratch may cause blood poison, a rusty nail cut is very apt to do so. Hamilton's Wizard Oil used at once draws out all infection and makes blood poison impossible.

How much money have you wasted in trying to get something for nothing?

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

PISO'S

IS THE NAME OF THE BEST REMEDY FOR COUGHS & COLDS.

EVER-HOFF REMEDY
CURE FOR
COLD, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, HAY FEVER, ALLERGENIC DISEASES, ETC.
CURED BY
THE HOFFER OF NEUM
TOWN MAY BE STOPPED
BY THE HOFFER OF NEUM
WILLIAMS MEDICINE CO.
108 HATTON ST. N.Y.

UAP CHILDREN.

Parents See Their Own Children in All Children.

In describing Uap, one of the Caroline Islands, Dr. W. H. Furness says that children become more or less public property on that island as seen as they are able to run about from house to house.

They cannot without extraordinary exertion fall off the island, and like little guinea-pigs, they can find food anywhere; their clothing grows by every roadside, and, as shelter, or no shelter, is good enough for the night.

They cannot starve; there are no wild beasts or snakes to harm them; what matters it if they sleep under the high, star-powdered ceiling of their foster-mother's nursery, or curled up on mats beneath their father's thatch?

There is no implication here that parents are not fond of their children; on the contrary, they love them so much that they see their own children in all children. It is the ease of life and its surroundings which have atrophied the emotion of parental love.

When a father has merely to say to his wife and children, "Go out and shake your breakfast off the trees," or "Go to the thicket and gather your clothes," to him the struggle for existence is meaningless, and without a struggle the prizes of life are held in light esteem.

Somebody's children are always about the houses, and to the fore in all excitements, and never did I see them roughly handled or harshly treated.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. . . . 25 cents.

A lion-tamer beckoned to a big lion, and it came and took a piece of sugar from his hand. "Why, I could do that!" said a spectator, with scorn. "What, you?" cried a friend. "Certainly; quite as well as the lion!"

Only the uninformed endure the agony of corns. The knowing ones apply Holloway's Corn Cure and get relief.

"Well, my little man," queried the minister who was making a call, "do you always do your mamma tells you?" "You bet I do," answered the precocious five-year-old, "and so does papa."

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for SIXTY YEARS BY MILLIONS OF MOTHERS FOR THEIR CHILDREN WHILE TEething, WITH PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

"Those pigs of yours are in very fine condition." "Yes," agreed the proud farmer; "if we were all as ready to die as them, we'd do."

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

"Funny, isn't it?" "What?" "Call a man level-headed and he's pleased, but call him flat-headed and he'll knock you down."

It is in Demand.—So great is the demand for Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil that a large factory is kept continually busy making and bottling it. To be in demand shows popular appreciation of this preparation, which stands at the head of proprietary compounds as the leading Oil in the market, and it is generally admitted that it is deserving of the lead.

Clara—"When I refused Tom three weeks ago he declared that it would be the death of him." Maude—"Well, it wasn't. He proposed to me last week and I accepted him." Clara—"Then he must have meant a living death."

CURED IN ONE MONTH.

If every woman who has Kidney or Bladder trouble, could go to Davisville, Ont., and talk to Mrs. Simpson, they would do just as she did, take Gin Pills and cure themselves. "For 14 or 15 years I had Kidney or Bladder trouble, suffering at times intense pain. I doctored continually but nothing gave me permanent relief until I was persuaded to try Gin Pills."

Write National Drug and Chemical Co. (Dept. W. Toronto) for sample, 50 cents a box, 6 boxes for \$2.50, at all dealers.

MODEL WOMAN'S PRISON.

New South Wales is said to have the model woman's prison of the world. The cells are all well lighted, plastered and colored light green. The bathrooms are supplied with both hot and cold water, and each woman has a daily bath. All the wardresses are educated women. The women are known only by numbers, their names never being disclosed, so that no prison taint may cling to them after they have served their terms. While in prison they are divided into three grades. In the second grade they may have flowers in their cells, in the third they may have pictures also.

SPRING SKIN TROUBLES.

Pimples, Eruptions and "Spotty Complexions."

At this season, scores of people—girls and young women especially—find their faces disfigured by pimples, dark spots, eruptions, etc. The skin needs attention—needs renovating after the trying time it has passed through during the winter.

Just think what it has gone through! You have been out in rain and sleet and snow. You have been at one moment perspiring from skating, or some other exertion. Then you have stood to "cool off." You have spent hours of the day indoors at a temperature equal to summer heat. Then you have covered up your skin—except your face—and gone out into a temperature away below zero! No wonder that, with all these changes, the skin of the face and neck shows signs of needing attention.

Zam-Buk and Zam-Buk Soap are the remedies. Smear Zam-Buk lightly over the spots, the eruptions, the scaly patches, at night, and wash with Zam-Buk Soap (only 25c. per tablet). Then notice how quickly your appearance improves.

Zam-Buk is also a sure cure for skin injuries and diseases. Eczema, ulcers, ringworm, yield to its use. For cuts, burns, bruises, children's rashes, etc., it is unequalled, and for piles. Mothers will find Zam-Buk Soap best for baby's bath! All druggists and stores at 50c. box for Zam-Buk and 25c. tablet (or 3 for 70c.) for the Soap. If you have any difficulty in obtaining, order from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, and send price.

Caller—"What's your name, little girl?" Little Girl—"Dorothy." Caller—"But what's your last name?" Little Girl—"I don't know what it will be. I'm not married yet."

Some persons are more susceptible to colds than others, contracting derangements of the pulmonary organs from the slightest causes. These should always have at hand a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the present day sovereign remedy for coughs, catarrh and inflammation of the lungs. It will effect a cure no matter how severe the cold may be. You cannot afford to be without a remedy like Bickle's, for it is the best.

"I saw you, sir—I saw you with my own eyes! How dare you kiss my daughter, sir, before me!" exclaimed an irate mother to a young man. "Well, I'll kiss you first in future, madam!" said the youth.

I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT the BEST Liniment in use. I got my foot badly jammed lately. I bathed it well with MINARD'S LINIMENT, and it was as well as ever next day.

Yours very truly,
T. G. McMULLEN.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggist refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 50c.

The more style some people put on the more collectors they put off.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

"I was only acting the part of peace-maker," explained the prisoner. "But you knocked the man senseless!" the magistrate pointed out. "I did," was the answer. "There was no other way to get peace."

HIS INTENTIONS.

"Young man"—it was her father who spoke—"you've been calling on Hilda pretty regular, haven't you?" "Yes, sir."

"Every Sunday night for two years?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, I want to know what your intentions are!"

"Why, sir, my intentions are honorable—but remote."

Mrs. Dobson—"Susan told me she saw Mr. and Mrs. Hobson going to church this morning. I wonder what the matter?"

Mr. Dobson—"Why, either Mr. Hobson had another attack of heart trouble or Mrs. Hobson has a new hat."

Borated Vaseline

A Valuable Remedy for Catarrh.

12 Vaseline Remedies in Tubes. Camphoric, Mentholated, Carbollated, Camphorated, White Oxide of Zinc, Capsicum, etc. Each for special purposes. Write for Free Vaseline Book to CHATTESMAN, 1100 St. George Street, Montreal, P. Q.

FARMS FOR RENT AND SALE.

ALL KINDS OF FARMS—Fruit farms a specialty. W. B. Calder, Grimsby.

CHOICE DELAWARE FARMS, mild climate, near best markets, all sizes. Many bargains on easy terms. Catalogue free. Edward C. Wilson, Dover, Delaware.

120 ACRES township of Aldborough, County Essex, soil sand and clay, loam, frame house, number of out-buildings, miles to London. Will exchange for small suitable farm. The Western Real Estate Exchange, Limited, London, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED.—\$5.00 a day easy. No experience needed. Sell on sight. Absolute necessity to farmers. Docs on work of thirty men. Pays for itself in one hour. Write today! ROBERT MACHINERY CO. (Dept. 5), Barrie, Ont.

AGENTS WANTED.—Experienced field agents only, for two new products. Good salary and commission. Apply BRITISH CANADIAN INDUSTRIAL CO., P. O. Box 1, 223 Albert Street, Ottawa.

MISCELLANEOUS

FAIRM SCALES, special price. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

If you are looking for the best PREMIUM proposition in Canada, one that appeals to everyone, apply to SHILLER Advertising Dept., 238 Albert St., Ottawa.

Signs of every description. Advertisers get signs a specialty. Write for booklet. Thompson, the Sign Man, Grimsby, Ont.

Eggs for Hatching. Red Caps, Buck Eggs, White, Barred Rocks, Milton Heights, Ont.

SASKATCHEWAN district has never known crop failure even in most adverse seasons. Hence the prosperity of our English speaking agricultural community. Hence the fact that Saskatchewan's population has jumped from 113 to over 16,000 in less than seven years. We have lots of land. Why not keep the family together by getting some for yourself and the boy? For all information, write Commissioner Board of Trade, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Western Canada.

LEARN THE BARBER TRADE—NEW system—constant practice—careful instruction—a finished complete course—tools free. Graduates earn twelve to eighteen dollars weekly. Write for catalogue. Molester Barber College, 221 Queen East, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. In internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

5 TON SCALE, special price. Wilson's Scale Works, Esplanade, Toronto.

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the

"OTTO HIGEL" Piano Action

You'll Save Both Time and Money—as Well as a Good Deal of Trouble if You Use

"POWDRPAINT"—PAINT WITHOUT OIL

Easily applied, gives you a hard permanent finish that will wear for years. Send for Color Card and full particulars. Please mention this paper.

The Powderpaint Co. TORONTO

"Are you sure that these sheets are clean?" asked a traveller. "Quite clean, sir," the chambermaid answered confidently. "They were only washed this morning. Feel them, sir—they are not dry yet!"

Recognized as the leading specific for the destruction of worms, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has proved a boon to suffering children everywhere. It seldom fails.

FISHY.

Mother—"Johnny, you said you'd been to Sunday school." Johnny (with a far-away look)—"Yes, mamma." Mother—"How does it happen that your hands smell of fish?" Johnny—"I carried home the Sunday school paper, and the outside page is all about Jonah and the whale."

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES. RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, ETC.

223 THE PRINCE

1900 No. 16-11.

Our Popular Spring Shoes Speak For Themselves

And the people who are admirers of stylish shoes need not look further than our stock to find out what they want. We are now showing

Ladies' Gun Metal Button and Laced Boots from \$3.00 up
Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher, also shown in Buttons, latest in style, very neat and good, from \$3.00 to \$4.00
Ladies' Tan Calf Blucher and Button styles—good walking shoes, from \$2.00 to \$4.00
Ladies' Patent Pumps and Slippers, in all leading styles from \$2.00 up
Men's Patent Colt Boots, from \$3.50 to \$5.00

We are sole agents for GEO. A. SLATER INVICTUS Boots, also the MOTHER HUBBARD and WESTON Shoes for Children.

See our Men's Heavy Tan and Coarse Boots, absolutely waterproof.

Call and see our complete lines of Hosiery for Women and Children. All sizes and prices. A pleasure to show goods at

**GEO. E. REYNOLDS,
SHOE KING**



Decorate Your Home This Spring

Our Wall Paper department for this season comprises a world of new ideas in paper hangings. All the latest effects in combination decorations, cut out borders and panels, artistic designs and striking beauty of colorings—things you can not find at any other store as they are all novelties that are exclusive to us. You will find here a showing of beautiful wall decorations that will make choosing easy.

Let us do your decorating and you will get up-to-the-minute styles at the price of old fashioned ideas.

S. A. MURPHY

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Paints, Varnishes and Brushes.

THE YEAR 1910

Was one of pronounced success for the

MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA

The amount of new business written was \$9,250,000, being an increase of \$1,125,000 over the previous year. The general results for the year show:

- (a) A decrease in death losses.
- (b) An increase in the rate of interest earned on investments, and
- (c) A low expense rate.

These factors ensure satisfactory dividends for the Company's policy-holders.

BURROWS, of Belleville.

Agents Wanted. General Agent.



Rheumatism for Several Years— Now as well as Ever

647 Main St., St. John, N. B.,
Nov. 27, 1908.

Father Morrissey Medicine Co., Ltd.

I am writing to tell you I have been a victim to Rheumatism for several years, and have been treated by seven doctors without finding any permanent relief until I got Father Morrissey's medicine. It has cured me so I am able to do any work and find I am as well as ever in my life.

Yours truly,
JOHN CRAWFORD.

Rheumatism cannot exist when the kidneys are in perfect working order for then they take out of the blood all the Uric Acid, which alone causes the Rheumatism.

Father Morrissey's "No. 7" Tablets

act directly on the kidneys, toning them up and helping them to clear the blood of the Uric Acid. If the Rheumatism is of long standing it may take some time to clear out all the poison, but almost from the first "No. 7" Tablets relieve the pain, and if used faithfully they rarely fail to cure.

Even if other remedies have done you no good, do not give up till you have tried Father Morrissey's "No. 7" Tablets.

50c. at your dealer's.

Father Morrissey Medicine Co., Ltd. Montreal, Que.

P. M. Graham, youngest son of the Hon. G. P. Graham, died at the Hospital at Brockville on Monday, following a short illness. He was about 25 years of age, and was connected with the staff of the Brockville Recorder.

Henry I. Matthews, who was accused of the murder of Miss Brimacombe at Colborne last winter, was tried at the Assizes at Cobourg last week. The trial lasted several days, closing on Saturday, when the jury brought in a verdict of "not guilty."

Prompt relief in all cases of throat and lung trouble if you use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pleasant to take, soothing and healing in effect. Sold by all druggists.

Georges and Marys

Mrs. Edmund Bristol, treasurer of the Marys fund, in connection with money to be raised among ladies of that name to purchase a present for the Queen at the coronation, expressed herself as being well satisfied with the way the money has been coming in. Already a substantial amount is on hand, and with the fund still open for contribution for some time yet, it is expected a large sum will be realized. City Treasurer Condy, who has charge of the Georges end of the fund, does not appear to be overwhelmed with subscriptions, as he stated this morning that what he has received up to date will not exceed \$50.—Toronto Star.

HABITANT LEGISLATOR

J. B. MORIN NEVER FORSAKE THE
WAYS OF HIS PEOPLE.

Sturdy French-Canadian, Who Spent Twelve Years in the Commons, Was Noted for His Unconventional Characteristics and Beloved for His Sterling Honesty and Kindness of Heart.

So insistent are the things of the present in comparison with those of the past, so much more important are the men and events at hand than those that have been, and so short is the memory of the public respecting those who have ceased to serve or to entertain, that when the death of Jean Baptiste Morin was announced, the other day most people had to think twice in order to recall who the man was, and in what connection they had once known him, says a writer in The Montreal Standard. And yet it is only three years since he retired from public life, in which twelve years he was a conspicuous figure—conspicuous, not because of the high offices he filled or the power he exercised, but because of his strong personality, his clear-cut and often amusing characteristics. In short, Jean Baptiste Morin was a character, but one that not only afforded entertainment to those whose good fortune it was to be associated with him, but that also inspired respect among opponents and won confidence and affection among friends. In fact, it can be truly said of Mr. Morin that, while he had political adversaries, he had no enemies. From 1896 to 1908, he sat in the House of Commons for the County of Dorchester, Quebec. At least one-half of the members now composing the House were personally acquainted with Mr. Morin, and it is safe to say that not one of these members learned of his death without a feeling of personal bereavement. Those who sat in the House with Jean Baptiste Morin will even hold him in kindly remembrance, and to be so remembered by one's associates is the most beautiful of monuments.

Accompanying the announcement of Mr. Morin's death were published sketches of his career, telling how his ancestors came from St. Etienne, France, away back in 1636—only twenty-eight years after the founding of Quebec by Champlain, and six years before the founding of Montreal by Maisonneuve. They settled in what is now Montmagny County, and some of their descendants are living there to this day. The late Jean Baptiste was born not far distant, at St. Helene, in Dorchester. At a lad of sixteen he went to the United States to make his way in the world, and he succeeded. He learned the coal and the lumber business. He engaged in both and made money. He carried on the business of a railway contractor, and made more money. After a sojourn of thirty-two years he returned to his native province, where his people dwell, and where his heart had ever been. He served his parish and his county in municipal affairs, and in 1896, when the tide of Liberalism swept the country he stemmed it in Dorchester, and went to the House of Commons to sit in Opposition.

For twelve years he sat there, and never was member more diligent in his attendance. Whoever missed him, absent when the Speaker took the chair at three o'clock it was not Jean Baptiste Morin; whoever missed him at his lodgings during the wee small hours of an all-night sitting, Jean Baptiste Morin remained at his post until the House adjourned and everybody went home. It seemed to be of little concern to him whether his country permitted him time to sleep or not.

None of the members of his time heard more speeches and delivered fewer. And yet he was not a silent member, for upon about every important question he spoke once, usually briefly, but always with great earnestness. With few exceptions he spoke in English, and it was to some extent because of his rather picturesque use of a language that was not his mother tongue that he was always listened to with interest and often with amusement.

But it was his thought from this that he could not or did not treat a subject seriously or effectively. Nature endowed Mr. Morin with more than the average ability, and although his endowments had not been developed by what the world calls higher education, he had been trained in the harder school of action. He never failed to make his points, and when the subject was one about which his experience gave him special knowledge, his points were telling ones against those whose views he opposed.

In the official, social life of the capital, which is open to every member of Parliament, Mr. Morin took part freely and with evident enjoyment. What made him conspicuous there was the unconventional manner in which he observed the conventions.

For instance, he was invited to dine one evening with a prominent member of the Opposition, whose residence was on Sandy Hill, the fashionable quarter of Ottawa, across the canal and in the southeastern part of the city.

It was early summer, and the dinner hour came in daylight. Leaving the House some time before it rose for the six o'clock recess, Mr. Morin went to his lodgings to dress for the dinner party. Shortly after six o'clock, with the sun still shining and the breath of day in the air, he was seen making his way solemnly along Sparks street and across the Sappers' Bridge to the eastern part of the city, attired in an evening suit—conventional "swallow-tail" coat, gleaming shirt front, white tie, and all. His feet were encased in the heavy boots he was accustomed to wear down in Dorchester, and on his head was the black derby he wore in summer and winter. Of course, he

was smoking, for that was his steady custom when not attending to his Parliamentary duties. From one corner of his firm mouth projected a stub of a clay pipe, highly colored but still more highly favored, and dearly beloved because of both qualities. Such was Mr. Morin in the conventional dress of polite society.

As with unconcealed dignity and equally unconcealed ingratitude he talked along Sparks street, he was observed of all observers, a sight to be openly laughed at by the ill-bred, and by others to be carried away in the mind's eye and enjoyed in secret. But Mr. Morin cared for none of these things.

Mr. Morin dearly loved his native province. Its people were his people, its institutions were those laid by his forefathers, its language was the speech he learned at his mother's knee. But he was no narrow provincialist, with sympathies circumscribed by the circumstances of locality, race or creed. For almost a third of a century he had lived in a foreign land, and life there had tended to make him more appreciative of the worth of Canadian citizenship and of British allegiance. So far as his powers and opportunities permitted, and according to his light, he did what he could for the cause of good government and national development. He did not achieve distinction, but he did the things next at hand that seemed to be right. While Quebec has contributed to public life many greater men, she has also conferred distinction upon other less worthy of remembrance than is Jean Baptiste Morin.

A PERILOUS MOMENT.

When Canada's Constitution Was Nearly Wrecked.

The Constitution came within an ace of being shattered when Mr. Fielding was putting his interim supply bill through its various formal stages. Whenever Mr. Speaker is in his chair, the Mace must lie on the table. That is due of the bulwarks of the nation. During the formal proceedings of sending a supply bill on its way to the Senate, the Speaker plops in and out of his chair continually, for the reason that one minute the House is in committee and the next in full dress again. When in committee the Mace reposes snugly on a shelf under the table. On this occasion Chairman Gilbert McIntyre was performing his usual functions with the bill in committee stage, and Col. Harry Smith, somewhat weary with rushing up and down lifting the Mace off and on the table, rushed from the chamber to have a chat with Captain Chambers, "the gentlemanly usher of the Black Rod." While he was absent it became necessary for the Speaker to take his seat again. He did so, but horrible to behold, the Mace was not on the table! Sydney Fisher, who is a stickler for Parliamentary etiquette, gasped in astonishment, and motioned to Doctor Sproule, another "light of ancient days," whose respect for the rules is almost as strong as his Orange principles. Meanwhile, Speaker Marcell was rushing through the formula, which sounded like "Mr. Fielding moves, seconded by Mr. Peterson, that the bill be read a third time, and carried." By this time Mr. Fisher's face was blushing red, and Dr. Sproule hastily sent a page for a glass of water. (Whenever the doctor is unusually agitated he always takes the water cure.) Finally the door-keeper, noticing the Sproule and Fisher signals of distress, saved the day by rushing in and flopping the time-honored emblem of power and authority on the table over the desk of Dr. Flint, clerk of the House. Mr. Fisher is reported to be seriously considering the nomination of the doorkeeper for an Edward medal of the highest class. "The Mace of the House," says the Montreal Star, "has been saved, but the honor of the House is gone." "The Mace of the House," says the Montreal Star, "has been saved, but the honor of the House is gone."

The Soft Answer.

Lord Beaconsfield is alleged to have once informed a young author "that he would lose no time in reading his book," with which statement the young man was perfectly satisfied. In the same way sometimes, says the Montreal Star, the Minister of Public Works, realizing that "a soft answer turneth away wrath," sometimes comforts members of the Opposition with a similar double-edged statement. It was "just the time you ought to go to bed," the other night when one of the longest-winded and strongest members of the Opposition rose to his feet and asked the Minister to promise to prepare plans for a certain postoffice. It was either a soft answer or a flood of eloquence lasting till two o'clock in the morning. The whole House waited in suspense to see whether the Minister could dam that flood.

"Ah," said Mr. Pugsley, "I can assure the honorable member that no time shall be lost in preparing those plans."

The member was satisfied and the day was saved.

These, with myriads of others, are a few of the humors of the House of Commons—the school for politicians.

The Canadian Type.

Before the Royal Colonial Institute, Mr. Ellis Powell spoke of the native Canadian as evolving a distinct racial type. No observant traveler, he thought, could have failed to notice it. It carries "the stamp of a resolute determination combined with intellectual alertness; but both these characteristics soften instantly into gentleness when the more human emotions come into play." "Canadian faces may spring from a mixture of the vast national heritage handed down to them by their fathers."—Toronto News.

Dogs Unpopular.

Up to date there have been only 61 dog tags taken out in 1909, 460 were taken out, and in 1910 only 530.

HARDWARE

500 Gallons mixed Paints in stock, the old reliable SHERWIN-WILLIAMS and ELEPHANT BRANDS. Every can of our Paints guaranteed. We are still selling the Elephant Brand at the old price, 50c. per quart. All the new shades in stock.

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Call and see our Chi-Namel graining colors. Chi-Namel Varnish for Floors and Oilcloths will not check, will not change in color and is positively the finest varnish on the market for floors.

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SNAPPING A LYNX.

Ernest Thompson-Seton Tells of an Adventure With a Camera.

The camera is gradually replacing the rifle as a weapon for sportsmen. It does not bag the dead carcasses of beasts, but it secures what is more valuable, a record of their appearance and habits in the living state. The very act of making the photographic "shot" also discovers traits in the wild subject that a powder-and-ball hunter would never suspect. Ernest Thompson-Seton tells in Scribner's of a surprising revelation concerning the lynx. One of these supposedly savage animals had been driven from cover and cornered by Seton and two Indians.

He faced about at bay, says the writer, growling savagely, thumping his little bobtail from side to side and pretending he was going to spring on us. I took photograph number two at twenty-five yards. He certainly did look fierce, but I thought I knew the creature as well as the men who were backing up. I retired, put a new film in place and said:

"Now, Preble, I'm going to walk up to that lynx, and get a close photo. If he jumps for me, and he may, there is nothing can save my beauty but you and that gun."

Preble, with characteristic loquacity, said, "Go ahead."

Then I stopped and began slowly approaching the desperate creature we had at bay. His eyes were glaring green, his ears were back, his small bobtail kept twitching from side to side and his growls grew harder and hisses as I neared him. At fifteen feet he gathered his legs under him as for a spring, and I pressed the button, getting number three.

Then the demon of ambition entered into my heart, and I was into peril. The lynx at bay was starving and desperate. He might spring at me, but I believed that if he did he would never reach me alive. I knew my man—this nerve and I said to myself, "I'm not satisfied; I want him to fill the finder. Are you ready?"

"Yes."

So I crouched lower and came still nearer and at twelve feet made number four. For some strange reason, now, the lynx seemed less angry than he had been.

"He didn't fill the finder. I'll try again," was my next. Then, on my knees, I crawled up, watching the lynx until it was full of lynx. I glanced at the finder and fired. And now, oh, wonder! that lynx no longer seemed annoyed; he had ceased all growling and simply looked bored.

We stood aside; he saw his chance and dashed for the tall timber. As he went, I fired the last film, getting number six, and so far as I know that lynx is alive, and well, and going yek.

A Great Geographer.

In an article under this title, in The Geographical Journal, Mr. J. E. Tyrell gives an outline of the work of an explorer of the old type. David Thompson, born in London, England, in 1770, of Welsh parentage. When seven years old he was placed in the Grey Coat School, a London charity institution which is still in existence. He studied here for seven years, learning the rudiments of navigation, which later in life became useful to him.

At 17, in 1783 the Hudson Bay Company applied "to know if this charity could furnish them with four boys against the month of May next for their settlements in America." Thompson was the only one available, and was apprenticed to the company for seven years, and was sent to Fort Churchill.

Thompson spent fourteen years with the "ancient and honorable" terms of pany, and during these two terms of service he surveyed most of the rivers tributary to Hudson Bay from the south and west, going as far as the east end of Lake Athabasca.

In 1797-8 he made a long journey through all the principal water courses of the northwest. His last years were spent either in Glangary County, Ontario, or in Longueville, opposite Montreal, where he died on Feb. 10, 1807, at the ripe old age of thirty-seven years. His wife, a child of the western country, whom he married at Isle a la Crosse, on the Churchill River, survived him by less than three months, dying on May 7 of the same year.

Coleridge—The Last Phase.

Professor Blackie in his autobiographical sketch entitled "Notes of a Life" tells of a visit he paid to Coleridge, then living at Highgate, of whom he remembers only two things, "(1) that he was an old, infirm, downbeat man; (2) that he told me he had thrown overboard all speculative philosophy, finding perfect satisfaction in the first chapter of the gospel of John."



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Here are a few only of Dame Fashion's best: Basket weaves, Tricelines, Drapes de Paris, Plain and Fancy Voiles, Serges, etc. Silks consisting of: Paillettes, Messalines, Foulards, Jacquards, Chiffon Taffetas and soft finished Plain and Fancy Silks in all the newest shades. Prices 50c. to \$1.50 per yd. Black Silks of every description, suitable for Dresses and Coats, at lowest prices.

WASH GOODS.—Never before has our stock been so complete in this line, consisting of Foulards, Marquisettes, Linens, Plain and Shot effects, Fancy Mulls and Dimities, Crepes, etc. Prices 15c. to 50c. per yard. Special range of Black and White checked and striped Dress Goods and Silk now in stock.

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If you have not time to make your requirements this section is your next best friend. Our Garments are noted for their style, cut, hang and finish. A large range to choose from.

LADIES' COATS AND SKIRTS.—Every Coat and Jacket in our store is brand new.

Ladies' Black Jacket, good material, new shawl collar with corded silk facing, special, only \$5.00
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Better lines at equally low prices.

SKIRTS.—We have the latest in extra good wearing qualities, all staple colors and sizes.

WHITE WEAR.—Special this week:
Ladies' Gowns, prices.....44c., 50c., 57c., 69c., \$1.00 up.
Ladies' Corset Covers.....25c. up
Ladies' Underskirts.....39c., 49c. up
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These are regular sale prices. Early buyers will reap the benefit. A large quantity to choose from.

FANCY BLOUSES.—Ladies' fancy Lawn embroidered waists. Up-to-date in every particular. All sizes, prices.....49c. to \$3.50
SPECIAL.—Ladies' all linen embroidery waist, tailored style, only \$1.25

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Housecleaning time is now at hand. Make out your list of needs and allow us to quote you on same. We will save you money in Oilcloths, Linoleums, Lace Curtains, Curtain Muslins, Madras, Cretonnes, Art Draperies, etc.

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If there is anything you desire in Millinery we can satisfy your wants at moderate prices. Best workmanship.

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Garden and Flower Seeds, reg. 5c., 2 pkts. for 3c.
Secure your onion seeds now. Dutch Sets, English Multipiers and Topsed. 2 lbs. for 25c.

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The Farmers Advocate, weekly 2.30
The Home Journal, Toronto.....1.60
Youth's Companion, Boston.....2.75

Prompt relief in all cases of throat and lung trouble if you use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Pleasant to take, soothing and healing in effect. Sold by all dealers.

Farmers throughout Prince Edward are suffering from the Winter killing of clover in many meadows. Had lowell and Hillier farmers are particularly complaining. A great shortage of pasture in many parts of the county seems inevitable. Clover is one of the big crops and the shortage it is thought will be severely felt.

A thoroughbred collie belonging to A. Beil of Edmonton, disappeared sixteen months ago, shortly after it had been taken there by express from Bolton Centre, near Sherbrooke, Que. The dog has now turned up at its old home in Quebec, having in some way found its way back. The dog will be sent back to Edmonton by express.

To Restrict the Sale of Weapons

The act restricting the sale of offensive weapons, passed at the last session of the Ontario Legislature, went into force on Saturday last by proclamation of the Lieut.-Governor. The act provides that every person who exposes for sale or sells any bowie-knife, dirk, dagger, stiletto, metal knuckle, skull-cracker or slung-shot, or who sells a revolver, pistol or air-gun to any person other than the holder of a certificate from the Provincial or other police stating that he is entitled to purchase any of those things, is liable to a fine of from \$20 to \$200. The purchaser is equally liable under the act.

Records must be kept of all sales made, with name of purchaser, and failure to comply involves a fine of from \$25 to \$200. A further penalty of \$50 is provided for failure to report sales every three months to the Provincial Police.

Officers are given power to search people whom they have reason to believe are carrying concealed weapons, and regulations are included looking to the deportation of foreigners upon whom such weapons are found.

Destroying Bird Life

The National Association of Audubon Societies has received estimates that the losses last year to food and cloth products in the United States amounted to over \$10 for every person, chiefly due to the destruction of feathered insect-eaters.

The Government biological survey at Washington has given statistics which go far to prove that the cost of living has been raised to cover \$1,000,000,000 loss in agricultural produce from the ravages of insects and rodents that would have been largely wiped out if their natural bird foes had been protected from feather men, market butchers and pot hunters.

Last year's cotton crops suffered a loss of at least \$25,000,000, paid for by all who buy cotton goods, because the birds that destroy the weevil are being killed off.

Almost every edible product of the farm, excepting meat, has decreased in quantity and increased in price because of the lack of insect-eating birds to drive away or destroy the field pests.

Only recently some 75,000 meadow larks were killed in Georgia because of their beautiful plumage, yet seventy-five per cent. of the diet of these birds consists of crop destroying insects.

As To Spring

Spring! It is a precious boon—good old April, May and June. Then the nights are cool and calm, so that slumber is a balm, and the days are mild and sweet, so that labor is a treat. And the flies have not yet come, and the skeeters do not hum, and the frogs do not aspire to excel the village choir, and we walk with springy tread, thankful that we are not dead. O the spring's a boon, in truth! It restores our vanished youth: even grey and palsied men feel like three-year-olds again, and (unless they're watched) they hope with some widows to elope, and the widows, bless their souls, charm us with their caracoles, for we all are growing young when the good old spring is sprung. You are worse than dead, my friend, if, when winter's at an end, and the joyous spring is come, you are feeling dour and glum. Any man whose blood is red, any sport who isn't dead, feels inclined to whoop and waltz, feels like turning somersaults, feels like punching some one's ear, when the gladsome spring is here!

WALT MASON.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Company have announced that they will build a line from a place called Glenay, 16 miles west of Smith's Falls, south-west to Belleville, and thence along the lake shore to Toronto. The line will be completed in two years. Belleville will then have three lines of railway running through the city.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets assist nature in driving all impurities out of the system, insuring a free and regular circulation and restoring the organs of the body to health and strength. Sold by all dealers.

Apple Orchards Leased

Thirty thousand apple trees are now under lease to the English syndicate operating in Prince Edward county this year. The fame of the Prince Edward apple has already gone abroad, and the syndicate is determined to keep that name at its highest. The hundred of orchards now under lease will be put in the hands of a gang of expert orchard men. The trees have all been pruned and this week every orchard will be sprayed. This is all under expert management.

Death of Mr. F. C. Caldwell

Marmora Herald (April 26th)

Mr. Fred. C. Caldwell, for many years a highly esteemed resident of Marmora, passed away in Toronto on Monday. Death was caused by asthma and dropsy. For years Mr. Caldwell has suffered severely from asthma and a few years ago went out West in the hope of obtaining relief, but received but little benefit, and for the past year has been steadily growing worse.

Deceased has resided for the greater part of his life in Stirling, Springbrook and Marmora, and was well-known throughout the county. He was an expert mill-wright, having installed most of the water-wheels for the Pearce Company as well as for other firms throughout the county. He also had charge of the operations in Pearce Co's saw mill.

The late Mr. Caldwell was a member of the Public Board here for a number of years and has always taken an active interest in anything that would advance the best interests of the village. His integrity and straightforwardness won him the respect of all he came in contact with, and he was one who won and held the friendship of those who knew him well.

He leaves a widow and one daughter, Miss Debba.

The funeral took place this afternoon, service being conducted in Springbrook Methodist church by Rev. J. E. Moore and internment taking place in Stirling cemetery. The funeral was under the auspices of Springbrook Lodge, Canadian Order of Oddfellows. Deceased was also a member of Marmora Lodge I.O.O.F.

Spring Brook

Epworth League was held as usual on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, Rev. J. E. Moore taking the topic.

At the close, election of officers was held for the ensuing year, resulting in Presidents, Misses Ida Thompson and Susie Stevens.

1st Vice, Nina B. Welch.
2nd Vice, Mrs. R. W. Thompson.
3rd Vice, Ethel Thompson.
4th Vice, Mrs. Kemp.
Rec. Sec, Delilah Mosher.
Cor. Sec, Mrs. Welch.
Treas, Joe McEwen.
Organists, Martha Rosebush and Ethel Thompson.

Mr. Thompson was chosen delegate to attend Summer School which will be held at Wellington.

The League during the year has raised \$137.17c. For some time \$15 have been given each year for Forward Movement, so that amount was given this year as usual. \$5 was also voted to Superannuation Fund, and \$2 to General Epworth League Fund. The church carpet which is a nice bright one was paid for by the League. A cordial invitation is extended to all, especially the young people, to attend the Epworth League meeting.

The widow of the late Harvey Reid was married last week to Mr. A. Brown.

The occupants of the Auto which was driven through this village this week with such furious speed may consider themselves fortunate that it was only fowl they killed instead of a child, as neither horn nor whistle was used to proclaim their coming.

Dr. Totton has been making some improvements in his front yard and steps.

Several of our stalwart citizens have gone to Healey's Falls to work. Miss Emma Tanner is on the sick list.

Mr. F. C. Caldwell died in Toronto on Tuesday of last week, after a long illness from dropsy. The body was brought to Spring Brook, where the funeral service was held, and then buried in the cemetery at Stirling.

Every family and especially those who reside in the country should be provided at all times with a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment. There is no telling when it may be wanted in case of an accident or emergency. It is most excellent in all cases of Rheumatism, sprains and bruises. Sold by all dealers.

STERLING HALL

Bargains in Suits Built for Boys

50 Boys' well-built Summer suits selected for this offering at just about one half regular value. This is a rare chance for Fathers and Mothers to make an economy purchase for their sons.

20 Three piece Boys' Suits, sizes 29 to 33, reg. values \$4.50 to \$5.00, on sale at.....\$2.50 and \$3.00

30 Boys' 2-piece Suits, sizes 27 to 33, values \$3.50 to \$5.00, on sale at.....\$2.00 and \$3.00

Women's Dongola Shoe Bargains

20 Pairs Women's Long Life Dongola Bals, sizes 3 to 6½, good value at \$2.50, on sale at.....\$1.89

10 Pairs "Linton's" Women's Dongola Bals, sizes 3 to 6½, values \$1.75 to \$2.00, on sale at.....\$1.29

Now For House

Furnishing Requisites

We have a most complete and up-to-date stock of CARPET, CARPET SQUARES, RUGS, LINO-LEUMS, LACE, CHENILLE and TAPES.

TRY CURTAINS, DRAPERIES AND HANGINGS

and invite inspection.

NEW ARRIVALS in COLORED MADRAS at.....20c., 25c. and 35c. yd.

FURNITURE COVERINGS in all colorings at.....50c., 75c., \$1.00 to \$2.00 per yd.

WINDOW SHADE SPECIALS at.....25c., 35c., 50c. each

W. R. MATHER

CATCHING COLD.

Due to Infection and Not at All to Changes in the Weather.

Have you ever noticed in church immediately after a prayer or a sermon is finished some one starts a cough and then a whole battery of coughs explode? The modern physician will tell you by way of explanation that microbes emanations from the breath of the coughers find their way into the respiratory tract of others who thereupon cough too. Not alone in church, but in theaters and other indoor places where people gather in large numbers, is this coughing habit noticeable.

In an article dealing with this subject published in the Independent it is explained that colds are slight infectious fevers which spread particularly among the population of cities and which are due to contagion and not at all to changes in the weather. These may predispose by lowering resistive vitality and by disturbing the circulation in mucous membranes, but it is the presence of an infectious germ that gives rise to the symptoms of the cold. When one of these bothersome afflictions gets into a household usually more than one person suffers from it, and it spreads in offices and schools and the like. It is much more frequently caught in a crowd than anywhere else.

The people who have a succession of colds during the winter time and those who have to work where many people come and go during the day are particularly susceptible to them. It is not to some sudden change in the weather that the physician looks for the origin of a cold, but to some rather intimate contact with other sufferers from similar affection.

Canada's Boundary.

While the boundary between the United States and Canada follows for many hundreds of miles the River St. Lawrence and the Great Lakes, there is a vast distance of prairie land beyond with no natural demarcation. This is marked with pillars of iron and wood placed one mile apart. These are supplied alternately by the Canadian and the United States Governments, and run from Lake of the Woods to the Red River Valley. Beyond mounds of earth and cairns of round stones are used as marks. The pillars are hollow castings, eight inches square at the base, four at the top. Inside are well-seasoned cedar posts. Each pillar is inscribed in raised lettering on the north, "Convention of 1818", on the south, "Oct. 20, 1818". The stone cairns are seven feet high, eight feet at the base and shaped like a pyramid. Earth is used where stone is not available.

TOOK HIS FATHER'S PLACE.

The Night Edwin Booth First Appeared as Richard III.

Between the ages of fifteen and eighteen Edwin Booth was almost constantly the intimate companion of his father, Julius Brutus Booth the elder. That father's eccentricities were such as to tax even the devotion of such a son, but Edwin's affectionate cure never failed. He used to beguile the tragedian's time following his arduous performances by playing the violin or singing negro ballads, accompanying himself on the banjo. Many times he attended his father on long walks between midnight and morning. In 1831, on a certain night, the father was booked to appear as Richard III. at the National theater, New York. An hour before the time for the curtain to rise he chose to lock himself in a closet at his hotel and refused every persuasion his son could offer to keep his engagement.

In despair Edwin rushed to the theater to explain his father's absence. The house was already filled. The manager was distracted and in his excited questioning of the boy accidentally learned that the tragedian had flippantly told Edwin to go and act Richard himself. "We'll take him at his word," said the manager. And the frightened boy was hastened to the stage and helped into his father's cloister costume, several sizes too big for him. Members of the company gave helpful encouragement.

The play opened without an explanation to the audience. When Edwin made his entrance for the opening soliloquy the substitution was immediately recognized, but so soon was the boy, Edwin had several times appeared in lesser parts, notably that of Tresselt in the same play, in which role he made his very first appearance. The audience was kindly tolerant for a time, then interested and finally enthusiastic, for Edwin Booth, although only eighteen years of age, played Richard worthily, revealing many dashes of that brilliant genius that afterward made him a star of much greater eminence than his father had ever achieved. On the strength of this success Edwin Booth was soon engaged by the manager of a Baltimore stock company to play any part assigned to him at the enticing salary of \$5 per week. Small as that pay was, Edwin Booth, in the far west experienced deprivation that would have been immeasurably relieved by an even smaller income.—Kansas City Star.

A Lucky Diner.

W. H. Eves of Collingwood recently found a pearl worth about \$100 among some oysters.

Bank of Montreal

Established - 1817

CAPITAL, ALL PAID UP.....\$14,400,000.00

REST.....12,000,000.00

UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....961,789.11

A General Banking Business done.

Stirling Branch,
Bank Corner

H. R. BOULTON,
Manager.

FORTUNE FAVORS THE BRAVE;

OR, A LOOK INTO THE PAST

CHAPTER XIV.—(Cont'd)

Mr. Crawshaw jerked his head in the direction of Nancy, and then, with an evil look in his black eyes he turned and lounged towards the girl just as Mrs. Fairfax glided up to Derry's side.

"Here you are at last," she said, with a sigh of relief; "where have you been to? Oh, there is Miss Hamilton, also. Shall we join them?"

"I prefer to remain here, if you have no objection."

To all appearances Mr. Darnley was only very languid, very tired, and rather dull.

"I am delighted—delighted!" cried Mrs. Fairfax, with enthusiasm, and speaking the honest truth. "I have been dying for some congenial society all the day."

"Scarcely flattering to my cousin and her guests."

He was smiling, but his ears were listening for those tones once again. She was surely very silent. He did not dare look, for if he did it meant fresh torture.

"Oh, you know what I mean," cried Mrs. Fairfax, setting herself in a luxurious chair and glancing up at him coquettishly, feeling that her complexion must look well in the moonlight; then her smile went, and she frowned.

"Oh, they are coming to disturb us, just when we are so comfortable! How grave they all look!" She leaned back in the chair and unfurled her fan. "Are you discussing state secrets, you four young people? How silent you are!"

They, none of them, answered her, though Miss Chester evinced a desire to giggle, which she managed to check with difficulty.

As they reached the steps Dorothy turned to Crawshaw.

"You must forgive me, Mr. Crawshaw, if I spoke rudely to you," she said, coldly, drawing Nancy's trembling hand through her arm; "but please understand that Miss Hamilton is my dearest friend, and I resent an insult to her as I should resent an insult to myself."

Mrs. Fairfax shut her fan and sat bolt upright. This was going to be amusing with a vengeance!

Derrick Darnley only leaned still closer against the marble pillar; his face had grown curiously set and stiff, and his eyes were fastened on that slender, shrinking form before him.

Acting or no, there was such a look of pain and anguish written visibly on her white cheeks and quivering lips, that it awoke his pity.

Crawshaw smiled almost insolently.

"You are young and hasty, Miss Leicester, and so I will pass it over this time," he observed. "Wait," he added, as Dorothy drew herself up with flashing eyes, "we shall come to a more satisfactory conclusion if we refer to Miss Hamilton herself, as being the supposed aggrieved party."

He threw away his cigar, and, with great deliberation, he turned to Nancy.

"Did I insult you just now?" he asked, shortly.

She tried to speak, to meet his gaze. Surely he would spare her the pain of this publicity! She lifted her eyes to his, but at the determination and triumph written in his they fell again.

Dorothy broke in hurriedly before she could find her voice:

"Miss Hamilton does not desire to hold further conversation with you, Mr. Crawshaw," she said, with trembling lips.

"Does she?" Crawshaw gave a short, sneering laugh. "Is that correct, Miss Hamilton? Come, don't be shy. Why not speak up, and tell Miss Leicester as you don't find fault with a man taking a kiss from his future wife," and, with a flash of his black eyes, and another short laugh, he bent forward deliberately and touched the girl's cheek with his lips.

Dorothy started back.

"Nancy!" she cried, and a whole volume of astonished horror was expressed in that one word, her hand slipped from Nancy's arm, she seemed positively stunned at this blow.

Nancy stood alone, for the Hon. Maude had run away, overcome with sudden jealousy, surprise and disappointment.

Dorothy's eyes were fixed on her downcast face.

"Nancy is this true?"

Mrs. Fairfax was intensely interested, she had not been so much amused for years. She forgot Mr. Darnley for the instant as she leaned forward eagerly.

The moment had come—the fatal moment for which her long vigilance the past few hours was to

have prepared her. Dorothy's voice seemed to scatter all her strength, to crush out all her courage; she could not speak or move.

But if she were feeble, Crawshaw was not; with an air of proprietorship he took Nancy's hand.

"Miss Leicester seems to doubt my word," he said, in a voice that betrayed his anger, yet in which his triumph still rang, "perhaps she'll believe you, Nancy."

Dorothy pushed him on one side, and snatched Nancy's two cold hands in her own.

"I will not believe it! I will not!" she said, in tones of such pain that pierced Nancy to the quick. "Nancy—Nancy, say this is not true!"

The girl rested her hands in those two gentle ones for one instant. There comes a limit even to suffering, and her limit had come. A sense of numbness was creeping over her aching heart, a dignity born of despair slowly filled her every limb; the happy past was dead; she had cried for help, for deliverance, and none had come, now she must rivet the chains that were to bind her henceforth to one whom she knew to be beneath the very beasts of the field—a man without heart or honor.

She dimly felt that Darnley was near her, and, unconsciously, this gave her strength, she let her eyes meet Dorothy's, and her pale lips opened.

"I can't deny it, dear," she said, quietly, "for it is true."

"You—you are not going to marry this—"

"Oh, don't mind me!" sneered Crawshaw, as Dorothy's voice broke. "You don't seem pleased at Miss Hamilton having chosen me, Miss Leicester."

"Pleased!"—Dorothy forgot everything, her duty as hostess, the ordinary conventionalities of society, everything but this hideous fact—that Nancy, her dear, true Nancy, was about to give herself to such a brute as Thomas Crawshaw.

"I cannot—will not believe it!"—tears were coming to her eyes, and a lump rose in her throat. "Nancy, you must be mad! What has come to you, darling—don't we make you happy—do you want to leave me?"

No, no, it is only a joke, or—Dorothy turned suddenly to Crawshaw—"or, if it is true, you have made her promise by some unfair means. Yes, yes, I feel it; I know it. She would never have done this of her own free will!"

Crawshaw's face darkened.

"I thank you for your good opinion of me, Miss Leicester!" he said, savagely; then he put his hand on Nancy's shoulder. "Speak out!"

"Don't stand there like a dog! Don't you hear what is being said, Nancy? Miss Leicester gives me one insult after another, and you must set her right."

"Don't listen to him, darling, listen to me!" cried Dorothy, throwing her arms round the girl's trembling form. "Is—is this awful thing forced upon you, or do you mean to marry him of your own free will? Nancy, you must answer me!"

Nancy reared her head, her eyes went across to those of the man she must call master. At the cruel, wicked look in his face she flinched; she seemed to see her uncle alone, deserted, perhaps dying, for she knew Crawshaw would give him no mercy.

"I marry him of my own free will," she said, slowly and deliberately.

Dorothy's arms slackened in their hold, and she stepped back.

"Then," she said, in trembling tones, "then there is nothing left for me to do but to offer my sincere apologies to Mr. Crawshaw, and—and to wish you happiness, dear."

Derrick Darnley had not moved through this short, strange interview, but at Nancy's cold, curt words he started, and moved forward.

As she was unmerciful in her strength, so he would show her he had no mercy.

"Of course you do, Dolly," he said, speaking very easily and clearly; "and so do we all. Come, Mrs. Fairfax, where are your congratulations?"

"Here, and at Miss Hamilton's service," was the prompt reply.

"My dear, I congratulate you most sincerely. You will be the envy of half London, and the manor house is a positive dream. While as to Mr. Crawshaw—the keen-witted little matron held out her hand with a graceful gesture—"It is fortunate for me that I am a married woman, or there is no saying what injury I might not have done Miss Hamilton for forestalling me in this matter."

Mrs. Fairfax was well versed in

Constipation is the root of many forms of sickness and of an endless amount of human misery.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills,

thoroughly tested by over fifty years of use, have been proved a safe and certain cure for constipation and all kindred troubles. Try them. 25c. a box.

tidying over awkward moments, and her tact certainly did good service now; but though she was outwardly so easy and unsuspicious, she was inwardly consumed with curiosity.

"Something very like a tragedy. I don't particularly like the girl. She is too outspoken, and much too pretty; but she is also much too good for this brute."

She kissed Nancy with a show of warmth, and then it dawned on her that perhaps she had better go indoors.

"Nearly half-past eleven!" she cried, with a little shriek, as she glanced at her watch. "We shall get no beauty-sleep. Good-night, dear," to Dorothy and Nancy.

"Good-night, you lucky man," to Crawshaw. To Darnley she gave a coquettish smile.

"Good-night, Sir Derrick," she was beginning, when he interrupted her:

"I will escort you to the foot of the stairs, fair lady, with your permission. Dorothy, what are you going to do?"

"I will accompany you," answered Dorothy, and without a glance, a word, to Nancy, she mounted the steps to the terrace, and then passed into the hall with the other two.

The girl then left understood her action only too well. It was the outward expression of the hard thoughts that every one would harbor against her henceforth.

She stood branded in the world's eyes as a manoeuvring, mercenary adventuress, who would sacrifice her youth, beauty, everything, for the sake of the luxury Thomas Crawshaw's money would bring.

She stood with her head erect, and her arms hanging nerveless by her side, and Crawshaw gazed at her with savage joy shining in his black eyes.

"So we're quits at last, Nancy, are we?" he said, with a sneer. "I swore to bring you to my feet; I swore I'd make you my wife; and you see I've kept my word."

And then turning on his heel, he lounged to the room which Sir Humphrey, with his boundless hospitality, had placed at the disposal of the millionaire whenever he felt inclined to use it.

Nancy watched him go with dry, hot eyes, then with a shudder she walked across the lawn.

She could not go indoors yet; she could not bear to meet Dorothy's face, full of pain and undisguised contempt.

Just as she reached the edge of the lawn she saw two forms coming toward her, carrying something between them, and evidently making for the plantation.

She stopped till they came. She had guessed their errand.

"The dog is dead, Foster!" she said, questioningly, for a voice told and constrained.

"Yes, miss, she were in such agony we was obliged to give her poison. Poor Zoel Well, she's out of all further hurt, miss. She can't get no kicks now. You'll forgive me, miss, but I'd sooner serve under a savage nor be a servant of Mr. Crawshaw's."

Nancy made no reply, and the man passed on. For an instant she stood motionless; then she stretched out her hands with a gesture of despair.

"If—if I could only die as Zoel has died!" she moaned.

Alas! for her the end of her misery was not to come yet.

The tidings of Miss Hamilton's engagement to the millionaire were received first with incredulity and then with amazement, tempered in some cases with excessive annoyance.

Lady Burton could not control herself sufficiently to offer her congratulations to either party; while as for the Hon. Maude, a severe and very unusual headache kept her confined to her room for many hours.

The Countess of Merfield was disagreeable about the matter, Mrs. Darnley indifferent; while as for

Lord Merfield and Sir Humphrey, they were, to use their own terms, "simply flabbergasted!"

But every one kept their opinions to themselves when either of the affianced couple were present, and in a very short time Nancy found that she was treated with a marked show of deference by the very people who had tried previously to snub her and taunt her with her dependency on Sir Humphrey's bounty.

Derrick Darnley had been called away to London on private and sudden duty early the morning following on his return from transacting his mother's business.

No one knew why he had gone save one person, and she had the knowledge buried deep in her heart of hearts, never to be revealed. (To be continued.)

OTTAWA'S SPLENDID NEW HOTEL.

The Grand Trunk Building One of the Finest Hotels on the Continent.

The "Chateau Laurier," Ottawa, Ont., which will be owned and operated by the Grand Trunk Railway System, will be, without doubt, the finest hotel on this continent, not only architecturally, but also in regard to its general appointments.

Situated in Major's Hill Park, it faces to the west the Parliament Buildings and grounds, to the north the Ottawa River, and the Grand Old Laurentian Hills in the Province of Quebec. It can truly be said that the location is unsurpassed on this continent.

It is built in the French Chateau style, in the most approved method of fireproof construction. The frame of the building is steel, the walls are of Bedford limestone, surmounted with copper roof, and the whole building presents a majestic as well as picturesque appearance from every viewpoint.

The possession of such a structure must prove to be not only a valuable asset to the City of Ottawa, but a credit to the Dominion of Canada.

The hotel will contain, in addition to its regular dining-room and cafe, a Ladies' Dining-Room, Banquet Room, Ball-room, a State Suite, and a number of private dining-rooms, as well as three hundred and fifty bedrooms with two hundred and sixty-two private bathrooms. Each bedroom will have a front outlook, for there is no courtyard to this hotel, and upon three sides it fronts the beautiful Major's Hill Government Park.

Every feature of drainage, heating, ventilation, lighting, and cooking arrangements have received the most detailed consideration, and will be of the most modern form and appointment.

Besides the ordinary entrance to the "Chateau" from the street, it will be connected with the Grand Trunk Railway's new Central Union Passenger Station by a private passageway.

Mr. F. W. Bergman, the Manager, has had a wide experience in hotel management, both abroad and in this country, and has been selected to make the "Chateau Laurier" the favorite hotel in America.

The hotel will be opened for business next fall.

THE FOX'S CUNNING.

Why His Efforts to Bewilder Hounds Are Often Successful.

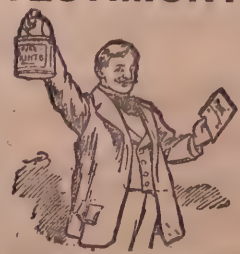
When foxes find themselves beaten they often resort to peculiar means to endeavor to bewilder their pursuers. I do not for a moment wish to rob the species of one of its traditional cunning, but it always seems to me that legend has surrounded them with a greater brain power and thoughtfulness than they really possess, says a writer in the Court Journal.

It is usual to place to the credit of the fox every accident which occurs in a run which turns out in his favor, whereas in seven cases out of ten it has no connection whatever with the scheming of the hunted animal. The other day a Goathland fox, after a sharp burst, found himself too close to the hounds to be safe, so he scrambled onto the roof of a dwelling house in Sleights village. The probability is that had hounds been alone they would have thrown their heads up and have been beaten, for they rarely look for the unexpected.

The foxhound essentially relies upon his nose. They may course the fox for the last few hundred yards of the hunt when they run from scent to view, but this is unorthodox and belongs to greyhounds. The same applies to the use of their brains. There are hounds which think, but they are the exception, so that when they have overrun or lost the line and have cast themselves unsuccessfully, they invariably give up and wait for the assistance of their huntsman.

This Goathland fox was seen on the houseposts, and he knew it, for whatever powers the species may or may not have they undoubtedly do know by some mysterious means when they are discovered during a run. He therefore continued his journey, jumping from roof to roof, till misjudging the distance he fell some twenty feet into the roadway below. Despite this the fox ran on for half a mile or so before hounds ran into him.

PAINT TESTIMONY



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guaranteed to preserve, to protect, to beautify, never to peel, crack or chafe, always lasting for the lifetime of pure paint and always sold at the right price. Ask about them, and write us for Booklet A.D. free, a handsome Booklet on house painting. You should have it.

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SPOFFEY MEDICAL CO., Chemists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

On the Farm

THE BREED TO BUY.

Most men who now raise sheep and those who are about to make a start want a breed that will produce both good mutton and good wool—a rather difficult combination.

There are some breeds, however, that produce both, but like the dual coat they are not in favor with the men who believe that one must breed for milk and butter, or for beef, and not for all.

The following breeds of sheep are probably better fitted by Nature and improvement to produce wool and mutton:

The Shropshires are much thought of throughout the West. The ewes weigh from 125 to 180 pounds, are very early maturing, producing very excellent carcasses and shearing from seven to ten pounds per head.

The Hampshires are a large sheep, not quite so early maturing, but producing very large lambs at an early age. They shear approximately the same as Shropshires.

The Oxford are very similar to the Hampshires in size and character.

The Southdown is particularly a mutton breed, producing a fleece somewhat lighter than the breeds mentioned above, but, nevertheless, producing a good fleece and a most excellent carcass of mutton.

The Dorsets, when mature, weigh from 130 to 180 pounds, and are very prolific. They shear a fleece of medium weight, and yield a good carcass. They are particularly valuable because of their extreme prolificacy, producing frequently three times in two years.

The Rambouilletes and Delaine Merinos are fine wool sheep, and produce fleeces which will yield from ten to sixteen pounds per head. They also produce good carcasses of mutton; however, more emphasis has been placed upon the fleeces in the case of these two breeds than in the breeds mentioned above.

The greatest difference between the Rambouilletes and the Delaine Merino is in the greater size of the former.

The Cotswold, Lincoln and Lester are known as the long-wooled breeds, producing fleeces weighing from eight to twelve pounds, and producing good carcasses before the lambs reach the age of one year. These three breeds are comparatively large.

But breed is not everything in the selection of breeding rams and ewes. After one has made up his mind as to the breed he wants then he must know how to select the best individual of that breed.

There are some mighty poor specimens of the best breeds, and the trick is to know enough to let these alone.

THE EXPERIENCE OF MANY.

A man who has gone into the poultry business in the right way recently received a jolt that surprised him. He paid a good price for eggs guaranteed to be from hens that had scored 100 points, and when his first flock of birds were about a year old he had them scored by a local judge. He was delighted when several of his best pullets and cockerels scored 100 and the rest ran up above 95. He was sure he had champion prize-winners until he sent about a dozen of his best ones to poultry show. Then came the jolt.

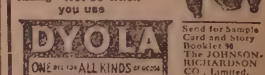
His birds were judged by men who knew their business and play no favorites, and the result showed none of his stock to be better than 93, while more than half of the flock ran down below 85. Of course, his birds are pretty good at that, but not good enough to bring fancy prices, while the eggs will bring little, if anything, above store prices.

This man's experience is too often repeated. The whole trouble lies in amateurs expecting too much

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LYLE MEDICINE COMPANY, 713 WEST QUEEN STREET

of their flock, unscrupulous fanciers misrepresenting their stock and local judges being incompetent or too anxious to please.

WEAKNESS IN YOUR PIGS.

When any weakness is discovered in the pigs it is time to change the boar. He should be disposed of at once and a new boar, not related to your sows, should be introduced. When the pigs are weaned they should be fed on something that will give them blood and muscle. Corn is extremely fattening and should be fed very lightly if at all, during the first two or three months of the pig's life.

Feed the youngsters bran, wheat middlings and a little dry blood meal occasionally. This ration, with plenty of exercise, clean water and a dry, well ventilated place to sleep, will produce sound animals that will take on fat readily when the time comes to pour corn into them.

A NASTY ONE.

"Now, sir," began the smart K. C., "you say you discharged the plaintiff from your service because he was somewhat addicted to liquor. Is that correct?"

"It is," answered the defendant.

"Good!" said the G. C. "You do not consider it advantageous to yourself that your employees should be devotees of Bacchus?"

"That is so."

"Now, kindly tell the gentlemen of the jury—do you drink yourself?"

"That is my business!" retorted the defendant angrily.

"Quite so!" assented the K. C. suavely. "And have you any other business?"

MADE HIM THINK.

He was her "very best young man," and she was doing all she could to encourage him.

"Did you know," he asked, "that I passed your house last evening?"

"Of course I did!" she answered promptly. "Did you think I wouldn't know your step?"

And the young man grew thoughtful and grave, for he had passed in a cab.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

SETTLERS' LOW RATES TO CANADIAN NORTHWEST VIA CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RY.

April 4, 11, 18 and 25 from points in Canada. Excellent train service via St. Paul or Duluth to Winnipeg. For full particulars address J. H. Bennett, General Agent, 46 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

"For Tea You Can't Beat Lipton's"

Give it a Thorough Test.
Try it Alongside the Best;
You Will Agree That the Best
is

LIPTON'S TEA

Sold Only in Airtight Packages

SALE OF DEADLY WEAPONS

Cannot Buy Pistol or Dagger Without Permit From Police.

A despatch from Toronto says: As a result of the Italian murder in Toronto on Good Friday evening and the increase in the number of the crimes among foreigners in the province generally, the Ontario Government has decided that the sale of offensive weapons in the Province is to be strictly regulated, and in some cases entirely prohibited. Commencing with last Saturday, every person who exposes for sale or sells any bowie-knife, dirk, dagger, stiletto, metal knuckles, skull-cracker or sling-shot, or who sells a revolver, pistol or air-gun to any person other than the holder of a certificate from the

Provincial or other police stating that he is entitled to purchase any of those things, is liable to a fine of from \$20 to \$200. The purchaser is equally liable under the act. Records must be kept of all sales made, with name of purchaser, and failure to comply involves a fine of from \$25 to \$200. A further penalty of \$50 is provided for failure to report sales every three months to the Provincial Police. Officers are given power to search people whom they have reason to believe are carrying concealed weapons, and regulations are included looking to the deportation of foreigners upon whom such weapons are found.

TERRIBLE RAILWAY WRECK

Train Plunged Through a Bridge and 32 Persons Lost Their Lives

A despatch from Grahamstown, Cape Colony, says: According to the latest estimates 32 persons were killed in the wreck of a passenger train on the Kowie Railroad when it plunged to destruction into a gorge 250 deep, through the collapse of the Blaaukrantz bridge on Saturday. In addition, many were injured, some of them fatally. It was the most appalling wreck in the history of South African railways. The rescue work involved heart-rending experiences, and extricat-

ing of the injured and dying from the debris was accompanied by terrible groans and cries. A large mass of wreckage lodged on a ledge 120 feet down, and it was many hours before all were removed from the difficult crags and hoisted in sacks to the lip of the gorge. One little girl had a miraculous escape. She was caught in a fork of the bridge and held by one foot over the ravine. The rescuers had to scale girders to the height of 200 feet to bring her down.

AT THE GREAT REVIEW.

King George Bars Old Vessels From Coronation Function.

A despatch from London says: It is King George's wish that only effective ships be paraded in the Coronation review at Spithead June 24, so there are being made no attempts to swell the numbers with ancient obsolescent hulks that are fit only for harbor service, as sometimes occur on these occasions. The probability is that merely the four divisions of the Home and Atlantic fleets, with the attached cruiser squadrons, the destroyer and submarine flotillas, with their attendant auxiliaries, will be assembled. That would total over 300 vessels. There would be 33 battleships, 36 armored cruisers, 7 protected cruisers, 14 unarmored cruisers, 31 auxiliaries, 116 destroyers, 38 torpedo boats, 47 submarines. The battleships are all less than ten years old, except seven of the Majestic class.

W. J. EAGAN APPOINTED.

Succeeds the Late P. B. McNamara at Manchester.

A despatch from Ottawa says: W. J. Egan, of Montreal, has been appointed Canadian Trade Commissioner in Manchester, to succeed the late P. B. MacNamara.

LABOR LEADERS ACCUSED

Los Angeles Times and Other Outrages Charged Against Them

A despatch from Indianapolis, Indiana, says: After months of investigation, directed by William J. Burns, the San Francisco graft investigator, now head of a detective agency, John J. McNamara, International Secretary of the Bridge and Structural Iron Workers of America, the headquarters of which are in Indianapolis, was arrested here late on Sunday charged with complicity in the dynamiting of the Los Angeles Times on October 1, 1910, and the plant of the Llewellyn Iron Works in Los Angeles. Four hours after McNamara was arrested

the detectives found two quarts of nitro-glycerine and seventeen sticks of dynamite in a barn three-quarters of a mile west of Indianapolis. The barn, the detectives say, was rented by McNamara from T. H. Jones, the owner. A later investigation of the offices of the union disclosed in a storeroom of the basement of the building sixty-four sticks of dynamite, 200 feet of fuse, 600 dynamite caps, one dozen small alarm clocks, and a leather case made to carry a ten-pound can of nitro-glycerine. Detective Burns took possession of all the explosives.

THE NEWS IN A PARAGRAPH

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE IN A NUTSHELL.

CANADA.

Canada, the Empire and the World in General Before Your Eyes.

Ten hotel licenses have been cut off at Hamilton.

The late Charles Champion left \$45,000 to Brantford institutions. Herbert Deverell, of Toronto, died of starvation while fasting to cure himself of a disease.

Ex-Chief Mattson was sentenced to one year in jail for the embezzlement of the Corporation funds of Annapolis.

A meeting at Welland supported the Grenville route for the Welland Canal and urged its immediate enlargement.

Hugh Delane of Belmont township was sentenced at Peterboro' on Thursday to life imprisonment for slaying his wife.

Lieut.-Governor Gibson opened the new wing of Starford's hospital on Thursday and was the guest at a public banquet.

Hon. Mackenzie King has appointed Rev. C. W. Gordon of Winnipeg Chairman of the Conciliation Board appointed to deal with the coal miners' strike in the west.

A Montreal woman reported to the police that her husband was hanging himself. The officials wrote him a letter asking for an explanation of his conduct, and when the bearer of the letter reached the house the man was dead.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Premier Asquith made a fighting speech on the veto bill.

During their visit to Great Britain the Dominion representatives will confer with the Committee of Imperial Defence.

GENERAL.

It is reported that a rising has taken place in Fez.

The situation in Mexico is very grave, according to despatches from the capital.

DISEASE AT OTTAWA.

Government Will Appoint Commission of Enquiry.

A despatch from Toronto says: The Ontario Government will appoint a commission to investigate the outbreak of typhoid fever and smallpox in Ottawa, according to Dr. J. W. S. McCullough, Chief Medical Health Officer of the Province. Dr. McCullough stated that he had received reports which showed that the sanitary condition was one which would hardly be tolerated by any hamlet in the provings, much less in the capital of the Dominion. Some of the effluent from the open sewers entered Nepean Bay, and must of necessity pollute its waters, he said. The personnel of the commission has not been announced, but it is probable that Mr. Justice Teetzel, of the Supreme Court, will be the chairman.

TO OUST THE MORMONS.

Undenominational Meeting Will be in London.

A despatch from London, England, says: In order to bring to a focus as rapidly as possible the growing agitation against Mormonism, a demonstration representing all religious denominations will be held in Holborn Hall, London, on April 28. The Right Rev. James Cowell Weldon, Dean of Manchester, and formerly Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan of India, will preside. Addresses will be made by prominent members of the clergy, and laity, and the Government will be urged to take measures to prevent the luring of British girls to Utah.

MAY SHOW ON SUNDAY.

Magistrate Decides Case in Favor of Moving Picture Theatre.

A despatch from Hull, Que., says: Hull moving picture theatres will be allowed to give Sunday performances in future. The long-delayed judgment in the case of the Provincial Government against the Hull moving picture theatres to compel them to close on the Sabbath was delivered in the Hull Police Court on Friday afternoon by Magistrate Goyette, who decided in favor of the theatres and dismissed the case.

KING'S OLD FLAGSHIP.

Melampus Now in the Hands of the Shipbreakers.

A despatch from London says: King George's old flagship, the Melampus, is in the hands of the shipbreakers. The King has ordered a garden chair made of the teakwood from the cabin suite, and garden furniture also will be made for Queen Alexandra.

PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, April 25.—Flour—Winter wheat 90 per cent. patents, 3-30 to \$3.35 at seaboard. Manitoba flours—First patents, \$5.40; second patents, \$4.90, and strong bakers', \$4.70, on track, Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, 97c cash, Bay ports; No. 2 at 95c, and No. 3 at 92½c. No. 1 at 96c, May delivery, Bay ports.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 red and white, 82 to 83c, outside.

Oats—Ontario grades, 34 to 34½c, outside, and 35½c, on track, Toronto. No. 2 W. O. J. oats, 37c, and No. 3, 36c, Bay ports.

Corn—No. 3 American, 56½ to 57c, Toronto freight.

Peas—No. 2 at 80 to 81c, outside.

Rye—None offering, with prices purely nominal.

Buckwheat—No. 1 at 49 to 50c, outside.

Bran—Manitobas, \$22.50 to \$23, in bags, Toronto, and shorts, \$24, in bags, Toronto. Ontario bran, \$22 to \$22.50, in bags, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Spys, \$5 to \$6; Baldwins, \$4 to \$4.50; No. 2 assorted, \$3.50 to \$4.50 per barrel.

Beans—Car lots, 1.75 to \$1.80, and small lots, \$1.90 to \$2.

Honey—Extracted, in tins, 10 to 11c per lb.; No. 1 comb, wholesale, \$2 to \$2.50 per dozen; No. 2 comb, wholesale, \$1.75 to \$2 per dozen.

Baled hay—No. 1 at \$11.50 to \$13, on track, and No. 2 at \$9 to \$10.50.

Baled straw—\$6.50 to \$7, on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Car lots, 90 to 95c per bag, and New Brunswick at \$1 to \$1.05.

Poultry—Wholesale prices of dressed poultry—Chickens, 15 to 16c per lb.; fowl, 11 to 13c per lb.; turkeys, 19 to 21c per lb. Live, 1 to 2c less.

LOCAL DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Dairy prints, 19 to 20c; inferior, 16 to 17c. Creamery, 28 to 28c per lb. for rolls, 24 to 24½c for solids, and 22½ to 23c for separator prints.

Eggs—Case lots, 17 to 18c per dozen.

Cheese—Large, 14c, and twins 12½c. New cheese, 12c.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Bacon—Long clear, 11 to 11½c per lb., in case lots; mess pork, \$20 to \$20.50; do., short cut, \$23.50 to \$24; pickled rolls, \$20.

Hams—Light to medium, 15c; do., heavy, 12 to 13c; rolls, 11½ to 12c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 17c; backs, 18 to 18½c.

Lard—Tierces, 11c; tubs, 11½c; pails, 11½c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, April 25.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 39 to 39½c, car lots ex store; extra No. 1 feed, 38½ to 39½c; No. 3 C. W., 38 to 38½c; No. 2 local white, 36 to 36½c; No. 3 local white, 35 to 35½c; No. 4 local white, 34 to 34½c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.30; do., seconds, \$4.80; Winter wheat patents, \$4.50; strong bakers', \$4.60; straight rollers, \$4 to \$4.25; do., in bags, \$1.75 to \$1.85. Rolled oats—Per barrel, \$4.15; bag of 90 lbs., \$1.95. Corn—American No. 3 yellow, 59 to 59½c; Millfeed—Bran, Ontario, 52c; No. 2; Manitoba, 52 to 53c; middlings, Ontario, 52c; shorts, Manitoba, 52 to 52½; mouille, 52 to 53c. Eggs—Fresh, 17 to 18c. Cheese—Western, 11½ to 12c. Butter—Choicest, 23 to 23½c; seconds, 22 to 23c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, April 25.—Close—Wheat—May, 94 7-8 to 95c; July, 96 1-8c; September, 89c; Cash, No. 1 hard, 88 3-8c; No. 1 Northern, 97 3-8 to 97 7-8c; No. 2 Northern, 94 to 95 7-8c; No. 3 wheat, 91 7-8 to 94 7-8c. Bran—\$21.50 to \$22. Flour—First patents, \$4.45 to \$4.75; second patents, \$4.35 to \$4.65; first clears, \$2.95 to \$3.40; second clears \$1.95 to \$2.60.

Buffalo, April 25.—Wheat—Spring, No. 1 Northern, carloads, store, 1.01½; Winter, nominal. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 65½c; No. 4 yellow, 54½c; No. 3 corn, 53½ to 54c; No. 4 corn, 52½ to 52¾c, all on track through billed. Oats—No. 2 white, 37c; No. 3 white, 36½c; No. 4 white, 35½c. Barley—Malt-ing, \$1.10 to \$1.12.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Montreal April 25.—A few extra choice steers sold at 6½c, extra at 6½c, good at 5½c to 6c, fairly good at 5½ to 5¾c, fair at 4½ to 5c, and common at 4½c per lb. The market for cows was weaker and prices show a decline of ¼ to 1c per lb., with sales at prices ranging 2½ to 5c per lb., as to quality. Bulls brought from 3½ to 5c per



WAS TOO MUCH "COLLAR"

German Saloon Keeper Jailed for Selling Froth Instead of Beer.

A despatch from Munich, Germany, says: Serving short measure in beer, and the deception of the public by filling the "steins" and "seidels" with froth so as to form what is popularly known as a "collar," has just been judged an offence punishable by imprisonment by the Criminal Court here. The tenant of a gigantic beer house, who was arraigned on a charge of defrauding the public in this way, was sentenced to six weeks in jail and a fine of \$750, and five of his waiters to terms of from one to three weeks in jail. Evidence

showed that it has become customary to serve glasses of beer in which the liquor did not reach the legally stamped mark indicating the proper measure, the drinking vessels being filled to the top with a large quantity of froth. In this way the profits of the house were greatly increased. The public, however, indignantly demurred, and to such an extent that a virtual beer strike was brought about, and many hitherto most popular drinking resorts have been practically deserted. The suit, instituted by several customers, lasted more than five months.

ATTEMPT TO BURN HOTEL.

Old Parry Sound Landmark Had a Narrow Escape.

A despatch from Parry Sound says: Another attempt to burn the old Seguin House property here on Wednesday morning failed through the prompt action of the fire brigade. This hotel is one of the old-time landmarks of Parry Sound, and in the early days was the only stopping house and sheltered nearly all the old-timers. Some time ago there were two fires in the house in one day, and the building was left in a partly-burned state. At 5 o'clock on Wednesday morning fire was again discovered in the unoccupied part of the house, but after a two-hour fight was extinguished.

Toronto, April 25.—There was a strong demand for good butchers', several extra well finished steers selling at \$6.25 to \$6.37½; another lot realized \$6. These were exceptions, as the average price for the best butchers' on offer was from \$5.30 to \$5.85. Cows sold freely at last week's levels, but bulls were much easier. Several choice milk cows at \$75 to \$85 each. Sheep, lambs and calves steady and unchanged. Hogs were quoted at \$6.15 to \$6.25 f.o.b., and \$6.50 fed and watered at the market.

COAL OIL STOVE EXPLODED.

Montreal Woman Killed and Husband Severely Injured.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mrs. Alfred Bergeron, aged 41, is dead, and the husband seriously burned, as the result of the explosion of a coal oil stove at the home, 671 Demontigny Street, early on Friday morning. The burning oil was thrown all over the woman, who rushed to the street, accompanied by her husband, whose clothing also caught fire. Mrs. Bergeron succumbed to her burns after several hours of agony, she having been burned almost to a crisp. The house caught fire and was destroyed.

POPULATION OF PARIS.

Is Now 2,866,986, Increased Only 125,000 in Five Years.

A despatch from Paris, France, says: The population of Paris, according to the census completed March 5 last, is 2,866,986, which shows an increase of 124,255 compared with the census of 1906.

ENVOY OF KING AT JUBILEE

Prince Arthur of Connaught Received Enthusiastic Reception at Rome

A despatch from Rome, Italy,

says: Prince Arthur of Connaught arrived here on Thursday, the representative of King George and the British people at the Italian Jubilee. He received an enthusiastic welcome. King Victor Emmanuel and Queen Helena met the guest at the railway station, where a great crowd had gathered. When the

Prince appeared he was cheered heartily, and thousands followed the carriages in which he and the Italian sovereigns and their attendants were driven to the Quirinal. At the palace the popular demonstration was so persistent that the Prince, yielding to insistent demands, later appeared upon the balcony and acknowledged the greetings.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

E. F. PARKER,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Stirling, Ont.

J. S. MORTON,

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
OPTICIAN, GRADUATE CANADIAN
Ophthalmic College. Member Canadian
Association of Opticians.
Eye examined and imperfect sight cor-
rected with glasses.

CHAS. F. WALT, D.D.S., L.D.S.,

FIRST CLASS HONOR GRADUATE IN
Dentistry of the University of Toronto.
Graduate of the Royal College of Dental Sur-
geons, Ontario.
Office—One door north of new Bank of
Montreal.
Open every day. Evenings by appointment
only.

G. G. TERKASHER,

SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEY-
ANCER, etc. Office in W. S. Hardin's
Block, Mill Street.

PERSONALS.

Miss Pearl Demill, Toronto, spent Easter
at her grandfather's, Mr. Jas. Courts.

Clifford Mayhew of Campbellford, spent
the holidays at the guest of Earl Caverley.

Miss C. Scott, B. A., of the High School
staff, spent part of the holidays in Mont-
real.

Mrs. Annie Demill, of Lakefield, is
spending a couple of weeks visiting her
father and other relatives.

Miss Hay, of our Public School staff, at-
tended the meeting of the Ontario Educa-
tional Association in Toronto last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter McKee and Miss
Kathleen spent the Easter holidays visit-
ing friends and relatives in Toronto and
vicinity.

Mr. E. B. Palmer, of the Dept. of Agri-
culture, returned to his home at Norwich
on Wednesday, having received news of
the very serious illness of his mother and
brother.

Census Enumerators for West Hastings

Following is a list of enumerators for
the Dominion Census of 1911 in the
Electoral District of West Hastings:

Mr. W. H. Hubbard, of Marmora, is
the Census Commissioner.

Belleville—Wm. C. Chisholm, Au-
brey Lott, Chas. Whalen, Daniel Gal-
agher, John H. Carr, Louis C. Yeo-
mans.

Bangor and Wicklow—John Perry,
Maynooth Station.

Bancroft—Wm. Detlor, Bancroft.

Faraday—Duncan McLellan, Ban-
croft.

Herschell and McClure—McGillvary
Harvey, Bancroft.

Huntingdon—Poll Sub-div. No. 1, J. B.
Morton, Huntingdon, No. 2, Howard
Debley, West Huntingdon, No. 3,
Chas. Mitts, Ivanhoe, No. 4, J. F.
Herity, Moira.

Marmora Village—H. W. Sabine,
Marmora.

Marmora and Lake—No. 1, T. E.
Oliver, Marmora, No. 2, Hugh Ma-
honey, Shaw, Nos. 3 and 5, Daniel
Neill, Marmora, No. 4, Ralph Lay-
cock, Deloro.

Rawdon—No. 1, Wilson Harlow,
Stirling, No. 2, Geo. A. Johnson, Stir-
ling, No. 3, M. W. Sine, V. S. Sine,
No. 4, W. T. Sine, Sine, No. 5, Philip
McConnell, Spring Brook, No. 6, D.
Kalin, Spring Brook.

Sidney—No. 1, W. J. Gallagher,
Frankford, No. 2, S. P. Morden, Chat-
terton, No. 3, S. M. Nicholson, Wall-
bridge, No. 4, Randall Moran, Belle-
ville, No. 5, John V. White, Sidney
Crossing, No. 6, John W. Sager, Stir-
ling.

Stirling Village—J. W. Haight,
Stirling.

Trenton—George F. Auger, Geo. A.
Ireland, J. D. Vanalstine, Trenton.

Wollaston—Reginald Johnston, Coe
Hill.

Warning to Parents and Others

NOTICE—All boys of fifteen years
and under, are hereby strictly forbid-
den upon or crossing through the
fields or woods on lot number 22, con-
cession 9, township of Sidney, unless
accompanied by parent or guardian,
otherwise they will be prosecuted ac-
cording to law.

The reason for this notice is that on
April 20th our hired man, Mr. Frank
Howten, while cultivating, saw two
young lads cross the field from the di-
rection of Mr. Shea's. A few minutes
after their disappearance he saw a
cloud of smoke near the fence, from
which wood had been taken and with
brush piled upon it set alight. He
went to the place and thought it had
stamped the fire out. He had scarcely
returned half-way across the field,
when on looking round, saw a large
brush pile in flames. He turned the
horses round and drove close up to
the fence to prevent it burning. He
just laid off two rails when the horses
looked back at the flames. He, being
close by, caught one of the three horses
by the halter, but was unable to restrain
them. They carried him almost twenty
yards and then broke loose, throwing
him to the ground and injuring him.
They ran on a considerable distance
and broke the harness and cut the
saddle. As a result one horse was so
badly injured that it may not be able
to do any work this Spring. The
horses were caught in a swamp in
which was considerable water, being
captured with much difficulty by Mr.
Howten assisted by Mr. Michael Shea.
The fire not only injured the property
of the undersigned but spread over
the property of Mr. Shea, burning
several piles of fence rails. It is quite
evident that the fire had been started
by these boys, because a fire had been
made with a little pile hanging above
it, supposed to have contained sap
which the boys were boiling. The fire
burnt over about two acres. Had it
not been for the timely assistance of
Mr. Carleton Wright, the destruction
would have been very serious indeed.
Mr. Howten is confident that he can
identify the boys who have worked
this farm, and it would be a wise idea
if their parents would appear to settle
the damages.

J. T. and J. B. BELSHAW.

At the Belleville Cheese Board last
week cheese sold at 11 7/10c.

ADVERTISING NOTICES

In the local column will be charged as follows:
To Regular Advertisers.—Three insertions—
per line, 25 cents each insertion; over three lines,
75c. per line. Matter set in larger than the stan-
dard type, 10c. per line.
To Transient Advertisers.—10c. per line each
insertion. No insertion less than 25c.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

Trains calling at Stirling station as follows—
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
Mail & Ex., 6:30 a.m. Passenger, 10:27 a.m.
Passenger, 4:40 p.m. Mail & Ex., 5:41 p.m.

The Stirling News-Argus.

THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1911.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Mr. Fred N. McKee has removed to
rooms over the harness shop. Mrs. J.
S. Black will occupy the dwelling
vacated by Mr. McKee.

The Quarterly meeting of Rawdon
Circuit will be held in the Wellman's
Methodist Church on Sunday morning
next, April 30th, at 10 o'clock.

Rev. Dr. Bishop, of Bridge Street
Church, Belleville, will preach in the
Methodist church, Stirling, on Sun-
day next, morning and evening.

Work has been commenced in dig-
ging the foundation for the new addi-
tion to the High School building. Mr.
Houston, the contractor, wants more
concrete. See advertisement in another
column.

The Wellman's Epworth League, at
the annual meeting reported a very
successful year in each department of
its work. At the election of officers,
Mr. Wm. Pollock was chosen the
President for the coming year.

It is pleasing to note the fact that
those in authority in our Province ap-
preciate the ability of Miss Scott, of
Stirling High School. She has been
appointed an examiner in Toronto of
the Departmental Exam. papers.

April is said to be the month of sun-
shine and showers. There has been a
lot of sunshine, but showers have not
been plentiful. Warm days and cold,
frosty nights have resulted in much
damage to the fall wheat and clover
crops, and vegetation is about two
weeks later than usual.

Mrs. Hadley, mother of Mr. H. Had-
ley of this town was the victim of a
very serious accident this morning.
While working out of doors her cloth-
ing caught fire and burned rapidly.
With great presence of mind Mrs.
Hadley threw herself upon the ground
and endeavored to extinguish the
flames, but was unsuccessful. She is
very badly burned and recovery is
doubtful.

A special meeting of the Board of
Education of the Village of Stirling
was held at the office of the Secretary
on the 25th day of April 1911 at 7:30
p.m. The meeting was convened to
investigate the matter of Miss Edna
Lowry's illness who was attending
the High School. After explanations it
was moved that the Medical
Health Officer's opinion be accepted,
and that Miss Lowry be allowed to
return to school at the regulation time
provided by law in cases of such ill-
ness as her's.

The Epworth League of the Method-
ist Church held its annual election of
officers on Monday evening last. The
election was as follows:

Hon. Pres.—Rev. L. S. Wright.
Pres.—H. Hulin.
1st Vice-Pres.—E. Currie.
2nd " —A. Clarke.
3rd " —R. Whylock.
Ass't 3rd Vice-Pres.—V. Utman.
4th Vice-Pres.—N. Payne.
Sec.—D. Caldwell.
Cor. Sec.—J. Daniels.
Treas.—I. Spry.
Organist—M. Hawkins.
Ass't Organist—E. Girdwood.

A meeting of the Methodist church
Sunday School board of management
was held in the basement of the church
last night at 8:30 p.m. As few of the
officers were present much of the busi-
ness to be transacted was deferred.
The minutes of the last meeting were
read and adopted. After the election
of officers several propositions were
introduced, namely: to offer prizes to
students of the catechism; to provide
tables for several classes and to pro-
vide scriptural maps for the entire
school. These and other matters relat-
ing to the missionary question and
a teachers' training class were left
over until the adjourned meeting next
Wednesday evening at half-past eight.
A full attendance of the officers and
teachers is absolutely necessary for
the business of the school to be trans-
acted efficiently.

Stirling Cheese Board

At the meeting of the Cheese Board
on Tuesday afternoon last there was
not a large attendance and the election
of officers was postponed until next
meeting.

There were 475 boxes of cheese of-
fered, and the sales were 225 at 11 9/10c,
and 140 at 11 1/2c, all to Mr. Kerr.
On motion of Mr. Bird, seconded by
Mr. Jeff, it was decided to meet in
Mr. McIntosh's room for the future.
The Board will meet on Tuesday
next at the usual hour.

Oddfellow's Anniversary

On Sunday last, as announced, Stir-
ling Lodge No. 239, I.O.O.F. attended
divine service in the Methodist
Church, it being the 92nd anniversary
of the founding of the Order. Besides
the members of Stirling Lodge a num-
ber of visiting brethren from Frank-
ford, Campbellford, Madoc, Marmora
and Springbrook, were present. It
was said to be the largest turnout of
Oddfellows that has been seen at any
anniversary service for many years,
about one hundred and thirty being in
the procession. They filled the entire
centre of the church which was caped
with friends and visitors. Rev.
B. F. Byers and Rev. J. A. Hils as-
sisted in the service. Rev. L. S.
Wright, B. A., D. D., preached the
sermon, the text being taken from
Ecclesiastics 1: 12, "A threefold cord
is not quickly broken." Rev. Mr.
Wright showed how that Oddfellow-
ship was a threefold cord, the three
links which were emblematic of the
order, representing "Friendship Love
and Truth." He showed that these
three things included all that was
good and noblest in man as regards
his fellow man; and there was no-
thing contrary to our duty to God.
The choir rendered excellent music
during the service.

River Valley Women's Institute

The last regular meeting of the River
Valley branch of the Women's Insti-
tute was held at the home of Mrs. H.
McFaul. The attendance was good
considering the muddy roads. A
paper was given on "Work yet to be
done by the Women's Institute," one
on "How to take care of Woollens
and Furs," and a reading, "The Hurt
Family." Two new members joined
making thirty members with which to
end the year 1910-11. A very nice
lunch was served by the hostess and
enjoyed by all.

The next meeting will be the annual
and regular meetings combined. It
is to be held at the home of Mrs. Wm.
Robinson the first Thursday afternoon
in May. Everybody welcome.

Possibly one of the largest straw-
berry patches that have been grown
in these parts is that belonging to
Mr. J. Frappy of River Valley. Hav-
ing land that is almost ideal for small
fruit culture, Mr. Frappy has aimed
at the very highest state of cultiva-
tion possible. For this reason he has
used largely of natural and commer-
cial fertilizers, last year having ap-
plied over a ton of muriate of potash,
acid phosphate, and nitrate of soda.
That success has attended these efforts
is a fact quite well-known by all.
Last year, from two-thirds of an acre,
one picking alone aggregated 2,000
boxes. Two of the pickers had 215
and 213 boxes respectively to their
credit as one day's picking with short
hours. From present prospects,
which are the most promising, it
would seem that he would require a
small army of pickers when the straw-
berry season arrives.

The Salvation Army

To the Citizens of Stirling

Dear Editor,—Allow me, through
your valuable paper, to thank all who
in any way helped and assisted me in
raising the sum of nearly \$12 for our
Self Denial Fund. The question is
often asked, What is done with all the
money the army collects from time to
time? Last year \$18,057.84 was spent
in missions; grants to officers in Po-
lice Corps \$9,000. Campbellford officers
were assisted through this fund,
\$5,000 was spent in helping our French
work; \$1,597.27 in our Rescue work;
\$2,000 for our Prison work and \$2,000
for our work among the Indians. In
Campbellford Corps we are trying
very hard this year to raise \$125, and
any kind friend who would like to
help this grand and glorious work,
Capt. Blaney would be pleased to hear
from them. His address is Box 294,
Campbellford.

Sincerely yours,
CAPT. BLANEY.

It Pays to Advertise

Municipalities as well as business
concerns are awakening to the impor-
tance of advertising, and they are find-
ing, as commercial firms found before
them, that the newspaper is the best
publicity medium. Trenton, which
has been advertising of late in The
Star and other newspapers, is already
reaping the benefits of its campaign.
Its fifteen dollar power has proved at-
tractive to a number of industries, and
negotiations with these are in pro-
gress. The Canadian Iron Mines
Company will probably establish a
huge concentrator at Trenton, the
Canadian Pearl Button Company is
talking of locating there, Marsh and
Henthorn, Limited, are likely to move
from Belleville, and a trunk manu-
factory may also be added to the
town's industries. These concerns
which locate at Trenton will materi-
ally add to the prosperity of the place.
But Trenton will reap as a result of
its advertising campaign, a less direct,
but not less certain result of publicity.
People who never thought of Trenton
in any other than a general sense will
now remember it as a town with en-
terprise. In many minds a favorable
impression has been sown which
at some later date bear fruit.—Toron-
to Star.

County Bridges

At the session of the County Coun-
cil held two weeks ago the chairman
of bridges presented an estimate of
the proposed expenditure on the fol-
lowing bridges during 1911.

Frankford.....	\$30,000
Boundary bridge.....	13,000
Fairfield's and Ross.....	12,000
Moira Lake.....	11,000
Kellar's.....	5,100
Empey's.....	3,750
William's.....	2,500
Fair's bridge.....	12,000
Thomas's bridge.....	1,300
Marmora Station bridge.....	750
Trout Creek No. 1.....	450
Trout Creek No. 2.....	385
Trout Creek No. 3.....	500
Squire's Creek.....	650
Engineer's fees.....	4,000
Cement mixer.....	1,710
Total.....	\$108,400

The situation at Frankford bridge
was reported. The concrete substruc-
ture is nearly finished and the steel
superstructure is on the ground.

Two of the steel spans of Fairfield
bridge have been erected.

Moira Bridge has been used for traf-
fic since March 22nd when a tempo-
rary floor was put in position. Some
uneasiness was felt as to the durabil-
ity of cement piers, but as no pay-
ments have been made to the con-
tractor the county is protected.

The contracts for Kellar's and Em-
pey's bridges have been awarded to
Dixon Bros., and of Fair's bridge and
William's bridge to the Ontario
Bridge Co. Mussons Co. will supply a
mixer at \$1,710.

The report was adopted.

A motion was also passed to pur-
chase a road roller.

A by-law was passed to issue deben-
tures for \$100,000 for the building of
bridges; also a by-law appointing A.
M. Chapman High County Constable
at a salary of \$100 and fees, and a by-
law to allow the Seymour Power Co.
the privilege of erecting poles along
the highways.

The Council adjourned to June 20th.

A Brain Twister

When I began teaching school I
found some questions in Arithmetic
that were very difficult to me then,
they were also very interesting.

Among them was the following
which may interest some of your read-
ers. I will give my solution of it
another week.

The Oxen and The Grass

If 8 acres of pasture, with the
growth of grass upon it will keep 10
oxen for 24 days; and 12 acres of simi-
lar pasture with the growth of the
grass on it will keep 13 oxen for 27
days, how many oxen will 20 acres of
the same kind of pasture, with the
growth of grass upon it, keep for 30
days?

W. H. MINCHIN.

Diarrhoea should be cured without loss
of time and by a medicine, which, like
Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Rem-
edy, not only cures promptly but pro-
duces no unpleasant after effects. It never fails
and is pleasant and safe to take. Sold by
all dealers.

Auction Sales

FRIDAY, APRIL 28th.—On lot 33, con. 7,
Sidney, a herd of high grade Holstein
cows, the property of Mr. James Fitz-
patrick. Sale at two o'clock, p. m. Wm.
Rodgers, auctioneer.

Births

HAGGERTY—At West Huntingdon, on Sun-
day, April 23rd, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. Jas.
Haggerty, Jr., a daughter.

MCINTOSH—In Stirling, on Feb. 26th, to
Mr. and Mrs. A. D. McIntosh, a son.

REID—In Rawdon, on Wednesday, April
26th, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. John G. Reid, a son.

Deaths

JOHNSON—In Rawdon, on April 27th, Dan-
iel Johnson, aged 81 years and 11 days.

Men Wanted

Laborers wanted for work on Stirling
High School. Apply on premises to
R. E. HOUSTON

For Sale

The brick house and two lots on Front
street formerly the property of the late
Mrs. Benj. Bush. For terms and further
particulars apply to
S. WRIGHT,
Executor.

For Sale

A solid brick house and one acre of land,
on Henry street, in the Village of Stirling.
Good well at the door, electric lighting,
small barn. For further particulars apply
to owner.
WM. GOULD

Strawberry Plants

After years of selection I have settled
on Senator Dunlap, Improved Wilson,
Bismark and Williams as the very best
for quality and quantity in this district.
Many of those advertised by nurserymen
at high prices are worthless or nearly so.
Who is to be mainly blamed for this? The
price is 10c per 100. Also Cuthbert raspberry
at \$1 per 100.
J. FRAPPY.

HOUSE AND LOTS FOR SALE

The subscriber offers for sale that most
desirable frame residence on Wright St.,
in the Village of Stirling. A few min-
utes walk from the centre of the village.
The house is in good repair, and fitted with
modern conveniences, well equipped for
heating. There is a good lawn in front
and a number of fruit trees on the lot.
There is also in connection a good black-
smith shop on Front Street. As the owner
is going away the premises will be sold
on reasonable terms.
Also offer for sale two lots on John
street, a small barn on lot 10 apply to
MRS. JOHN A. JOYCE.

New Spring Goods

LADIES' COLLARS

The plain, close-fitting linen Collar is worn extensively
this year. We have them at.....only 15c. each

Ladies' close-fitting embroidered Collars cannot be beaten
for style. Prices are only 20c. and 25c. each.

LADIES' KID GLOVES

Our Spring shipment just arrived. Colors are Black,
Gray, Navy, etc. Prices range from \$1.00 to \$1.75 per pair.
No better glove made. Every pair guaranteed.

DUTCH COLLARS, BOWS, JABOTS, ETC.

Our stock of these lines is simply unsurpassed. It con-
tains almost everything to be desired. Drop in and look at
them. Prices are moderate.

FRILLINGS

Have you seen our new Frillings? Our stock is more
complete than ever before. We have tourist frilling, 10c. per
box. See our special coral and beaded frillings at only.....
.....25c. each.

We are paying 17 cts. per doz., in trade, for Eggs.

G. W. ANDERSON

Goods delivered promptly. Phone 29. Trade or cash for produce.

SHOE NEWS



You will find us ready at any time to
do you a lot of good for your Shoe money.
This is the place where the money you
spend represents more good results to
you than any other.

We are demonstrating values here in
McPherson Shoes for Men, prices from.....\$3.00 to \$5.50

Empress Shoes for Women, prices.....\$2.50 to \$4.50

Weston and Mother Hubbard Shoes for
Children, prices.....75c. to \$1.50

These Shoes are exceptionally good
values and lead in style, fit, finish and
material.

For Ladies with tender feet we have
Cushion Sole Shoes, extra width, very
comfortable.

See our Mieses' Patent Button Shoes, black velvet tops.
Our Boots for every day wear for Men and Boys are wear resisting. Prices.
Boys'.....\$1.25 to \$2.00. Men's.....\$1.25 to \$3.00

HOSIERY

We have a complete stock of Summer Hosiery for Women and Children.
SPECIAL—Ladies' Black Cotton Hose.....2 pairs for 25c.
Buy your Shoes and Hosiery from us and save money.
Shoe Polish, 5, 10, and 15c.

J. W. BROWN

Reliable Boot and Shoe Merchant.
Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

Prepare for Housecleaning

This list contains a lot of useful articles at a very reasonable price:
BRASSO—The best brass polish made.....25c. per bottle
VERIBRITE VENEER—Makes Furniture, Planos, Picture Frames, Hard-
wood Floors and all Woodwork look new.....25c. bottle
HOUSE BROOMS—We have a fresh lot of new Corn Brooms, from.....35c. to 50c.
MOP STICKS—A large assortment of different styles at.....15c.
SCRUB BRUSHES—All fine goods.....10, 15, 20 and 25c.
CARPET BEATERS—Double extra strong wire at.....15c.

GALVANIZED IRON WASH TUBS—No hoops to loosen, will not be-
come foul and musty, light to handle. Prices from.....75c. to \$1.25

WASH BOARDS—We offer extra good qualities in Zinc and Glass at.....25c., 35c.

MARTIN-SENOUR—100% Pure Paint. We carry a full assortment of
colors in 1/2 pt., pt., qt., 1/2 gal. and gal. cans.

THE REGINA PNEUMATIC CLEANER—This is certainly "The
Housekeeper's Best Friend," cleans Carpets, Rugs and Furniture.
Machines for sale or rent.

McGEE & LAGROW

CANADIAN

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

TESTED RECIPES.

Lemon Butter.—Grate the rind and squeeze the juice of two lemons, one-quarter pound sugar, one-quarter pound butter, five eggs, beaten; cook in double boiler till thickens. This quantity makes two glasses delicious filling for cakes.

Date Pudding.—One cup white sugar, two eggs, beaten, one cup dates, seeds taken out, one cup English walnuts cut in half, two tablespoons flour, one teaspoon baking powder, one teaspoon vanilla; steam one hour; serve cold with whipped cream.

Cheese Relish.—One half-pound cheese, one small green pepper, one small onion, one-quarter teaspoon salt; put all through food chopper; then make smooth with cream; makes fine sandwich.

Rhubarb Jelly.—This vegetable is not made into jelly as often as should be done. Rubarb makes a delicate pink fine flavored jelly. Cut one large bunch into fine pieces without peeling, add a large chopped apple, peel and seeds included. Cover with hot water and cook until done. Mash fine and strain through jelly bag. To every cup of juice add one cupful of hot granulated sugar. Boil juice until it begins to jell or about twenty-five minutes. Turn into scalded jelly glasses and seal with paraffin.

Roast Beef.—The roast beef of old England is presumably the finest in the world and has been celebrated in both song and story, but we seldom hear of the many other excellent ways in which English cooks prepare this meat. One of their most pleasing dishes is beef-steak stewed without the additions of water or any other fluid. To prepare this have three or four pounds of rump steak cut about an inch thick. Put one tablespoonful of butter in the frying pan and let it melt without browning. Wash the steak quickly in cold water and put it in the frying pan, cover closely and let it slowly become hot. As soon as it is thoroughly heated add one teaspoonful of salt and a saltspoonful of white pepper, then keep it just simmering (never allowing it to boil) until perfectly tender. It should be closely covered all the time. It will require about an hour and a half to cook it just right. When done place the steak on a heated platter and add half a teaspoonful of walnut or tomato catsup to the gravy in the pan; let this get hot and pour over the steak. Sometimes a slice of onion or carrot is added to impart a delicate flavor to the steak, but it is quiet delicious without.

SANDWICHES.

Peanut.—One-half pound shelled peanuts, mayonnaise, butter, white bread. Chop fine by running through meat chopper one-half pound of shelled peanuts. Add to this one-half parts each of butter and mayonnaise dressing. Mix thoroughly and spread between thin slices of buttered bread.

Bacon.—Six slices breakfast bacon, three stalks celery, six stalks lettuce, mayonnaise dressing. Run bacon through meat chopper, then place in frying pan and fry brown. When cool add celery and lettuce stalks finely chopped; mix with mayonnaise and spread between thin slices of buttered bread on which has been placed a fresh, crisp lettuce leaf.

Raisin Brown Bread.—Two loaves Boston brown bread, one-half pound seeded raisins, one-quarter pound pecan meats, mayonnaise dressing. Chop alternately in meat chopper a handful of raisins and one of the nuts until all have been run through the meat cutter; mix with mayonnaise and spread between thin well buttered slices of Boston brown bread.

Salmon.—One-half pound can salmon, six sweet pickles, one pimento, three stalks of celery. Spread salmon and mix with pickles, celery, pimento, and mayonnaise dressing. Spread between thin slices of white bread well buttered.

Baked Ham.—One pound boiled ham, one pimento, one-half cupful pecan meats, two hard boiled eggs. Run all through meat chopper and mix with mayonnaise. Cut thin slices of bread, butter and spread with mixture.

Cheese.—Mix finely grated cream cheese with one pimento and one-half cupful pecan meats. Add mayonnaise dressing and spread between well buttered slices of rye bread.

Olives.—Use thin slices of white bread, buttered, cut in heart shape. Between each two slices place a layer of Neufchatel cheese mixed to a paste with equal quantities of cream and salad dressing and cover with chopped olives.

FRUIT RECIPES.

Cherridale Dessert.—Put one pint of cherry juice (either from fresh or canned), one teaspoonful of hot water, the juice of one-half lemon, and one cupful of sugar over

the fire in a saucepan. When boiling add two level tablespoonfuls of gelatin which has been dissolved in one-half teacupful of hot water. When slightly thickened, wet a mold and put the gelatin mixture in alternate layers with one heaping teacupful of stoned dates. Set on ice to chill. Turn out in a flat dish at serving time and add a border of whipped cream. The combination of the flavors of cherries and dates is new, novel, and exceedingly delicious.

Pineapple Dreams.—Small can of sliced pineapple, 5 cents' worth marshmallows, 5 cents' worth English walnuts. Chip walnuts, split marshmallows, cut pineapple in small pieces. Alternate layers of pineapple and marshmallows, and sprinkle walnuts between. Put in the ice box one to five hours. Dish and cover with whipped cream.

Strawberry Sherbet.—Two boxes strawberries, mashed; add two pounds of white sugar and juice of one lemon; let stand one hour and strain. Measure juice and add as much water as you have juice. Pour in freezer and as it begins to freeze add whites of two beaten eggs.

Strawberry Pie.—Make nice, rich pie crust, put over the bottom of pie pan turned upside down on table; put three or four fork holes in the crust to keep from raising up from the pan. Bake by itself. When baked light brown take the crust, turn on to a plate, then the crust is ready to fill. Have ready one quart fresh picked strawberries, sweetened to taste, fill the crust with the strawberries, cover the top of the berries with the whites of two well beaten eggs, sweetened with sugar. Put in the oven just long enough to light brown the whites of the eggs.

LAUNDRY HELPS.

Tack a piece of oilcloth over the bottom of your clothes basket to keep snow and dirt from clogging the wicker work and soiling the clothes.

Never wring linen from a clothes wringer. It makes wrinkles that are hard to iron out. Starched clothes are easier to iron if sprinkled with hot water half an hour before ironing.

Starch for a black lawn or orange dress, that will make it look like new and will not show on the surface of the dress goods, can be made in this way: Take black dye, dissolve as you would for coloring, and keep it bottled. Make the starch quite thin, strain the dye and mix a little of it with the starch. Proceed as usual and the dress will look like a new one when laundered.

Do not pad the ironing board with wool blankets, which hold moisture and make your clothes hard to iron dry. Cover the top with a thick layer of cotton batting—one pound will be sufficient—then cover with one thickness of cotton flannel, drawing the cloth tightly and sewing or tacking on the under side. Cover this in the same way with one thickness of smooth muslin, and you will find an excellent surface for ironing.

For a handy and convenient clothes stick to lift boiling clothes from the boiler to the tub, have one made as follows: It is two and a half feet long, round, and one and one-quarter inches in diameter through most of its length, but the end used to lift the clothes is widened to three and one-quarter inches, and made thinner so that it is like a paddle. A "V" shaped cut is made in the end of the blade leaving two prongs which are also "V" shaped, with blunt points about one and one-half inches thick. A thrust and a slight twist into the boiler will draw something out easily and quickly.

THE SEWING ROOM.

When your corset steel breaks make a slit near the bottom of the broken steel, on the inside, insert a steel taken from the side of an old corset. This strengthens the broken steel and does the same service as a new one.

Upholsterer's Linen.—Upholstering linen makes desirable suits for children. It comes mostly in the tan shades, either tan or striped, and is not expensive. The more it is laundered the better it looks.

Plait Help.—After the skirt is completed turn it wrong side out and sew a tiny seam down the back of each plait within an inch of the bottom of the skirt. The plaits will always hang straight and require one-half the pressing. This is a great help in wash dresses as it makes the ironing of the plaits very easy, as they will be perfectly straight and easily put in.

Skirt Help.—When making a child's new dress or even your own wash dresses, make the skirt longer than required, to allow for lengthening. Make a deep hem, take up what you allow for lengthening by small tucks, or one or two large ones, on under side of hem. When skirt is too short let a tuck or two out. Your skirt is longer with small labor and you won't be

able to see there had been a tuck, which is the case when tucks are placed above the hem and let out. Buttons in Lace.—The owner of a white waist with a lace yoke is sometimes at a loss to know how to fasten the yoke, as it is hard for a person to pin her own yoke in the back. Fasten small squares of lawn underneath each place where you wish to make a buttonhole, then cut the buttonholes and work them. Cut away the surplus lawn around the buttonholes, leaving them firm and strong. Also put tiny squares of the lawn under the yoke as you sew the buttons on.

"MIND YOUR P'S AND Q'S."

One Theory Is That the Saying Originated in Printing Office.

Several explanations have been given of the origin of the phrase, "Mind your P's and Q's." One is that it is derived from an old custom of hanging a slate up in an alehouse on which was written P or Q—that is, pint or quart—against the name of each customer according to the quantity which he had drunk; to be paid when the wages were given on Saturday night.

Another explanation given in the Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette is that the sentence originally was "Mind your toupees and queues." The toupee was an artificial lock of hair and the queue was the pig-tail of olden time.

A riddle used to be in vogue as follows: "Who is the best person to keep the alphabet in order? Answer: A barber, because he ties up the queues and puts toupees in irons."

Charles Knight gives the most plausible explanation, as follows:

"I have always thought that the phrase 'Mind your P's and Q's' was derived from the schoolroom or the printing office. The forms of the small p's and q's in the Roman type have already been puzzling to the child and the printer's apprentice. In the one the downward stroke is on the left of the oval; in the other, on the right.

"Now, when the types are reversed, as they are in process of distribution they are returned by the compositor to his case, the mind of the young printer is puzzled to distinguish the p from the q. In sorting pi or a mixed heap of letters, where the p and the q are not in connection with any other letter forming a word, I think it would be almost impossible for an inexperienced person to distinguish which is which upon the instant."

DEARER EVERYWHERE.

Cost of Living in Berlin, Germany, Now and Ten Years Ago.

Dr. Friedel publishes in the Berlin Tageblatt, as the result of exhaustive enquiries in shops, stores, etc., an interesting comparison between the expenses of a Berlin household of to-day with its expenses ten years ago. He carefully allows for the increased demand for luxuries and the improvement in the quality of the articles sold, but, after making all allowances, arrives at the conclusion that there is an average increase all round of 25 per cent. in the cost of living.

If the ladies of Berlin were willing to dress in the simpler manner, and in the perhaps poorer materials of ten years ago, say the ladies' outfitters, they would still have to pay from thirty to forty per cent. more than they did then.

Furniture costs 25 per cent. more than it did ten years ago and in the last year has risen nearly ten per cent. The price of the coal briquets, with which the German porcelain stoves are heated, has risen from 22 cents per 100 to 31 cents. Meat, as the housewife buys it is on an average, 25 per cent. dearer. The price of bread is about the same, but even burlais have become more expensive. A funeral which cost \$125 ten years ago now costs \$175.

SENTENCE SERMONS.

We may with advantage at times forget what we know.

You should hammer your iron when it is glowing hot.

What is left when honor is lost?

A fair exterior is a silent recommendation.

When Fortune flatters she does it to betray.

Powerful, indeed, is the empire of habit.

Amid a multitude of projects no plan is devised.

When two do the same thing it is not the same thing after all.

FACT AND FANCY.

One good thing about the liquor dealer is that he is never out of spirits.

The banana is 95 per cent. nourishment.

It is especially in love-making that the new woman finds there is something of the man about her.

He who is bent on doing evil can never wait occasion.

The fear of death is more to be dreaded than death itself.

Fault-finding, like charity, often

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
APRIL 30.

Lesson V.—God's pity for the heathen, Jonah 3. 1 to 4. 1. Golden Text, Matt. 23. 19.

Verse 2. Nineveh—A city with a great population and one of wonders of the ancient world. It was situated on the upper Tigris, capital of Assyria, noted for its temples, palaces of marble and gold, hanging gardens, libraries, broad walls, and elaborate water system. The city proper was about nine miles in circumference, but beyond its walls lay miles of common dwellings, making a great city some sixty miles around. It was to this greater Nineveh (an exceeding great city meaning, literally, "great from God's point of view") a city whose diameter was a three days' journey (3), that Jonah was called a second time (1) to go.

4. Into the city a day's journey—The distance a man could go in a day, of course, varied. Probably through the crowded sections of a populous city, preaching as he went, Jonah would go no more than six or seven miles.

Nineveh shall be overthrown—This was the message which Jehovah had hidden him to proclaim the first time, and Jonah had refused, not so much because of fear as because of his presentiment that God wished him to be something more than the agent of Nineveh's destruction, to be, in fact, nothing less than the channel of the divine grace (Jonah 4. 2) to these heathen, whose wickedness (see Nahum) he believed called for a speedy doom. The actual overthrow of Nineveh took place in B. C. 606.

5. Believed God.—That is, they accepted the preaching of the prophet of God as direct from heaven, and believed their city was doomed. So they organized a public fast, reaching from the king to the lowliest subject. Their putting on sackcloth was the outward sign of mourning and penitence. The custom probably grew out of the ancient habit of wearing merely a loin cloth, woven from goats' and camels' hair, for a daily covering of the body. From this it became the garb of religious ceremony. The reality of the repentance is further evidenced by the people's sitting in ashes (6).

7. The decree of the king—A national rather than an individual repentance is the only kind a writer of this period could conceive in such a case. The inclusion of the beasts is intended to give a heightened effect to the picture of a people prostrate in sorrowful supplication. This is in keeping with the temper of Orientals, to make every possible outward expression of their sorrow. They believed God would not overlook the sight of their sackcloth and ashes, and their cries and the cries of the neglected cattle. Perchance, when he saw these works (10), he would repent of his harsh purpose. And so he did. But the change was not so much in God as it was in themselves. Just as he had suited his warnings to the moral state in which they were (compare Jer. 18. 5), so now he suits his actions to the moral state indicated by their sorrow for their evil.

Chapter 4, verse 1. It displeased Jonah—He was jealous. It did not set well with the Israelites that God should postpone the doom of the heathen, while the world seemed to wait with groanings for justice. And that they should repent was particularly offensive to them.

2. Tarshish—So far as Israel was concerned, this represented the ends of the earth, for, it was a country in the extreme southwest corner of Spain. Taking ship to Tarshish was a kind of proverb for a long journey. By fleeing to this distant port, Jonah hoped to put forever behind his back the odious commission of God. The magnitude of his sin is measured by the fact that he knew God to be gracious, merciful, slow to anger, and in spite of this knowledge, evaded the duty of making this known to the hated heathen. And now that he saw at length the unfolding of God's abundant loving kindness of God, and his willingness to repent upon condition of the heathen's turning from their evil, he thought it hardly worth while to live (3).

4. Doest thou well to be angry?—Here he gives no answer, for he doubtless is silenced by the sting of the rebuke. But later, he concludes (9) that it is well for him to be exceeding angry, even unto death. He felt that it was right that his prophecy should be absolutely fulfilled, and he could not tolerate any divine forbearance with the foes of his people. In this he was a true type of Israel, for even after the exile they continued to chafe at the prosperity of the Gentiles. In their pride as the chosen of God they nourished a fear that others than themselves might be the objects of the infinite grace.

6. A gourd—Like Elijah, Jonah, thwarted in his purpose, withdrew to a solitary place where he could be alone with his distress. And

there God came to him, as he did to Elijah, in compassion. The gourd was a fruit of a vine that grew very rapidly and spread its broad leaves as a protection from the sun, when planted by such booths as that of Jonah, or near the trellises of houses.

10-11. Thou hast had regard for the gourd—The meaning of this part of the story is clear enough: If Jonah's care for the poor gourd is so great as to excite his pity and even anger when it withers away, shall not God show pity to the thousands of people of Nineveh, especially the helpless little children (these that cannot discern between their right hand and their left), and the innocent cattle? So the closing impression of the book is one of a compassionate heavenly Father who has regard for all the works of his hands.

CHINESE SPORTSMEN.

Fishing With Unbaited Hook—Long Guns for Bird Shooting.

As we passed through the townlet of Houkou on the Nadoo Creek a crowd was on the bank watching the manoeuvres of two fishermen who were reaping a harvest of mussels and winkles. These fishermen were dressed in fowling costume—a cowskin coat and stocking all in one piece, and the hair turned inside, says the North China Mail.

The only apertures in the garment into which the wearers worked their way feet foremost were at the neck and the cuffs, which were securely tied before entering the water, into which the men waded up to their necks. As soon as their feet came into contact with any of the shellfish, which seemed to lie in beds, the fishermen loosened them as well as they could from the muddy bottom of the creek and then brought them up the "take" in a grasp net.

The men were eminently successful during the short time we stopped to watch them and piled up a big catch on the foreshore.

Another sight which interested us was a novel way of fishing. Two small boats were moving parallel with one another about thirty feet apart. The ends of a line about sixty feet long to which small, unbaited hooks were attached about four inches apart to two sticks were held respectively by a man in each boat. As the boats moved slowly along, first one man and then the other would give his stick a jerk. Immediately that the hooks struck anything the line was gradually hauled in and invariably with success. We certainly saw fish struck four out of five times, many of them running apparently from a half pound to two or more pounds. It may be that China is the only place in the world where fish are caught with unbaited hooks.

The third incident we witnessed occurred at the well known Shaps, or, lower barrier. A native shoot-or-had his ginsal with him—a most uncanny looking weapon. That there should be no question as to its length, it was placed upright alongside myself and towered above my head two feet two inches (measured), which would make the piece of ordnance over eight feet in length. We foreigners sometimes growl at the 6 1-2 to 7 1-2 pounds our guns usually weigh. Fancy having to carry a twenty-four pounder which was what this man did all day long and for every day in the week.

He was accompanied by a small, weird looking animal, a most unrepresentable little work, on whom he laid great store. Curiosity impelled us to look at man and dog at work, and what we saw made such an impression upon us that we thought some little record of it might interest others.

A hen pheasant happened to drop into a furrowed field at feeding time. The native took her bearings, crept up as closely as he safely could, deposited his gun on a bit of higher ground and kept it trained on the bird. Meantime the dog lay down across the barrel of the gun as a screen for his master. The psychological moment had arrived, the gun was fired, the bird was killed upon the ground and the dog remained on the barrel until his master took the gun up to reload it.

VICTORY.

"I am truly sorry to give you pain, Mr. Hankinson," said the young lady, "but please do not allude to this subject again. I can never be your wife."

"That is your final answer, Miss Irene?"

"It is."

"Nothing can induce you to change your decision?"

"My mind is finally and unalterably made up."

"Miss Irene," said the young man, rising and looking about for his hat, "before coming here this evening I made a bet of five dollars with Perkins that you would say 'No!' to my proposal. I have won. It was taking a risk, but I was dead broke. Miss Irene," he continued, his voice quivering with emotion, "you have saved a despairing man from the fate of a suicide, and won the life-long respect and esteem of a grateful heart. Good-evening."

WHERE THE SEA IS DEEPEST.

One Place in the North Pacific Has 31,099 Feet of Water.

The ocean has been sounded in nearly all directions with modern appliances and these soundings show that the floor of the ocean consists of vast undulating plains lying at an average depth of about two and a half miles beneath the surface of the waves. In some places huge ridges and cones rise from these submerged plains to within a few hundred fathoms of the sea surface, or they may rise above the surface as volcanic islands and coral atolls.

The greatest depth hitherto recorded is in the Challenger (or Nero) Deep in the North Pacific—5,269 fathoms. If Mount Everest were placed in this deep 2,000 feet of water would roll over the peak of this, the highest mountain in the world.

The greatest depth in the Atlantic is in the Nares Deep between the West Indies and Bermuda—4,662 fathoms. The greatest depth in the Indian Ocean is 3,823 fathoms, in the Wharton Deep, between Christmas Island and the coast of Java. We have now fifty-six of these deeps where the depth exceeds three geographical miles, ten areas where the depth exceeds four miles and four places where it exceeds five miles.

The sea is saltiest where strong winds blow across the surface, as for instance, in the trade wind regions and in the Mediterranean and the Red Sea. It is less salt, says Harper's Magazine, toward the poles and in the deeper layers of the ocean. It has long been known that the very salt water of the Mediterranean flows as an undercurrent outward through the Strait of Gibraltar and thus affects the salinity of the deeper waters of the Atlantic over a wide area.

Although the amount of salt in sea water varies the composition of sea salts remains very constant; slight differences have, however, been noticed along the continental coasts, in the polar regions and in the water in direct contact with deep sea deposits.

The temperature of ocean water varies at the surface from 28 degrees Fahrenheit at the poles to over 80 degrees Fahrenheit in the tropics. The cold water toward the poles has an annual variation of less than ten degrees Fahrenheit at any one spot and the warm water of the tropics also an annual variation of less than ten degrees Fahrenheit in a band that nearly encircles the earth; this is the region of coral reefs and atolls. Between these regions of small annual variation there are two bands surrounding the earth where the annual variation is greater and may exceed in certain regions 40 degrees Fahrenheit at any one spot.

GOOD THINGS TO EAT.

Novel Combination of Fresh Mushrooms With Sausages.

"Have you ever tried broiled sausages with mushrooms?" asks a correspondent of the Epicure. "As a matter of fact the sausages are not broiled at all, but the smallest of breakfast sausages are laid in a sizzling hot frying pan and then cooked brown on one side, then turned and taken out to drain on paper when sufficiently cooked."

"Some fresh mushrooms that have been peeled are then set cooking in the sausage fat, and are served with the sausages on slices of toast which have been buttered. For a change add a few slices of bacon to the dish of sausages before cooking the mushrooms."

"A certain egg dish that was invented in a Latin Quarter studio in Paris is delicious. Butter some little earthen dishes such as are used for shirred eggs and break one or two eggs into each. Sprinkle with salt and pepper, grate on a liberal quantity of dry Gruyere cheese and add some bits of butter, pour over cream to cover and bake in a hot oven until the eggs are set."

"For another dish: Put a sweet Mexican pepper or Pimento morrones—the tinned variety—in the bottom of a custard cup or earthen egg cup, break in a fresh egg, add salt, pepper and butter, and bake until the egg is sufficiently cooked. Serve with fingers of crisp buttered toast."

HE KNEW A THING.

Irritable Father—"Want to marry my daughter, hey? I suppose she thinks I am idiot enough to take such a young man as you are into my family, does she?"

Young Man—"No, sir. She didn't think it would be of any use for me to ask you. She said you were so cross and so contrary you would order me out of your office the moment I spoke to you about it."

Irritable Father—"Oh, she said that, did she? Well I'll show that impudent young thing she doesn't know what she is talking about. You can have her, sir, any day you please!"

Practice is the best of all instructions.

All the world's a stage, and all the men and women want to be stars.

Our Popular Spring Shoes Speak For Themselves

And the people who are admirers of stylish shoes need not look further than our stock to find out what they want. We are now showing

Ladies' Gun Metal Button and Lace Boots from \$3.00 up
Ladies' Patent Colt Blucher, also shown in Buttons, latest in style, very neat and good, from \$3.00 to \$4.50
Ladies' Tan Calf Blucher and Button styles—good walking shoes, from \$2.00 to \$4.00
Ladies' Patent Pumps and Slippers, in all leading styles from \$2.00 up
Men's Patent Colt Boots, from \$3.50 to \$5.00

We are sole agents for GEO. A. SLATER INVICTUS Boots, also have the MOTHER HUBBARD and WESTON Shoes for Children.

See our Men's Heavy Tan and Coarse Boots, absolutely waterproof.
Call and see our complete lines of Hosiery for Women and Children. All sizes and prices. A pleasure to show goods at

**GEO. E. REYNOLDS,
SHOE KING**

Decorate Your Home This Spring

Our Wall Paper department for this season comprises a world of new ideas in paper hangings. All the latest effects in combination decorations, cut out borders and panels, artistic designs and striking beauty of colorings—things you can not find at any other store as they are all novelties that are exclusive to us. You will find here a showing of beautiful wall decorations that will make choosing easy.

Let us do your decorating and you will get up-to-the-minute styles at the price of old fashioned ideas.

S. A. MURPHY

Wall Papers, Mouldings, Paints, Varnishes and Brushes.

THE YEAR 1910

Was one of pronounced success for the

MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA

The amount of new business written was \$9,250,000, being an increase of \$1,125,000 over the previous year. The general results for the year show:

- A decrease in death losses.
- An increase in the rate of interest earned on investments, and
- A low expense rate.

These factors ensure satisfactory dividends for the Company's policy-holders.

BURROWS, of Belleville.

Agents Wanted.

General Agent.

Procrastination

The wisdom of prompt action was lately demonstrated in rather a pathetic way. Two sisters had listened to an address directing attention to the Canadian Government Annuities system as an opportunity of safe investment to people of small means, and with the result that both resolved to take advantage of it immediately. Each had the sum of \$2,000 invested in the stock of a certain bank. The younger sister, aged 65, did not delay, but at once sold her stock and made the purchase, and is now in receipt of an income of over \$50 quarterly, the first instalment of which was paid to her three months after the purchase had been made. This gives her for life an income equal to 10% on the amount invested. The elder sister intended to follow her example, but unfortunately, on the advice of Mr. Knowall, put off doing so until it was too late. The bank failed and her savings of a life time were swept away as in the twinkling of an eye. But not only was her \$2,000 lost, but she became indebted to the bank under the double liability clause in the sum of \$2,000. Had she invested the amount as did her sister in the purchase of an Annuity she would have had an income, no matter how long she lived of \$225 a year.

Further information may be obtained on application to your Postmaster, or to the Superintendent of Government Annuities, Ottawa, to whom all letters go free of postage.

Garnet Murphy, while rolling land on his father's farm, near Picton, was thrown from his seat when the team ran away, and the roller passed over his body. His ribs were crushed and broken and he was internally injured. His recovery is doubtful.

Your tongue is coated.
Your breath is foul.
Headaches come and go.
These symptoms show that your stomach is the trouble. To remove the cause is the first thing, and Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will do that. Easy to take and most effective. Sold by all dealers.

At the Peterboro Assizes last week, life imprisonment in the penitentiary was the sentence pronounced upon Hugh Delme of Belmont township, charged with the murder of his wife, Mr. Justice Teetzel, in pronouncing the sentence, told the prisoner that his conduct as proved in court was "the most disgusting thing that ever came before the courts of this country." Delme was not apparently affected by his sentence, and walked jauntily out of the court room.

The richest farming in the world is fox-farming—black fox farming. It is real gold mining. On Prince Edward Island the business of breeding black foxes has been carried on for a generation. Frank Duchmeyer, our consul at Charlottetown, says that \$2,300 has been paid to a breeder for a single black fox skin; the prices for ordinary pelts run from \$300 to \$500 each. Some fox farmers have been able to pay off a farm mortgage by the sale of a pure black fox skin.—New York Press.

Laid Up Five Years

Until Half a Bottle of Father Morrissey's Liniment Cured His Shoulder.

Mr. Jos. J. Roy, a prominent tinsmith of Bathurst, N.B., July 16, 1909:

"I cannot tell this opportunity pass without letting you know what benefit I received from your Liniment. For five years I had a sore shoulder, which prevented me from working or from sleeping at night. I had tried everything possible and still could find no relief, until I was advised to try a bottle of your Liniment, which I purchased without delay. I only used one half of the bottle when I was completely cured, and now I feel as if I never had a sore shoulder. I would advise anyone suffering from Rheumatic pains to give your Liniment a trial, for I cannot praise it too highly."

A liniment that will do that is the liniment you want. It is equally good for sore throat or chest, backache, toothache, earache, sprains, sore muscles, cuts, bruises, burns, frost-bites, chapped hands or chilblains. Rub it in, and the Collector—At the pawnbroker's—London M. A. P.

DINNER EPISODES.

Odd Happenings That Helped to Spice the Meals.

THE WORM THAT DIDN'T TURN

It Spoiled a Funny Story For a Woman Whose Pet Horror Is Anything That Whiggles—A Distracted Scientist and a Gastronomic Calamity.

At a dinner party one night my host and I were in the midst of an interesting conversation when I noticed a movement in the lace centerpiece which lay under a pot of growing tulips. The lace was pushed aside, and straight toward me wriggled a fat red earthworm. If I have a pet horror it is for anything that writhes. My host was nearing the point of a funny story when I caught sight of that strange intruder on a dining table. He reached the end of the story and laughed. I believe I laughed, but to this day I cannot tell what that story was about. I sat watching the gymnastics of that lively specimen of fish bait. In forty seconds it was due to tumble into my lap. There was no walter near. The reptile was hidden from my host by a soup plate. The man at my right was absorbed in conversation with a woman beside him. The worm had almost reached the edge of the table when I had an inspiration. I turned a red wingless upside down, for the waiter was approaching with a napkin wrapped bottle.

"Have you turned White Ribbon?" asked my host.

"For tonight I have." Where my voice came from I do not know; neither do I know how I ever sat out that meal listening to a host who tried his level best to entertain a dull guest and watching a frantic fishworm try to break its way out of jail. Somehow growing plants on the dining table have gone out of favor in our house.

A dear distracted old scientist I know keeps his wife on the anxious seat every moment when they dine out. She is prepared for any ridiculous thing he will do. No one ever possessed finer breeding or gentler manners than the good old professor, but his fits of abstraction are likely to descend on him at any moment. His wife tells of one notable experience.

"One night," she says, "I lectured John all the way home from a dinner. I was trying to make him understand that potato shells were intended to be eaten. If it had been a caterer's meal I should have thought nothing about it, but our hostess was a fine cook, and she had just announced proudly that we were having some of her own puff paste. Everybody ate the pates except John. With the greatest care he scooped out the creamed chicken and left the shell. He was horribly distressed over it. 'If I had only known, my dear,' he said, 'that the thing was intended to be eaten, that it was really food and she made it, I should have shown my appreciation.'"

"Remember it next time, then," I said.

"A week later at another dinner John was seated opposite me. I glanced at him curiously after the dessert came on, for he seemed to be in the throes of a choking fit. Imagine, if you can, my horror. He was trying to masticate the paper case of a charlotte russe. There was only one thing I could do—call him to order as one would have done a child. I could not sit by calmly and watch him choke to death. Dinners are frequent stupid affairs, but that one was not after I had explained the situation to a tableful of people. Fortunately John is so brilliant that his absentmindedness is considered a natural adjunct to genius."

"My husband," said one woman, "is the funny man at a party when the mood happens to seize him. One night after playing bridge we filed out to the dining room, where we were seated about the table for supper. From the corner where my husband sat came gales of laughter. He had turned confuser and was making everything disappear, from salt spoons to a water decanter. When things were found it was in the most remarkable places."

"A week later while searching his clothes for soiled handkerchiefs—that is a regulation Monday morning task in our house—I heard something rattling in his dress coat. From an inside pocket I drew two silver forks, three teaspoons and a salt spoon. They were marked with various initials. None of the stuff came from our sideboard. My husband was out of town, and I spent a few perplexed hours. An idea suddenly dawned on me. I wrapped up the silver, put on my hat and went straight to the hostess of our last card party. "Thank goodness," I cried. "I have nearly had a nervous prostration over the loss of these things. Servants have been suspected. I hired a man to go over the garbage dump, and the whole house has been turned upside down in our search. If it had been my own silver it would not have been so bad, but it was borrowed, and I could not duplicate it anywhere in town. Wait till I see that husband of yours!"

"The story got out, and sometimes a hostess in facetious mood insists on counting her silver before my better half goes home."—Isabel Gordon Curtis in New York Tribune.

No Stop.

Ticket Collector—We don't stop here, sir. Montague Swank (who has just given up a ticket—Stop where? Ticket Collector—At the pawnbroker's—London M. A. P.

CARE FREE CONVICTS.

Jail Life in Montenegro a Cheerful Sort of Existence.

Cetinje, the capital of Montenegro, possesses the most remarkable prison system in the world. The jail presents little to indicate that it is a place of confinement. There are no outer prison walls, and in the cells the men—about ten in each—are as contentedly and comfortably housed as their own personal domestic belongings can make them. Moreover, they are generously fed, and cigarettes without stint, wine occasionally and no work at all combine to check any desire to escape more effectively than would strong walls, iron bars and an army of warders. When W. J. Stillman was in that country in the seventies all the free men were away fighting, and he observed how when a messenger was wanted the official took a man out of the prison and sent him off, having no fear that he would not return. One such messenger was sent to Cattaro, in Austrian territory, with 2,000 florins for the bank and duly came back. Another asked a Russian at Cattaro to intercede with Prince Nicholas for his release from prison. "But you are not in prison," said the Russian.

"Oh," said the man, "I have only come down for a load of skins for So-and-so, but I must go into prison again when I get back to Cetinje." One guard watched all the prisoners when they entered themselves out of doors, and if he were called away a prisoner would take his rifle and do duty for the time.—London Mail.

GRISTLE BREAD.

A Favorite in Norway and in Parts of Germany.

"What is gristle bread? Why, that," said a baker, "is a kind of bread that is peculiar to Norway and to some parts of Germany. In Norway it has been made for many years, and here there are bakeries in which it is made for Norwegian patrons who still prefer it wherever they may be."

"In making gristle bread the leaves when first formed up from the dough are laid on boards and put through an extra heated oven in which there is baked on them an outer crust or skin, the gristle. Then the leaves are turned over and put through the oven again, so that the gristle may be baked all over them. This quick oven makes only that outer crust on the leaves, which are then placed in another oven for their final complete baking."

"Originally in Norway gristle bread was made of rye flour only. In this country there was a demand for a handsomer and larger loaf, and wheat flour was mixed with the rye, as has now to some extent come to be the custom in Norway also. Here the proportions now used are about half and half, the result being a bigger loaf of the same weight as one of all rye."

"Gristle bread costs more than ordinary bread because of the greater time and labor required in making it."—New York Sun.

His Equivocal Answer.

The blushing girl buttonholed her flushed fiancé.

"Well, Egbert," she murmured, "did papa give his consent?"

Egbert drew himself up stiffly.

"He did not commit himself either way," he responded.

"Then are we or aren't we engaged, Egby?"

"I do not know," answered Egby, still stiffly.

"But what happened?"

"This," said Egby more stiffly than ever. "I went in and said: 'Sir, I wish to marry your daughter. Have I your consent?' He turned and looked at me a minute, then he grew red in the face, then he grabbed me, then he lifted me up, then he threw me over the banisters. But whether he is in favor of our engagement or not, Ethelbrite, he did not say."

Beginning of the Drama.

The theater in the only sense that is worth considering was born in Athens. Both tragedy and comedy spring from feasts in honor of Bacchus, and as the feasts and frolics were found to be out of place when introduced into graver scenes a separate province—the true drama—was formed and comedy rose. The father of the Greek comedy was Aristophanes, who had lots of fun lampooning the public men of Athens. The creator of Greek tragedy was Aeschylus, born B. C. 525. In sublimity Aeschylus has never been surpassed. He is to the drama what Phidias and Michelangelo are to art.—New York American.

The Irony of Fate.

"What is your understanding of the irony of fate?" asked the bashful young man.

"Well," the beautiful girl replied, "if two fellows should fight over me and I shouldn't get into the papers I should think that was about it."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Similarity.

The doctor told little Mary she was anaemic because she was so white. A few days after she exclaimed:

"Oh, mamma, come here and look at this anaemic horse! He's just as white as he can be!"—Judge.

Quarrelsome.

Polly—I never knew such a quarrelsome girl as Molly. Dolly—That's right. Half the time she isn't on speaking terms with her own conscience.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Fair Supposition.

The Lady—And is your father working, my little man? The Little Man—I hope so, mum. The Judge said "ard labor."—London Telegraph.

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WHITE DEER SKINS.

They Passed About as Banknotes at One Time in China.

In China, the first currency in the world credited with using banknotes, certain skins were so valuable that they were accepted as cash and passed from hand to hand in the same way as banknotes are at the present day. The negotiability of these skins arose thus:

The Emperor On Ti, being in want of money, gave his treasurer to understand that such a state of affairs must not continue. At that time it was customary for princes and courtiers on entering the royal presence to cover their faces with a piece of skin. Taking advantage of this custom, the treasurer ordered a decree to be issued forbidding the use of any other skins for this purpose except those of a certain white deer in the royal parks. Immediately there was a demand for pieces of these skins, which, being a monopoly, were sold at a high price and the royal coffers refilled. The steady value of the skins thus secured made them readily pass and acceptable as an equivalent of coin of the realm.

In the Russian seal fisheries of Alaska the workmen were formerly paid in the currency stamped on squares of walrus hide.—London TIT-Bits.

A Stenographer's Stumble.

A judge in one of our middle west states advertised for a stenographer with experience in legal work. A number of applicants called at his office for the purpose of making application for the position. Each applicant was given a trial to test her speed, accuracy, etc. Among the applicants was a young lady whose anxiety to make a good showing evidently unnerved her. The judge dictated to her a few sentences in legal language, one of which was, "That would give him time to complete the devastation of the assets." The sentence as transcribed by the young lady on the typewriter read as follows: "That would give him time to complete the devil's station with a hatchet." Although much amused at her ludicrous blunder, the judge permitted her to go away without telling her of her mistake.—Case and Comment.

Madrid's Fearful Climate.

Madrid is afflicted with the most changeable climate of any European capital. The temperature varies from as much as 107 degrees in the summer to as little as 10 degrees in the winter, and at all seasons of the year it indulges in violent fluctuations. It is by no means uncommon in December to wake up with the thermometer registering about 20 degrees and to find it mount to more than 60 degrees by the afternoon. Some years ago an oscillation of 37 degrees was registered in one day. No wonder, therefore, that lung troubles are far more prevalent in Madrid than in St. Petersburg.—London Chronicle.

How Music Affected Boswell.

Boswell had a good deal more feeling for music than Dr. Johnson and suffered at his master's hands. Once in a moment of expansiveness he told Johnson that music "affected him" to such a degree as to agitate his nerves most painfully, producing alternative sensations of pathetic dejection, so that he was ready to shed tears, and of daring resolution, so that he was inclined to rush into the thickest of the battle.

"Sir," replied Johnson, "I should never hear it at all if it made me such a fool."

A Human Tendency.

"You approve of economy, don't you?"

"Yes," replied Senator Sorghum;

"only too many of us are apt to economize on the cigars we smoke our friends instead of those we smoke ourselves."—Washington Star.

The Influence of the Trees.

When we plant a tree we are doing what we can to make our planet a more wholesome and happier dwelling place for those who come after us, if not for ourselves.—Oliver Wendell Holmes.

If there were no pride in our hearts we should not complain of the pride of others.

Business and Pleasure.

The man who makes his business a pleasure is likely to live a good deal longer and get a good deal further than the man who makes his pleasure a business.—Chicago Record-Herald.



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